LAST EDITION.

Uniformed Boys
will hasten to you when you pull the Red Call Box. They will take your Want Ad to the Post-Dispatch office
Without Extra Charge.
Ten Cents for Fourteen Words.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

LAST EDITION.

2200 Home-Finders
2200 Red Call Boxes in St. Louis can be used to find
Room, House or Board
for you thorough the Post-Dispatch
Ten Cents for 14 Words.

VOL. 46, NO. 189. FRIDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—FEBRUARY 15, 1895.—TEN PAGES. PRICE: 1 CENT.

GOT THE BOOKS

Office of the A. P. A. Organ Raided by Robbers.

Three Employes Overpowered and Bound With Towels.

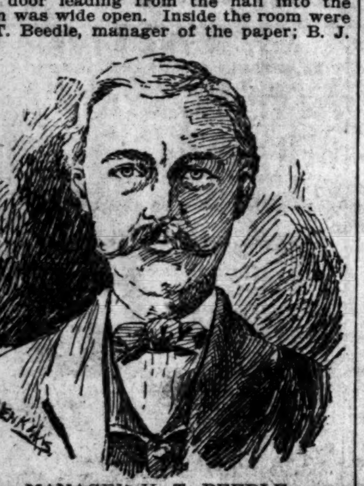
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS OF THE TRUE AMERICAN WERE SECURED.

All of the Robbers Were Armed With Revolvers—The Weapons Pressed to the Heads of the Scared Employes—Thought to Be a Political Move.

Three men stuck their heads out of a window on the third floor of the Allen Building at 1 o'clock this morning, and shouted "help, police, murder!"

The Allen Building is on the northwest corner of Broadway and Market street, and the lusty cries of the three men created a lot of excitement. Men in the street caught up the cry and shouted till the police came. Two officers hurried to the scene and ran up the stairways of the building to the room from which the cries for help came.

The apartment was found to be room 16, office and composing room of the True American, an A. P. A. weekly publication. The door leading from the hall into the room was wide open. Inside the room were H. T. Beedle, manager of the paper; B. J.



MANAGER H. T. BEEDLE.

Herbert, book-keeper, and A. H. Guessel, foreman of the composing room. These three men were clad only in their night clothes and appeared to be greatly excited.

In answer to hurried questions as to the cause of the alarm, they said their office had just been broken into by three midnight burglars, who, after covering them with guns, bound them so they couldn't resist and then robbed the office of the subscription books of the paper. The robbers had escaped. Owing to the darkness of the room the three men claimed to have been unable to describe the robbers.

MIDNIGHT ROBBERS.

This is the way Mr. Herbert described what took place:

"It has been the custom of Mr. Beedle, Guessel and myself to sleep in the office nights ever since we moved in here about six weeks ago. Beedle and myself slept on cots in the office while Guessel occupied a cot in the composing room. Shortly after 1 o'clock a. m. we were all awakened by a peculiar scraping noise at the door. Mr. Beedle started up in bed and found the door leading into the hall wide open. The transom over the door was also swung wide open, which was not the case when we went to bed.

"As Mr. Beedle started up, three men who had been standing in the doorway rushed back into the hall, but before any of us could get out of bed, they ran back into the room and commanded us to lie still if we valued our lives. All three of the men held revolvers in their hands.

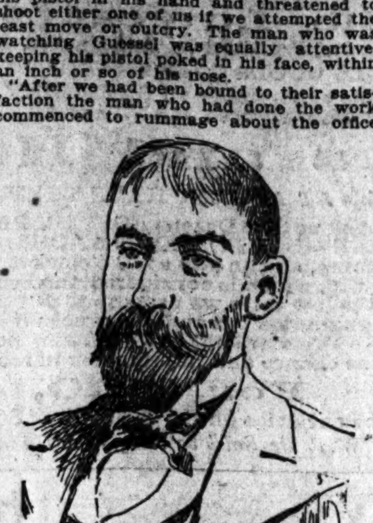
"One of the men sat down on the cot occupied by Beedle, and, poking the gun into his face, ordered him not to move. Another of the men covered me, while the third passed into the composing-room to take care of Guessel. The latter had realized what was going on and had just grabbed an iron bar with which to defend himself when the man entered the room. Covering Guessel with his pistol, the intruder ordered him to throw up his hands and get back into bed, which command Guessel lost no time in obeying.

BOUND THEIR ARMS.

"The man who was guarding me then picked up three towels which were hanging on the wall, with which he securely tied our hands together. During this operation the men informed us that if we remained perfectly quiet we would not be harmed. 'This is a matter of business with us,' said one of them, 'we are paid to do it and we are going to carry it through. It is simply a case of burglary. We want the books of this concern and are going to have them.'

"Then they started in to tie our feet and gag us, but upon our promising to keep quiet, they concluded to forego those extra precautions. The binding of our hands was all done by the man who at first had confined his attention to me. By the dim light in the room I could only get an indistinct look at his features. He appeared to be about 30 years old and had a dark mustache. While he was tying our hands the man who still remained sitting on Beedle's cot held his pistol in his hand and threatened to shoot either one of us if we attempted the least move or outcry. The man who was watching Guessel was equally attentive, keeping his pistol poked in his face, within an inch or so of his nose.

"After we had been bound to their satisfaction the man who had done the work commenced to rummage about the office



BOOKKEEPER B. J. HERBERT.

for the subscription books. He did not have much trouble in finding them, as they were lying in plain view on top of the manager's desk. There were two of these books, which contained about 6,000 names. He took those and also two other books containing private accounts, etc., and giving the latter to the man who had been watching Guessel, the two ran out of the room and down the stairs.

THE ESCAPE.

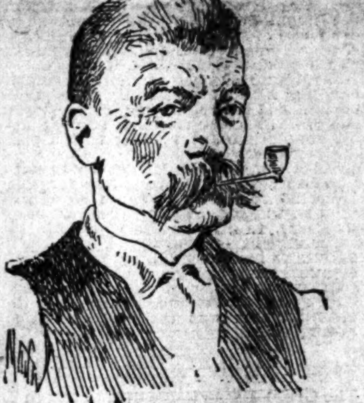
"The man who had been watching Beedle and myself then stepped to the door of the composing-room, where he could keep an eye on Guessel as well as ourselves, and with his pistol still in his hand ordered us to remain quiet. After waiting long enough for his confederates to make their escape, he backed out of the room, and, slamming the door shut, turned and dashed down the stairway into the street.

"I at once jumped from the bed and running to the window threw it open and shouted for help. I think all the men engaged in the robbery were about 30 or 35 years old, but none of us got a good enough look at them to be able to give an accurate description of them or to recognize them again."

The door leading into the apartment from the hall is furnished with a spring lock, and it is thought that the entrance to the room was effected by means of a skeleton key or else by climbing through the transom. Nothing about the lock or door showed signs of any violence.

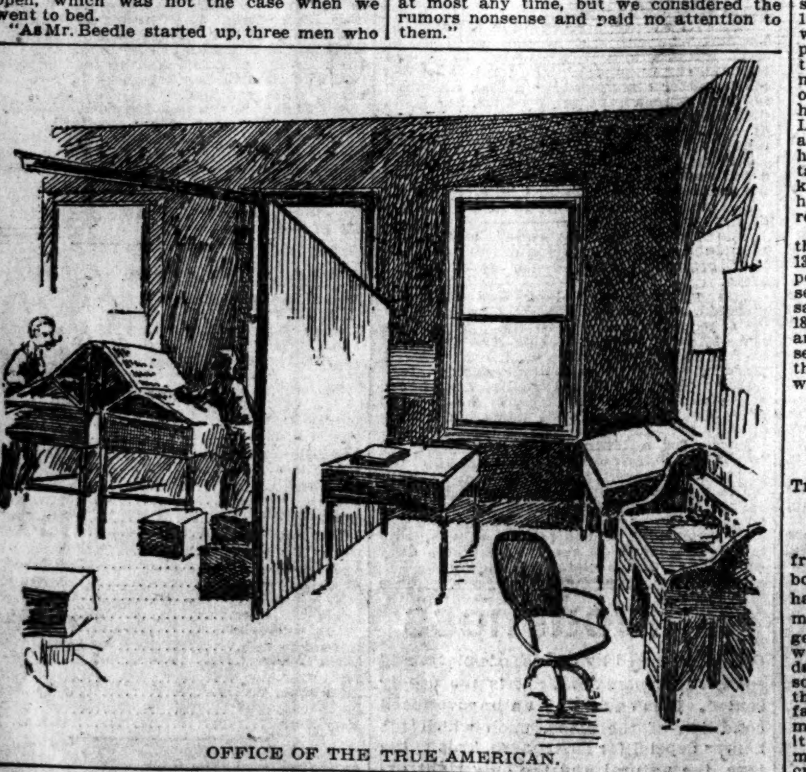
Mr. Herbert stated that in his opinion the men had been hired to steal the books by the agents of some political party, who thought to find the names of some proposed candidates for office in the lists of subscribers to the paper.

"We have been warned a number of times lately," said Mr. Herbert, "by friends that such a robbery was liable to be attempted



FOREMAN A. H. GOESSEL.

at most any time, but we considered the rumors nonsense and paid no attention to them."



OFFICE OF THE TRUE AMERICAN.

MORE THAN A CENTURY.

DEATH OF AUNT FANNIE STRATTON AT THE AGE OF 112.

GALLATIN, Tenn., Feb. 15.—Although Sumner County people are noted for their longevity, the list of centenarians was exhausted last night in the death of Fannie Stratton, colored, who from the best evidences was believed to have been 112 years of age. Aunt Fannie was born in Virginia and came to this country with her master when she was 15 years old, riding all the way on horseback. She remembered the war of 1812 and knew Old Hickory intimately. She did all her washing and housekeeping up to two years ago.

One act of Aunt Fannie is worthy of mention. When the Civil War broke out her master, E. T. Craig, accompanied by his wife, went South, and during their absence this old slave remained at home with Mrs. Craig's three children, whom she clothed, fed and sent to school. She was truthful, reliable and honest in all dealings. To the last she was as erect as an Indian, and possessed a good mind. She leaves a husband, who has reached his ninety-fifth year, but is very decrepit.

AFRAID TO DIE

Phillip Martin Was Carried to the Scaffold.

He Shrieks and Groans Through Dread of Death.

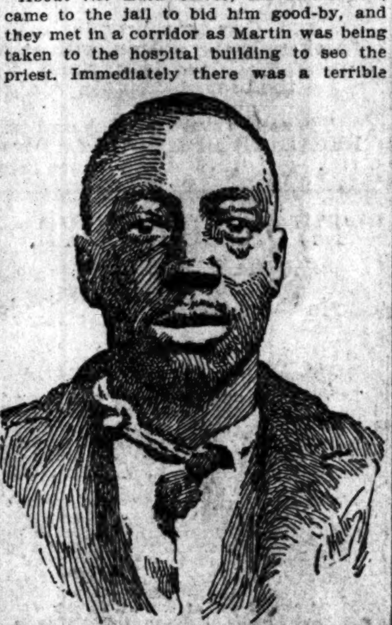
"WE WILL MARRY IN HEAVEN," SAYS HIS SWEETHEART.

The Murderer Was Hanged at Kansas City This Morning for Killing Eli Stillwell, and He Was Legally Strangled in Eight Minutes.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—Philip Martin, the murderer of Eli Stillwell, had to be carried to the scaffold this morning and from the time he awoke at 6:30 o'clock he moaned and shrieked almost continually through fear and dread of his coming death.

About 7:30 Lulu Oliver, his sweetheart, came to the jail to bid him good-by, and they met in a corridor as Martin was being taken to the hospital building to see the priest. Immediately there was a terrible



PHILIP MARTIN.

scene. Both screamed and the prisoners in the jail joined in. The crowd outside, held back by Deputy Marshals, heard the noise. Martin almost went into convulsions. As he was led away, his sweetheart called after him: "Cheer up, Phil; we will marry in heaven."

Mrs. Martin, the boy's mother, next arrived. She grew hysterical and had to be removed. Martin's cell is on the tier occupied by the women, and one and all joined in the clamor and the crying.

At 8 o'clock Fr. Glennon arrived and baptized the murderer. A few minutes after 9 o'clock the march to the scaffold began. Martin repated the prayers of the priest, word for word, murmuring between words, "God have mercy," and then received the last sacrament. At 9:15 the trap was sprung and in eight minutes he was pronounced dead. The body was turned over to his mother, and services were held in a colored church at Tenth and Campbell streets.

Phil Martin, then a bell boy at the Midland hotel, and a negro companion named Lyle were walking together on East Eighteenth street near Harrison on the night of July 4, 1893. They were met by Eli Stilwell, who was intoxicated and jostled against them in passing. Angry words passed between the two negroes and Stilwell, who was a white man. In the semi-darkness Martin whipped out a knife and stabbed Stilwell in the heart. Martin and Lyle were arrested. Lyle was tried and acquitted. It was shown at the trial of Martin that he had boasted of having killed Stilwell. Martin has maintained since his arrest that it was Lyle who killed Stilwell. He was sentenced to be hanged last December, but was given a respite by Gov. Stone.

Martin's name is recorded many times in the criminal records of Kansas City. June 13, 1890, he was sentenced to ten days for petty larceny. Sept. 10, following, he was sentenced to jail for burglary. His age saved him from the penitentiary. Sept. 1, 1891, he was again sentenced for burglary, and Feb. 16, 1893, he was given another jail sentence. July 6, 1893, he was arrested for the murder of Eli Stillwell, the crime for which he was hanged to-day.

TWO WRECKS AT ONCE.

Trains Telescope and Crash, and One Man Will Die.

RHINE CLIFFE, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The freight train known as the Troy Pickup, bound north, parted about a mile and a half north of Rhine Cliffe at 3 o'clock this morning. The divided parts came together and five cars were telescoped. The wreck blocked the down track before a danger signal could be displayed, and the south-bound fast mail ran into the wreck, the engine and three express cars of the fast train jumping the track. The locomotive went into the river, taking with it Engineer James D. Donohue and Fireman Green. They were extricated by the crew of the train.

Engineer Donohue is badly scalded about the chest, has severe spinal injuries and is suffering so much from shock that he cannot recover. Green will get well.

SWEET BELLS JANGLED.

NO CHIMES, SAYS CHARITY, IF DANCING BE ALLOWED.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Feb. 15.—For a number of weeks past Prof. Arthur Chase has been drilling the local operatic talent for the presentation of "The Chimes of Normandy" for the benefit of charity. Last evening the Charity Union met to discuss plans for selling tickets. In the course of the meeting it came out that there was to be dancing in the opera. About half of the Union then and there refused to have anything to do with the entertainment unless the dancing was cut out. This Mr. Chase refused to agree to, and to avoid a squabble the President of the Charity Union said the organization would not undertake the entertainment. The opera will be given for the benefit of the poor and the funds turned over to a committee of responsible citizens for distribution. There are sixty participants in the opera, comprising the best young people of the city.

FOR THE EX-CZAR.

Albany Legislators Want a Stout Reed to Lean Upon.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A morning paper to-day says the recent visit of Gov. McKinley of Ohio to Albany has given fresh impetus to gossip with regard to the next Republican presidential candidate. The air at Albany is heavily charged with political surmise and conjecture, and legislators are discussing with great earnestness the claims and chances of the Republican leaders. Especial interest will therefore be taken in the following poll of the New York Legislature, which has been made by a correspondent at the capital:

Candidate.	Senate.	As'mbly.	To.
Reed	8	27	35
McKinley	1	14	15
Harrison	0	4	4
Morton	1	3	4
Lincoln	0	2	2
Choate	0	1	1
Tracy	1	0	1
Saxton	1	0	1
Either Reed or McKinley	0	10	10
Either Harrison, Reed or Mckinley	0	7	7
Noncommittal	4	34	38
Total	16	102	118

MOUNT VERNON BARRACKS.

Geronimo's Place of Exile May Be Given to Alabama.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—The Military Affairs Committee of the House has reported a bill granting the Mount Vernon Barracks Military Reservation to the State of Alabama for public purposes. This reservation is about twenty-eight miles northeast of Mobile, embraces about 1,600 acres of sterile land, which supports a sparse growth of timber and is of very little value. Alabama's Legislature has asked the cession of this property, and the committee unanimously recommends that this be done. For several years the Apache Indian prisoners of war were confined at the Mount Vernon Barracks, but they were removed last fall, and in November the garrison was withdrawn and the post permanently abandoned.

BY A BLIZZARD.

Sheep and Shepherds Perish Quickly in a Storm.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 15.—News has reached here of the total extermination of a band of 2,500 sheep belonging to Helena men and the death of Eugene Watts, one of the herders, in a blizzard near Oklahoma a few days ago. The weather had been warmer in the afternoon and the blizzard struck them without ten minutes' warning. Watts was near a shed, and if he had had ten minutes' notice he could have been saved by the other herders.

COLDEST IN 43 YEARS.

Weather in Texas for Two Weeks All but Beats the Record.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 15.—The weather the past two weeks has been the coldest known in Texas in forty-three years. Very little plowing has been done and not a seed has been sown.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and Colder To-Night—Fair, With Rising Temperature, To-Morrow.

St. Louis and vicinity—Fair and slightly colder Friday night. Fair Saturday with rising temperature.

Illinois and Missouri—Fair and slightly colder to-night. Fair and warmer Saturday.

Cold weather with abnormally high pressure continues west of the Alleghany Mountains. The line of zero temperature extends into Texas, with the center of high pressure in Colorado.

In Alberta, however, the barometer has fallen greatly and the temperature risen during the past twenty-four hours, thus giving some promise of warmer weather in this vicinity within the next two or three days. There have been light local snows in the Central Valleys and the West, while the heavy snow has continued on the West Gulf Coast. During the past twenty-four hours ten inches of snow have fallen at Galveston and eight inches at New Orleans.

Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Arkansas—Fair; cooler Saturday morning; northerly winds.

Indians Will Take the Keeley Cure.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Feb. 14.—A band of full-blooded Osage Indians passed through here last night, most of them being on their way to Kansas City to take the Keeley cure.

WHITE SLAVE.

Why Mrs. Achey Fired Five Bullets at Finkman.

The Man and His Brother Had Persecuted Her to Madness.

EMANUEL FINKMAN CAUSED HER TO SEPARATE FROM HER HUSBAND.

Forced to Lead a Life of Shame and Give Her Earnings to the Man She Loved—When She Wanted to Be Good They Beat and Robbed Her.

"You will have me arrested, will you? You will have me put in jail! Well, I'll fix you," and the threat was followed by a string of epithets.

With this, Peter Finkman, a lunch stand keeper, at the corner of Eighth and Morgan streets, advanced, knife in hand, upon Mrs. Mary Achey, who was standing at the southwest corner of the two streets.

"Keep away from me, Pete; I know you and don't want to have any trouble with you. I am afraid of you," exclaimed the woman, and she shrank from the man advancing upon her.

The streets were crowded with people going home from the labors of the day, and the loud words, the woman's white, frightened face, in contrast to the expression of hatred and violence upon that of the man advancing towards her, attracted the attention of the passing throng.

Finkman was within ten feet of her when another voice was heard.

"Here, take this and use it on him," said a man, standing near the woman, and she felt something cold slipped into her hand.

It was a revolver.

Finkman advanced another step and two explosions in quick succession were heard, and he saw a smoking pistol pointed in his face. Scarcely had his brain had time to take in the situation ere his legs were brought into action and he fled south on Eighth street.

The woman, excited and trembling, scarcely knowing what she was doing, ran after him and three more shots rang out.

The crowd which had been gathered by the altercation, scattered in every direction. Officer Dorsey ran to the place and arrested the woman and took the pistol away from her.

The man who had placed it in her hand had gone. The woman appeared to be dazed, and looked at the officer with a wondering look. The first finger of her right hand still twitched as though she thought it was on the trigger of the pistol. No one had been hurt, although hundreds were passing at the time.

HER MISERABLE STORY.

At the station the woman experienced the natural reaction from the strain of excitement under which she had been laboring and burst into a fit of hysterical weeping. When she was able to control her emotions she told a story of persecution by two men, for one of whom she had given up her honor, her husband, her home and her happiness. It is a story of abject slavery to enrich her persecutors, a slavery in which she was compelled to demean herself that her persecutors might accumulate a sufficient amount of money to dower their sisters in marriage.

One of the men, she said, was the one at whom she had fired the five shots; the other, a brother of his, Emanual Finkman by name.

Mrs. Achey's story was that she had, after having been married for four years, come with her husband and two children, a boy and a girl, from Indianapolis to St. Louis. For a time they lived at 708 North High street. Peter Finkman had a lunch stand near by. They became acquainted. He introduced his brother Emanuel, also a lunch-stand keeper, to her one day, and she fell in love with him. Her husband became jealous and took her back to Indianapolis. She says she had not been unfaithful up to this time, but his jealousy would not be appeased, and he began proceedings for a divorce. She then came to St. Louis and joined Emanuel. There her slavery commenced.

DRAGGING HER DOWN.

"We agreed," she said, "that we would live together as man and wife, and when we had saved enough money to dower his sisters in marriage he said he would take me and my children and go away where no one would know anything of our past. I worked hard, but he and Peter were not satisfied and commenced to abuse me. Finally they said times were not as good as they should be and we were not making enough money. I know they did make money, for I had charge of Emanuel's stand.

"Last March they furnished some rooms at 714 Clark avenue and Peter said to me: 'You can make more money than we can and you might as well do it.'

"I thought this was horrible, but I was still in love with Emanuel and consented. I stayed there a week and the police then broke up the place. After that they opened a cigar stand at 1331 Pine street, with some rooms in the rear, and I was placed there, but the police kept on making inquiries, and Emanuel said he was going to open a lunch-room. The police continued to watch the place and he had to open the lunch-room to keep from being arrested.

"Peter was in partnership with him and used to come every morning and make me give him the money I had made the previous night. He constantly abused me, and I was sick of being so wicked, so I resolved to live honest. When I no longer would do what they wanted me to do they took all my clothing away. Finding that they had stolen it, I became so blue that I took some laudanum and tried to kill myself.

"A short time ago we went to 1231 North Eleventh street to live and they wanted me to again be bad. I refused, and Emanuel choked and beat me, and he held me while Peter took all my clothes and everything else of any value from the house. Then Peter stabbed me with a pair of scissors. I had him arrested for stealing my clothes, and so, when he approached me last night and cursed and threatened me, I was afraid he was going to do me some injury."

Mrs. Achey is a well preserved woman of about 36 years of age, and says she is of Irish descent. She says she cannot explain how she chanced to fall in love with Emanuel Finkman, unless it was because he was a young man and better looking than her husband. She concluded by saying that, in the event of her getting out of this trouble she thought she had learned a lesson she would never forget, and that she would try and get some honest work to support herself and her 7-year-old daughter. Her son, 17 years of age, is learning the baker's trade in this city.

This morning a warrant was issued for Mrs. Achey, chrging her with assault with intent to kill, but the police think it will not hold and that the case will be dismissed upon its preliminary hearing upon the plea of self-defense.

All advertisements in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH are inserted upon the distinct guarantee that the regular bona-fide paid circulation of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH is greater than that of any Sunday paper in this city. All moneys for advertisements in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will be refunded if, upon a fair test and comparison with the Sunday Globe-Democrat and Sunday Republic, this guarantee is not verified.

INDICTED THEM.

Railroad Officials Accused of Violating the Ten-Hour Law.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The Grand-jury this morning presented indictments against Benjamin Norton, President of the Atlantic Railway Co. and Supt. Daniel J. Quinn, charging them with a violation of the ten-hour law. The indictments were found upon the testimony of James Dwyer and Jeremiah Desmond, both conductors, who allege that two days prior to the beginning of the strike they had been obliged to work more than ten hours within the twelve hours as specified by that law. Judge Moore insisted that defendants should be present and adjourned the matter of fixing bail until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, when counsel was notified to have both Norton and Quinn in court. The offense with which they are charged is punishable by a fine of $500, one year's imprisonment, or both.

The Grand-jury also found indictments against twenty-seven persons for felony and riotous conduct during the strike. The prisoners when arraigned pleaded not guilty and were remanded for trial.

MAY BE A CARDINAL.

A Report From Rome Concerning Mgr. Satolli.

ROME, Feb. 15.—It is reported in semi-official Vatican circles that in order that there shall be no departure from the usual custom in the promotion of Apostolic delegates abroad, Mgr. Satolli, the delegate to the United States, will be appointed Nuncio at Lisbon, prior to being created a Cardinal.

ON ACCOUNT OF SNAKES.

Why a "Possom Hollow" Farmer Sold His Place.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

PEVELY, Mo., Feb. 15.—"On account of rattlesnakes." This is the principle reason given by Jacob Kerkonghf for selling his farm, which lies three miles west from this village, and less than thirty miles south from St. Louis is what is locally known as "Possum Hollow." The farm contains 140 acres. One half is under cultivation and the other half is covered with valuable timber. A ridge of sandstone extends through the farm, and the crevices in this mass of rock afford homes for thousands of rattlers. On warm days they crawl out to sun themselves, and fill beholders with terror.

One sunny day late last autumn Mr. Kerhonghf's wife found one of the reptiles, which had fifteen rattles to its credit, peacefully sunning itself on the doorstone. It is not uncommon to see them near the house during warm weather. Their neighborly disposition was not appreciated by Mr. Kerkonghf, and when a reasonable offer for the farm was made to him a few days ago he was not slow in accepting it, as he preferred to have his wife and children in a locality not infested by these venemous serpents. It is said that the purchaser of the farm will turn loose upon it a drove of hogs in the spring and then the rattlers will have to vacate or be converted into bacon, for porkers consider them dainty morsels of food.

A STRONG CASE.

The State Had One Against Kaiser and Heinze.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—Gov. Stone has given out his letter to Attorney Duggan in refusing to commute the death sentence of Kaiser and Heinze. It goes into all the direct testimony, and the Governor declares that conviction does not rest on the testimony of Annie Boghines.

He adds that he thinks the State made a strong case. Attorney Duggan was with the Governor at the very moment when the Governor's letter of refusal was given out by his private secretary, Mr. Morrow.

WESTERN SUFFERERS.

Many Must Perish If Aid Is Not Quickly Given.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

LA PORTE, Ind., Feb. 15.—Rev. James Leonard of North Platte, Neb., is in the city soliciting aid for the Western sufferers. An effort is now making to send a special train of supplies from Northern Indiana points. Telegrams received by Mr. Leonard say that unless immediate aid is forthcoming the people will perish from destitution.

DODSON LIVED WELL.

AND NOW IT IS CLAIMED THAT HE STEALS HORSES.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Feb. 15.—Charles Dodson has for some time had no visible means of support, yet has lived well. Last night he was arrested and taken to Lamar for horse stealing. It is charged that Dodson has made frequent horse stealing tours, selling the animals and then returning to Carthage to live till the money gave out. He has heretofore had a good reputation here.

HER LIFE SAFE

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani Will Not Lose Her Head.

Misprision of Treason Was Her Only Crime.

"A PRESENT FROM CLEVELAND" ONE ENTRY IN HER DIARY.

"Signed Eleven Commissions To-Day" Another—An Exile Lands at San Francisco—Others Will Be Allowed to Quit the Country.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—The steamer Mariposa arrived to-day from Honolulu, bringing advices from Hawaii up to Feb. 8, concerning the trial of those persons arrested for rebelling against the Republic and attempting to restore ex-Queen Liliuokalani.

When the steamer sailed the ex-Queen's trial on the charge of complicity with the treasonable conspiracy on the part of her followers, was still pending and no executions of those under sentence of death had taken place.

William France, charged with conspiracy, was the only man deported on the Mariposa. On the Australia, leaving Feb. 23, a number of others will be deported, including Peterson and Creighton, ex-Cabinet officers, and Wurtenburg, ex-Postmaster General. Ashford and John F. Rowler have been found guilty of treason.

Just prior to the sailing of the Moriposa the Dole Government decided to banish Carl Weidmann, convicted of treason. He is a son of Judge Weidmann, one of the ex-Queen's commissioners to Washington. The advices brought by the Mariposa follow:

1st ad lead Hawaii

MISPRISION OF TREASON.

HONOLULU, Feb. 8, via San Francisco, Feb. 15.—Liliuokalani, ex-Queen of Hawaii, was arraigned the 5th instant on a charge of misprision of treason. The original charge was treason. Misprision of treason is an offense a degree below capital, but closely bordering thereon. The ex-Queen is represented by Paul Neuman. The first day was frittered away by the argument of counsel, who objected to the court at every turn. His objections were overruled in every instance. After the charge was read the matter went over for a day. The case was called again the day before yesterday. The deposed monarch refused to plead, so a plea of not guilty was entered. The work of examining witnesses was gone on with, and enough evidence secured to prove to an impartial observer that she was aware the rebellion was to be started. The most damaging evidence that is to be brought against her will be her personal diary, which was found in her residence after arrest. Whether this is introduced and made public at her trial depends very much upon the course pursued by her counsel in defending the case.

CLEVELAND'S PRESENT.

The ex-Queen recorded her thoughts, desires and impressions freely in her diary. Among the entries made during last summer was one stating: "J. O. Carter called to-day and delivered President Cleveland's present to me." What this present was is not stated. Up to the time of the return of the Special Commission which went to Washington to interview Cleveland the ex-Queen records herself as favoring a waiting policy, confident that the American administration would interfere in her behalf. After President Cleveland's answer to the Commission she became more aggressive and began to listen with growing favor to those urging an uprising on the part of the natives.

Rudolph Spreckles called to see her often and is represented as advising her to fight it out. She did not agree with him until during his last stay in Honolulu. He indicated that she could get plenty of money in San Francisco to buy arms and carry out a successful rebellion. He is also represented as a willing agent of her Ladyship.

SIGNED ELEVEN COMMISSIONS.

The last entry of the diary was made Dec. 28, 1894, and closed with: "Signed eleven commissions to-day." These were the commissions for the officers of the new Government referred to in the testimony of her private secretary. The documents have been cancelled or destroyed, and her attorney has endeavored to prove that they never existed.

The steamer Warrimo's departure for Victoria was delayed for two hours in order to give Johnstone, Mueller and Cranston, the banished men, an oportunity to see their respective counsel. Johnstone talked to British Commisisoner Hawes, after which he stated he was satisfied to go. Cranston saw Minister Willis, who protested to the Dole Government, claiming it had no right to send the men out of the country without first giving them a trial. The German Consul also objected in the case of Mueller. After the steamer sailed Minister Willis boarded the Philadelphia and had a conference with Admiral Beardsley.

The movements of Willis are watched anxiously and it is said the Government fears he will call the forces of the Philadelphia to his aid in case the Government decides to hang Willard Seward, one of the men condemned by the military court.

WILLIS' CRITIC CALLED DOWN.

The Advertiser recently published an editorial about the American Minister's course which brought forth the following:

"DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS,
"HONOLULU, H. I., Feb. 4, 1895.

DEAR SIR—I have noticed in this morning's issue of the Pacific Commercial Advertiser an editorial commenting unfavorably upon the action of the American Minister in relation to the deportation of Mr. Cranston. I desire to call your attention in this connection to the fact of our friendly relations to the Government of the United States, and therefore it is desirable that due caution be exercised in commenting upon the official conduct of its representative here, to refrain from harsh and unfriendly criticism, and especially so when reference is made to the acts of the President of that country. I have the honor to be, dear sir, your obedient servant,

FRANCIS H. HATCH,
Minister of Foreign Affairs.

To Wallace R. Farrington, Esq., Editor Pacific Commercial Advertiser, Honolulu.

It is understood that the foregoing was sent to forestall any objection that Mr. Willis might make.

Since last advices the military court has tried twenty-one native rebels. V. V. Ashford, John Cummins, John Wise and Capt. Davies. Cummins and Davies both pleaded guilty to a charge of treason. The latter was master of the steamer Waimanalo, the vessel that landed arms for the rebels. The Government has liberated John S. Walker, Thos. Rawlins and H. S. Winter on their own recognizances. The men are charged with conspiracy. It is understood that a number of prisoners who have business interests will be liberated after the departure of the Mariposa.

THE PROTECTORATE STORY.

A well defined rumor says Admiral Beardslee has instructions to raise the flag of the United States over Pearl Harbor. It is indicated that the United States Government will take possession of the harbor under guaranteed treaty rights and [illegible] any declare a protectorate over the Islands. Admiral Beardslee is said to be vested with the authority necessary to carry out the programme.

G. C. Moreno, who takes a lively interest in Hawaiian affairs, recently wrote to Robert Wilcox, one of the condemned rebels, saying he had been assured by Senator Hawley and other prominent men that President Cleveland and Minister Willis were both ready to recognize the rebels if they were successful.

LILIUOKALANI A WITNESS.

While the trial of the ex-Queen was in progress yesterday she was placed on the stand in her own behalf. The direct examination was confined to an alleged conversation between her and Charles Clark, who testified that he informed her of the proposed rebellion. She denied any such conversation took place. After her examination was concluded a statement written by her was filed. It commences with a history since time she was and goes on to say: "The movement undertaken by the Hawaiians last month was absolutely commenced without my knowledge, sanction, consent or assistance, directly or indirectly and this fact is in truth well known to those who took part in it. I received no information from any one in regard to arms which were to be procured nor of any men who were induced to join in any such uprising. I do not know why this information should have been withheld from me, unless it was with a view to my personal safety or as a precautionary measure. It would not have received my sanction and I can assure the gentlemen of this court that, had I known of any such intention, I would have dissuaded the promoters from such an event. But I will add had I known their secrets, would have been mine and inviolately preserved. That I intended to change my Cabinet and to appoint certain officers of the Kingdom, in the event of a restoration, I will admit, but that I, or any one known to me, had, in part or in whole, established a new Government, is not true. Before the 24th of January, 1895, the day upon which I formally abdicated and called upon my people to recognize the Republic of Hawaii as the only lawful Government of these Islands and to support that Government, I claim that I had a right to select a Cabinet in anticipation of a possibility, and the history of other governments support this right. I was not intimidated into abdicating but followed the counsel of able and generous friends and well-wishers who advised me that such an act would restore peace and good will among my people. I acted on my own free will, and wish the world to know I have no immunity or favor myself nor plead my abdication as a petition for mercy. I must deny your right to try me in the manner and by the court which you have called together for this purpose."

PROBABLE VERDICT.

The Military Court will probably bring in a verdict of guilty in the case of the ex-Queen, notwithstanding her denial. Sentence will be passed, but it is not believed she will be imprisoned, but will be allowed freedom on her own recognizance.

The next case to be tried will be that of Jonah Kanionacle. He was a Prince under the Monarchy and was to be King in case the rebellion was successful. The Queen was to abdicate in his favor, in order to keep Princess Kaiulani from the throne. This fact is well known by the English residents.

F. D. Walker has lodged a protest with the British Commissioner. Walker is the owner of the schooner Norman, that arrived recently from Vivtoria with a cargo of salmon. The authorities believe she landed a load of opium on one of the islands. They refuse to allow Walker to leave the country.

A number of prominent natives and half castes are making arangements to form political clubs all over the islands. Annexation is the aim of the organization. The Government is collecting evidence against Rudolph Spreckles, but no move will be made in his case until the authorities are absolutely certain he was mixed up in the rebellion.

WEIDMANN EXILED.

A rumor was started to-day that Carl Weidmann, Wiliam Greig and Louis Marshall, the three men convicted of treason, were to be deported to-day along with a number of others. When told of the rumor a Cabinet officer stated that there was no truth in the story. He said the Government had no intention of sending the men named away. At the last moment, however, it was determined to send Weidmann away, and he was put aboard the Mariposa for San Francisco with another man named Wm. France.

On the steamer Australia, leaving here on the 23d inst., a number of men who are under arrest will be allowed to leave the country with the understanding that they cannot return without permission of the Government.

Among the men who will be allowed to leave will be James Brown, Fred Wunderburg, George R. Ritman, John White, Chas. Creighton, E. B. Thomas and F. H. Redmond.

White and Ritman made the dynamite shells that were to be used by the rebels. Peterson and Creighton were both Cabinet officers at one time. Wundburg was formerly Postmaster-General. From a Government source it is learned that both John Bowles and V. V. Ashford have been found guilty of misprision of treason.

Up to this date the Military Court has disposed of sixty-five cases. They convicted sixty-two men and acquitted two, and one case, that of the Queen, is pending.

DEFENDED HIMSELF

Dr. McElrath Shows He Was Insane and Is Acquitted.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

SHAWNEETOWN, Ill., Feb. 15.—A case out of the ordinary came up yesterday. Dr. J. T. McElrath of Ridgeway, this county, was tried on a charge of burglary. His plea was insanity. The defendant went upon the witness stand and in an intelligent manner described insanity and its causes, and in particular his own case. He had received a blow on the head several years ago and it affects him at times so as to cause temporary aberration. The jury found he had committed the crime, but at the time was insane, and had not yet fully recovered. He will be sent to the asylum. He is 34 years of age and at one time was a successful practitioner in this county.

LET THEM GO.

Judge Murphy Discharges Men Against Whom Officer O'Brien was a Witness.

Judge Murphy refused to allow Officer Martin O'Brien, one of the officers fined by Judge Murphy for contempt of court, to testify in a case on Friday, and dismissed the defendant in the case. Last Monday Officer O'Brien arrested Charles McPherson and Albert Saxey on a charge of burglarizing the store of Beizer & Smith, at 1023 North Third street, the night previous and stealing five barrels of apples valued at $17.50. They admitted the theft, it is alleged, and told where they disposed of the property, which was recovered. A warrant was issued against the prisoners. When the case was called Judge Murphy asked if Officer O'Brien was the officer whom he had fined for contempt. Being informed by Prosecuting Attorney Mulvihill that he was, Judge Murphy refused to allow him to testify. This left the State in a position of not being able to prove its case, and the defendants were discharged. Officer O'Brien and two other officers were fined by Judge Murphy and committed to jail for contempt on a charge of assaulting a colored prisoner named William Wright outside of Judge Murphy's court-room. The prisoner had been discharged by Judge Murphy on a charge of assault to kill in shooting Thomas Murphy, one of the officers who was fined for assaulting him. Officer O'Brien arrested the negro to hold him for the Grand-Jury. He was indicted for the offense and is being tried in the Criminal Court to-day.

Brewery Stocks Advance.

There was a sharp advance in brewery bonds Friday from 93¾ to 94½. 2,100 shares being sold. No particular reason is assigned by the syndicate for this advance, as the security and interest remains unchanged.

WRIGHT'S TRIAL.

Testimony in Defense of the Negro Who Shot Officer Murphy.

JUDGE DAVID MURPHY TAKES THE STAND IN EDMUND'S COURT.

Several Witnesses Claim That Officer Murphy Tried to Club the Negro and Shot at Him Before Wright Used His Revolver—Arguments Begin.

The trial of William Wright, colored, on a charge of assault to kill, in shooting Officer Thomas Murphy on Nov. 19, was resumed in the Criminal Court at 9 a. m. before Judge Shackleford. The State finished its case on Thursday. Officer Murphy testified that about 10 p. m. on Nov. 19 he met the defendant in the vestibule of Curtis' saloon, at Eleventh and Morgan streets, and placed him under arrest. Wright drew a revolver and fired at the officer, who jumped back and attempted to draw his revolver when Wright fired again, shooting several times. Two of the shots took effect. Wright ran and was pursued by H. Roeder, a saloon keeper, who picked up the officer's revolver, which the officer had dropped, and fired after Wright, who returned the shot. On cross-examination the officer could not remember details, the time was so short. He denied that he had struck the negro with his club. Circuit Attorney Zachritz and Col. John I. Martin, who is defending Wright, were fined $1 each while Officer Murphy was testifying for indulging in wrangling. Attorney Martin paid his fine, but Mr. Zachritz did not. Both fines were afterwards remitted. Several other witnesses testified that Wright fired at the officer and that the latter made no attempt to strike the negro with his club.

TESTIMONY FOR THE DEFENSE.

Edward Hicks, colored, was the first witness examined for the defense. He testified that he was going west on Morgan street at the time of the trouble and heard the officer say to Wright: "Consider yourself under arrest." The officer then raised his club and struck at Wright, who raised his hand and caught the club. The officer then drew his revolver and fired at Wright, who staggered back. Wright then fired several shots. The officer fell and Wright ran away.

On cross-examination, Hicks admitted that he had been convicted of petit larceny. He is now in jail on a charge of larceny.

Judge David Murphy of the Court of Criminal Correction was the next witness. He testified that the preliminary hearing of Wright for the shooting was held in his court on Dec. 19. He was asked if he remembered the testimony of Officer Martin O'Brien on that occasion. The question was objected to and the objection was sustained. Judge Murphy was then excused.

Joe Judge, Deputy Criminal Court Clerk, was put on the stand and asked to state what passed between the defendant and Officer O'Brien on Dec. 19. This was also objected to and the objection sustained.

A delay was occasioned at this point by the absence of three witnesses for the defense, whose testimony Col. Martin said was important. Officer Martin O'Brien is the officer who arrested Wright in the corridor outside of Judge Murphy's court-room on Dec. 19, after Wright had been discharged by Judge Murphy at the preliminary examination. Wright was assaulted on the occasion. Judge Murphy subsequently fined Officers Martin O'Brien, Thomas Dewar and Thomas Murphy $50 each and committed them to ten days each in jail for contempt of court for the alleged assaulting of Wright. The matter is pending before the Supreme Court in a habeas corpus proceeding.

After waiting for some time for the absent witnesses it was decided to go on with the trial and examine other witnesses when they were brought in. The object in waiting for them was that the defense wanted them examined at that particular part of the trial. The defendant was placed on the stand when the case was resumed. He testified that he was standing at Curtis' saloon and Officer Murphy approached him and placed him under arrest. The officer raised his club and Wright raised his hand and warded off the blow. The officer then drew his revolver and pointed it at Wright, who shoved the weapon down when it exploded, the ball striking the witness in the thigh. Wright then drew his revolver and fired four shots at the officer, who fell and witness ran. He was fired after, but did not return the fire.

He was closely cross-examined by Judge Krum, who is assiting in the prosecution, but failed to shake his story.

THE TARDY WITNESSES.

The three missing witnesses arrived by this time. Frank Douglas, one of them, was put on the stand. He witnessed the shooting, but could not give details as well as Hicks. He saw the officer strike at Wright and fire at him and saw Wright fire in return and then run.

Thomas Gibson saw the struggle between the officer and Wright, and saw the officer strike at Wright and heard the shots and then saw Wright run, pursued by a man unknown to witness.

F. D. Duram, a colored coachman for Henry Timken, testified that the officer struck with his club at Wright, or at a colored man, whom witness supposed was Wright, witness claiming not to know Wright. The officer then pointed his revolver at Wright, who knocked the revolver down when it exploded. Wright then fired two shots at the officer who fell, and Wright fired another shot at him after he was down and then ran. A citizen fired a shot in the air. The defense rested its case here.

James Lynch was put on by the State in rebuttal and asked if he saw Duram at the scene of the shooting and replied that he did not. Lynch testified for the State on Thursday afternoon.

Officer Martin O'Brien, who arrested Wright in East St. Louis after the shooting, was asked if he assaulted Wright and replied that he did not. Wright had testified that the officer assaulted him. Officer Langan, who was with Officer O'Brien when the latter arrested Wright, corroborated Officer O'Brien's denial of striking the negro.

THE ARGUMENTS.

This ended the evidence in the case. Judge Shacleford read the instructions to the jury, which were of the usual character in such cases. Attorney Zachritz suggested that half an hour be allowed on each side for argument. Col. Martin said that that was too short and asked that it be made an hour each. Judge Shackleford said that he did not see the necessity, but granted the request and the argument began, Attorney Zachritz making the opening address.

LACLEDE CONDUITS.

THE GAS COMPANY'S CASE TO BE ARGUED TUESDAY.

On Tuesday of next week the case of the Laclede Gas Light Company against the city will come up in the Supreme Court of Jefferson City. City Counselor Marshall has his briefs all prepared, a voluminous document, making ninety-seven pages of printed matter, and will go up to Jefferson City on Monday. The arguing of the case, he thinks, will consume the entire day.

The case is that in which the Laclede Company will seek to establish its right to construct a subway conduit in the streets of the city for carrying, not only its own electric wires, but to rent out to other electric companies. In the arguments to be presented the burden of the proof rests with the company. The claims of the city will be that the company really has no legal existence and even did it have that it has no such rights as it claims.

WARRANT FOR COFFEE.

THE HOODLUM WHO FIRED FIVE SHOTS AT A NEWSBOY.

A warrant charging assault to kill was issued against John Coffee, alias "Java" Coffee, who, on last Sunday, fired five shots at Robert Combs, a colored newsboy, at Broadway and Franklin avenue. A newsboy named William Halley tried to drive Combs off of the corner, but was unable to do so and left, and Coffee came to finish the job. Combs, when he saw Coffee coming, ran and Coffee fired at him, but missed him. Coffey was arraigned in the Second District Police Court, but the case was quashed and a warrant issued.

MARKS' TRIAL.

Medical Society Threatened With an Injunction.

Lawyer Macklin Will Carry Dr. Marks' Case Into Court.

IS CONVINCED THAT THE SOCIETY WILL NOT GIVE A FAIR TRIAL.

Taking of Testimony on Dr. Loftus' Charges Begun—Only Two Witnesses Heard—Prosecution Wanted to Submit the Case Without Witnesses.

Assistant City Counsellor William P. Macklin, attorney for Dr. Heine Marks, Superintendent of the City Hospital, is so impressed with the idea that his client cannot get an impartial hearing from the Ethics Committee of the St. Louis Medical Society that he has decided to apply to the Circuit Court for an injunction restraining the committee from trying Dr. Marks at all. At the hearing given Dr. Marks by the committee, last night, Mr. Macklin at its opening requested that the trial be made public and the representatives of the press admitted. The doctors frowned down this suggestion, and decided to keep the session secret on the ground that the St. Louis Medical Society was not a public institution. Mr. Macklin contended that they were trying a public official, but the committee couldn't see that that made any difference.

Now Mr. Macklin claims to have discovered that the St. Louis Medical Society is a public institution, in a certain sense, as when its charter was granted, in 1837, it was on condition that the society conform to certain regulations. In trying a public officer in such a star chamber session, he argues, it is abusing privileges conferred by this charter, and was endangering its forfeiture.

THE TRIAL BEGUN.

Dr. Heine Marks was arraigned to answer charges of violating the code by advertising himself in the newspapers in the office of Dr. L. P. Pallman, 2002 St. Louis avenue. Dr. Pallmann's confreres on the committee, Dr. W. G. Moore and Dr. F. A. Glasgow, were both present. Dr. Moore presided. The prosecutor, Dr. W. V. Loftus, was present with his attorney, R. B. Haughton, and the defendant was there with his attorney, W. P. Macklin. It was nearly 10 o'clock when the committee was called to order, it having been delayed by the tardiness of Dr. Glasgow. When Dr. Moore announced the committee ready for business, Attorney Haughton rose and read the charges filed by Dr. Loftus against Dr. Marks. Attorney Macklin was on his feet as soon as Haughton had finished and objected to Dr. Marks being tried under any such charges. He stated that they were not the charges which had originally been filed with his client. He knew the old Ethics Committee still had these charges and knew the new charges were considerably different.

One charge in particular against Dr. Marks was that he talked to reporters, when he knew they were reporters, and thus violated the code. Attorney Macklin contended that the code had nothing to say about reporters as being different from any other class of men and that Dr. Marks had as much right to talk to them as to anybody else. His objections, however, were promptly overruled.

DIDN'T WANT WITNESSES.

It was Dr. Loftus' idea that no testimony should be taken at the trial, that simply the newspaper accounts be submitted to the committee and let the case be decided on those. But Mr. Haughton thought otherwise and he and Mr. Robert Hazard were put on the stand.

Mr. Hazard's testimony was a surprise to the prosecution, as that gentleman had offered his services to Dr. Loftus and then, when he appeared before the committee, he seemed to favor Dr. Marks. Mr. Hazard sent word to Mr. Haughton, the prosecution claims, that he was thoroughly acquainted with the system of obtaining news at the City Hospital and could furnish him with good testimony provided he was permitted to print the proceedings of the trial in the paper, with which he is connected. He had previously said also, that he had obtained documents from Dr. Marks for publication, but would not reiterate the statement on the stand.

When Mr. Hazard was called he objected to being sworn and asked that his testimony be taken without that formality, which was agreed to. When questioned by Mr. Houghton he could not remember having received any papers from Dr. Marks and said that during the six years he had reported the City Hospital he got news from many sources, including the patients themselves. He could not remember a single breach of the code on Dr. Marks' part, but admitted that the happenings in the hospital were more easy of access under the present administration than under former ones.

Mr. Hazard remained until the adjournment of the trial and then left with Dr. Marks. The prosecution were much put out by both the testimony and the apparent friendliness of Mr. Hazard to Dr. Marks, after he had volunteered to testify against that gentleman.

HAUGHTON'S TESTIMONY.

The other witness was Mr. Haughton, who said that Dr. Marks had attempted to "pump" him after the charges had been preferred, and that during the conversation he had admitted that he had furnished news to reporters.

Mr. Macklin objected to Haughton taking the stand at all. He asked Haughton if he thought it legal and proper for the attorney for the prosecution to take the stand to attempt to prove his own case, and Haughton said he thought it was. There was a heated argument between the two, and Mr. Macklin told Haughton what he thought about him and his ways, but Dr. Moore overruled this objection like he did all others.

Mr. Macklin does not think his client can get a fair trial from the committee. He is convinced that they are already about decided to report Dr. Marks guilty. Dr. Marks' ideas apparently run in the same channel. When asked this morning whether he thought the committee was against him, he said:

"Well, Dr. Pallmann is very much of a gentleman and a fair-minded man, but as to Dr. Moore and Dr. Glasgow—well, I have my opinion as to what kind of a fair trial they'll give me."

The hearing will be continued next Tuesday evening, unless prevented by an injunction.

DR. MARKS' POSITION.

In answer to the charge that he violated the code of medical ethics by giving news to the papers, Dr. Marks holds that whatever views he may have given out, if any, he gave out in his official capacity as Superintendent of the Hospital. The prosecution will try to show that the Board of Health has ordered him to desist from giving out news and he must, therefore, have given it out as a physician and, as a member of the Medical Society, he was amenable on those grounds. It is said that the order of the Board of Health has not been rescinded and, therefore, Dr. Marks is between two fires.

"It is all a scheme on the part of some of those doctors," said Dr. Marks, "to keep the City Hospital closed up tight and prevent the newspapers and the public from knowing what goes on therein. The fight is more against the papers than against me."

Haughton, when seen this morning, refused to discuss the case. He said three of the daily papers had declined to allow their representatives to testify for him and that therefore he didn't think he ought to tell either of those papers anything about what occurred. "Go see Dr. Marks. He may tell you about it," he said, with a chuckle. He made no reference to the way in which he had been trapped by his own witness or to the roasting Mr. Macklin gave him for going on the stand himself.

Called.

From the Washington Star.

"Mr. Sorghum," said the Senator's wife, "when you were elected, you said that you felt that your country had called you."

"Did I?"

"Undoubtedly. How do you feel about it now?"

"The same as ever. I still feel that my country has called me—down."

WOMAN'S PITY

Harry Hayward Has Feminine Sympathizers.

They Will Go to Any Length to Get His Autograph.

THE DEFENDANT SAYS SENSATIONAL EVIDENCE IS COMING.

Renewal of the Efforts of Hayward's Counsel to Impeach the Testimony of Blixt, Whose Wife Is Put on the Stand.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 15.—The defense this morning in the Hayward murder trial resumed its efforts to impeach the testimony of Claus A. Blixt, the particular line of attack being against the story Blixt told on the stand of having gone to see some acquaintances in South Minneapolis immediately after the commission of the crime. The evidence of his wife and Mary Larson established at least a doubt that Blixt visited the house on Twelfth avenue South which he claimed to have visited that night.

Harry said this morning that the absence of any distinct line of defense in the opening speech of John Day Smith yesterday was by no means an indication of weakness, as the public seemed to think.

"Do you mean by that to indicate that there is sensational evidence to come?"

"That is just what I mean," said the accused. "There will be some facts brought out that may astonish people."

The crowds in attendance have diminished somewhat in size, but are made up of the usual proportion of women, who exhibit the most morbid curiosity, and even sympathize with the handsome defendant. Some of their contingent will go to any length to get a word with him or an autograph on a handkerchief for a souvenir.

COAL PIT HORROR.

Fourteen Men Badly Injured by an Explosion at Odin.

ODIN, Ill., Feb. 15.—By an explosion in a coal pit here yesterday afternoon, fourteen men were injured and the lives of many others placed in peril. The injured are:

Luther Weingartner, aged 40, married and a large family dependent on him; burned about the head and face; both hands burned to a crisp; injuries may prove fatal.

George Baine, 23 years old; seriously burned about the face and hands; also bruised by flying coal.

James Tadlock and 15-year-old son, both in a critical condition the result of burns.

Samuel Smith, badly burned about the face and will lose his eyes.

William Patterson, aged 31, married; slighty bruised about the body.

Frank Harris, aged 19 years, married; slightly bruised.

Nathan Sloan, 41 years, married; run over by a car; slightly bruised.

Newton Meredith and Robert Keelen, burned about the head; not seriously.

William Albert and Frank Lane, bruised about the limbs.

George and Joe Lush, nearly suffocated.

John Lush, nearly suffocated and bruised by flying coal.

Charles Lupton, aged 50, hair burned off.

John Hampton, John Chambers, Albert Little, Rodman Cubanks and William Hampton were nearly suffocated by smoke.

At the time of the explosion the engineer had gone to dinner and it was half an hour before any aid could be sent to the 200 miners entombed. After the explosion the mine caughe fire. The residents of the town had been apprised of what had occurred, and soon the wives, daughters, mothers, brothers and fathers of the miners began to congregate about the shaft of the mine. Fortunately the fire soon died out and when the shaft was sufficiently clear of smoke to permit it a searching party was sent to the bottom. There they found the miners lying here and there unconscious and nearly dead. They were piled up like cordwood on the cages and quickly as possible raised to the top of the shaft, where they slowly regained consciousness.

The explosion occurred in the south entry of the mine, about a quarter of a mile from the shaft, in room No. 11, completely cutting oq the escape of the miners in this part. A good many of them in their efforts to reach the shaft, the only means of escape, became weak from suffocation, and were compelled to crawl on hands and knees for several hundred yards, escaping death.

The cause of the accident was a premature blast in a room in the mine being worked by Luther Weingartner. The blast ignited a 25-pound keg of powder, which exploded with terrific effect. The mine in the immediate vicinity was torn up in a terrible manner, and the twenty-five miners working in the same room certainly had a miraculous escape from death.

THE FROZEN SOUTH.

Animals in Georgia Are Dying From the Cold.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 15.—Specials from South Georgia report unprecedented snow storms in that section. Fruit and vegetables are killed, animals are freezing to death and the people are suffering. At Thomasville, the great winter resort, sleighs are out for the first time in the history of the city. Savannah and Darien have the worst storms ever known. Down to the Floriad line all fruit is killed and cattle are dying from the cold. In extreme South Georgia the snow is three inches deep.

ELEVATOR BONDS.

UNITED COMPANY WILL MAKE A $1,215,000 ISSUE ON JULY 1.

Negotiations are now in progress whereby the United Elevator Co. of St. Louis will make a new issue of bonds on July 1 amounting to $1,215,000. This will be done in order to mass the entire bonded indebtedness of the company into series.

When the United Elevator Co. absorbed all of the other St. Louis elevators in 1889 there was a bonded indebtedness on the various companies in different amounts, which was held by St. Louis parties. None of the paper was subject to call and most of it was at 6 per cent. The last of these bonds will mature on July 1 of this year, and it is in preparation for this that the present negotiations are going on.

It has been said that Mr. Hugh Rodgers, Vice-President and Chairman of the Bond Committee of the company, has been in correspondence with a London syndicate of capitalists with a view of placing the entire issue there at a low rate of interest. It was thought by this procedure that the St. Louis holders of the old bonds, not being able to invest in the bonds, would purchase the stock which is now selling below 50, and thus force the price up. Over $1,000,000 foreign capital would thus be brought to St. Louis.

Mr. B. L. Slack, secretary of the company, denies that any such effort has been made. "The object of the move," he said, "is simply to get our indebtedness altogether. The bonds will be offered for sale right here in St. Louis. Most of the present holders have signified a willingness to buy of the new issue. Probably 60 per cent will be disposed of in this way. No effort has been made to have a London syndicate take them. London always wants bonds, stocks and everything else."

GLOVES Special Sale GLOVES

Foster, Paul & Co. Seconds.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

ATTRACTIONS FOR EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK

A Certainty.

There is No Day on which RELIABLE GOODS from any of our Well-Stocked Departments Can Not Be Procured (QUALITIES BEING EQUAL)

At the Lowest Prices

Advertised in This Market.

Investigators will find that OUR GOODS CORRESPOND WITH OUR ADVERTISEMENTS.

We offer the opportunity on SATURDAY, the 16th, of Protecting both HANDS and FEET.

Gloves and Hosiery

Will Be Available AT ALMOST HALF THEIR REAL VALUE.

Our Eastern Buyer has shipped us 350 Dozens FOSTER, PAUL & CO.'S GENUINE KID 7-HOOK GLACE GLOVES, PIQUE AND PLAIN, as seconds, that will be here Saturday Morning, and on sale at 10 o'clock a. m. The goods are precisely same as our $1.75 regular Kid, which is considered the Best Glove Manufactured for the price in Europe. At the low price we propose to sell them we can neither guarantee or fit them to the hand, but guarantee cut and kid precisely as our $1.75 and $2.00 Glove that we do fit and guarantee. As there are not five misfits or poor kid in a thousand pairs, a customer can well afford to take the chance and run this risk in securing a $1.75 and $2.00 Glove

For $1.10,

Which will be our price on the entire lot of 350 dozen pairs.

Not Over Six Pairs Will Be Sold to Any One Customer.

HOSIERY. HOSIERY.

No such values offered in the market. On sale Saturday at a third less than regular value. Over 300 dozen

Women's Cotton and Wool Stockings,

Our own brands, S., V. & B. Fast Black, warranted, including the fine quality cotton, extra heavy cotton, with spliced heels, toes and double soles; also, the cotton Fleece-Lined and the heavy wool. The values offered for this occasion are, without exception, the best obtainable. Only a personal inspection will convey an adequate idea of the values of this offering. We have made the price on all numbers 25 cents pair.

These are not the odds and ends of a depleted stock of old goods, but are a full assortment of OUR REGULAR BRANDS. And we consider them the BEST VALUE that can be procured, even at original prices before this reduction. All goods will be found precisely as advertised.

TWO TROY BOYS.

One in the Hospital, the Other in Jail.

Two young men from Troy, Mo., are in St. Louis. They are not here visiting friends, as would naturally be supposed, but instead one is in the City Hospital and the other in jail. By a strange coincidence they were taken in charge by the police Thursday evening.

William Colbert, the 18-year-old son of Geo. W. Colbert, a prominent lawyer at Troy, is the boy behind the bars. He was arrested by Detective King and Tebeau at 3844 Garfield avenue on the strength of a telegram from City Marshal Nichols of Troy, stating that young Colbert had skipped with [illegible] which he had been given by his father to deposit in the Farmers' and Traders' Bank on Feb. [illegible] H. W. Perkins [illegible] a few days after Colbert skipped Mr. Perkins' son, Walter C. Perkins, a member of the firm of Avery & Perkins, who run two drug stores there, also left. He came to St. Louis, but his mission was different. What other drugs he brought is not known, but he [illegible] a few days ago [illegible] known [illegible] Mr. H[illegible] found in his room [illegible] unconscious and suffering from the effects of a dose of morphine. He was removed to the City Hospital, where he is in a very critical condition. He is strapped to his cot to keep him from injuring himself, as he has been delirious most of the time since he was taken there.

He had a few lucid moments this morning, and during that time he stated to a Post-Dispatch reporter that his only reason for attempting suicide was that he was tired of living. He said he came here last Saturday, and that since that time he had been "doing the town." He said he was not infatuated with any girl, no matter what might be said.

His cousin, W. C. Breckinridge of Troy, Mo., who came to the city this morning, states that he thinks Perkins' attempt at suicide was caused by a love affair. The young man's father opposed his marriage to a young lady named Clara Hobaum, with whom he had kept company several years. [illegible] the matter [illegible] years [illegible]

When a Post-Dispatch reporter brought the news to young Colbert in the holdover at the Four Courts that Walter Perkins had tried to kill himself, Colbert was very much interested.

"When I left home," said he "Perkins was there all right, and I didn't know he was down here. I don't think he came up here looking for me. I don't know why he could want to do it. I know he was pretty much stuck on a girl up there named Carrie Hobaum. She is about 18 years old, pretty, and a nice girl, and is the daughter of Fritz Hobaum, a well-to-do retired wagon-maker. I know he thought a good deal of her, because several times when he would [illegible] stop in [illegible] her, but I don't know whether she cared so much for him or not. [illegible] was a fellow who worked in a bank up in Warrenton [illegible] town [illegible] But still [illegible] have [illegible] at suicide."

Young Colbert admitted having taken the money, and said he spent it having a good time and seeing the town.

ABOUT JOHN HERSCHEL.

He Received an Early Recognition of His Great Powers—Devotion to Science.

From Good Words.

John Herschel entered St. John's college, Cambridge, when he was 17 years of age. His university career abundantly fulfilled his father's earnest desire that he should develop a capacity for the pursuit of science. After obtaining many lesser distinctions, he came out as senior wrangler in 1813. It was indeed a notable year in the mathematical annals of the university. Second on that list in which Herschel's name came first was that of the illustrious Peacock, afterward dean of Ely, who remained throughout life one of Herschel's most intimate friends.

Almost immediately after taking his degree Herschel gave evidence of possessing a special aptitude for original scientific investigation. He sent to the Royal society a mathematical paper which was published in the Philosophical Transactions. [illegible] Certain it is that he was made a fellow of the Royal society at the unprecedentedly early age of 21. [illegible]

But a lawyer John Herschel was not destined to become. [illegible]

LOVE BY TELEPHONE.

The Cruel Experience of a Youth in London Who Was Basely Deceived.

From Spare Moments.

There is at the present time a youth in London who can not be persuaded under any circumstances whatever to speak through the telephone. The truth is he has had a bitter disappointment, and, although no legal proceedings are pending, [illegible]

One day last week he was transmitting a business message from the head office of his employer to a branch establishment. The answer came in the richest and most [illegible] of female voices.

The youth was enraptured and found an abundant excuse for "ringing up" that distant branch repeatedly for several days afterward.

His message was long and elegantly phrased, and when ultimately he was sent on a personal mission to the place where the object of his admiration was employed he felt confident of making a pleasing and permanent impression.

Hardly had he entered the counting house when the mellifluous accents he had so often heard caught once more his willing ear.

Eager for an introduction, he explained to the chief clerk that he wanted to see the telephonist on urgent business.

The supreme moment had come at last. [illegible] damsel with a [illegible] complexion, but to a [illegible] of the parish church, who had been placed on special telephone duty on account of his clear articulation.

BOUND TO SAVE HIM.

How a Dog Attempted to Rescue a Man Who Was in No Danger.

From Pearson's Weekly.

Exceptions prove the rule, and the wrong conclusion which a dog may have drawn [illegible] case lacked information, but not the faculty of reasoning.

When the Gloucester life-boat was launched, in 1867, it was deemed necessary for two men to throw themselves into the sea, in order to show the great utility of cork jackets in keeping the upper part of their bodies above water.

Among the thousands of spectators who were watching the men [illegible] a Newfoundland dog [illegible] perilous condition of the men. The dog ran hither and thither, barking furiously, and in his [illegible] language [illegible] to the men's assistance.

Finding all his appeals in vain, the dog went into the water [illegible] A struggle ensued [illegible] would [illegible] men in a boat were obliged to go to the rescue.

Ed Stern's Identity.

Any information regarding Ed Sterns, who was supposed to have been run down and killed [illegible] as Elias Sterns, who is missing.

NOT IN THE COMBINE.

LANIGAN LIVERY CO.

[illegible] Tel. 7,545. Cor. 24th and Locust sts.

HER MORALS: I can get plenty of beaux if I use plenty of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

HE WON HIS BET.

A Man Who Can Dress Rapidly Surprised a Group of Friends.

From the New York Tribune.

The man who thinks he is a rapid dresser was in a cafe, at Broadway and Twenty-sixth streets, with a half-dozen friends, at 5 p. m. [illegible]

"I should think," said one of the party, [illegible]

"Oh, no," [illegible] "I've ample time."

"Well," said another, "I'll bet you a 7 o'clock dinner [illegible]"

[illegible]

"Done!" [illegible]

"I guess I've won that bet," [illegible]

"I guess you haven't," said another one of the group. [illegible] "Wait and see."

[illegible]

"Guess I won the bet," he said, coolly drawing a chair to the table and removing his gloves.

Fun for Pa.

From the Detroit Tribune.

Behold the felicitous father,
Supporting the bride to the altar,
And the bride and the groom after that.

Marriage Licenses.

[illegible]

Nervousness

Cannot be cured by the use of opiates and sedative preparations. It is too deeply seated. It is caused by an impoverished condition of the blood, upon which the nerves depend for sustenance. This is the true, the natural and the only right explanation for nervousness. Purify, enrich and vitalize the blood with

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and nervousness will disappear. Hood's Sarsaparilla will give vitality to the blood and will send it coursing through the veins and arteries charged with the life-giving, strength-building qualities which makes strong nerves. Read the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and find the same stories of cures which hundreds of people are telling in their published testimonials. Get

Hood's and Only Hood's

Because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the Great Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills [illegible]

DEATHS.

APPEL—[illegible]

GILBRAITH—On Tuesday, Feb. 14, [illegible] James Gilbraith, husband of Mrs. Ellen Gilbraith. [illegible]

MURPHY—Wednesday, Feb. 14, [illegible] beloved husband of Johanna Murphy and father of [illegible] Calvary Cemetery. [illegible]

WILSON—On Thursday, Feb. 14, [illegible] William C. Wilson, aged 58. [illegible]

CABLE NEWS.

Poles Are Rebuked by the Prussian Minister.

Advised to Unite With the Germans in Peaceful Work.

SPANISH REPUBLICANS EXCITED BY AN EXILE'S RETURN.

Escape to Buenos Ayres of a Parisian Journalist Who Was Charged With Blackmail—Gossip From Over the Sea.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—In the Lower House of the Prussian Diet to-day Herr Von Koeller, Minister of the Interior, refused emphatically to entertain a demand made by the Polish Deputies that the Government should intervene against the work of the Society for the Promotion of Germanism in the Eastern Provinces of Prussia. Herr Von Koeller declared that the aims of the society were not aggressive, whereas the Polish press was always stirring up ill-feeling against Germans. Such attacks upon the German element, he declared, required to be firmly repelled. National pride commanded every German to do what was best to promote Germanism in the Eastern Provinces. Herr Von Koeller concluded his remarks by advising the Poles to unite with the Germans in peaceful work for the common good.

SORILLO RETURNS.

The Noted Spanish Exile Goes Back to Spain.

MADRID, Feb. 15.—Manuel Ruise Sorillo, the noted Spanish Republican, who for about ten years has lived in England, France and Switzerland, arrived at Barcelona to-day on his return to Spain, having accepted the terms of the amnesty act recently passed by the Cortes.

There is the greatest excitement among all republicans in Spain on account of the return of Sorillo, especially at Barcelona, where arrangements for an imposing reception to him have been made.

The authorities of the city fear that disturbances will attend the demonstration of the republicans and have arranged for a rigorous suppression of any trouble that may occur.

WALES' FIRST LEVEE.

IT DRAWS THE USUAL DIPLOMATS AND SIGHT-SEERS.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Prince of Wales held his first levee of the season at St. James Palace this evening. Notwithstanding the weather was intensely cold and a snowstorm prevailed, the levee was largely attended. The usual crowds of sight-seers assembled in Pall Mall to witness the arrival of those attending the function and to see the Prince of Wales drive in state from Marlborough House, his London residence, to the Palace. His Royal Highness was escorted by the Second Life Guards, who wore polished helmets with white plumes and long red cloaks. Among those present at the levee were Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, the United States Ambassador; Maj. William Ludlow, the military attache of the Embassy, and Lieut.-Commander William S. Cowles, the naval attache.

Among those presented to the Prince in the diplomatic circle was Mr. David D. Wells, the second Secretary of the Embassy. William C. Ralston of San Francisco was presented to His Royal Highness in the general circle.

FLOODS IN SPAIN.

A NUMBER OF— BIG RIVERS HAVE OVERFLOWED THEIR BANKS.

MADRID, Feb. 15.—The River Segura, which flows through the provinces of Murcia and Alicante into the Mediterranean, has overflowed its banks and considerable damage has been done at many places. A portion of the city of Orihuela in Alicante is inundated and the railway from there to the city of Alicante, the capital of the Province, is submerged. There is also a serious flood in the Guadalquivir River, and Triani, a suburb of Seville, is under water. The River Tagus is also rising, and the town of Aranjuez, about thirty miles southeast of Madrid, where there was a royal palace, is threatened with inundation. The royal residence itself is in danger of being reached by the water.

CONGRESS OF KINGS.

WILLIAM'S ROYAL GUESTS AT THE MILITARY MANEUVRES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—A Berlin dispatch says that Emperor Francis Joseph and the Kings of Wurtemburg and Saxony and other German sovereigns have promised to attend Emperor William at the military maneuvres in Pomerain, which will probably be held in September. Emperor William will fix headquarters for himself and his guests at Stettin.

PORTALIS IN EXILE.

HE ESCAPED BY WAY OF ANTWERP TO BUENOS AYRES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A special to a morning paper from Buenos Ayres says: "Edouard Portalis, director of the Dix-Neuvieme Siecle of Paris, charged with blackmail, who escaped via Antwerp, has arrived here. He is living with his brother.

MASSACRE AVERTED.

MURDEROUS NATIVES OF JAVA ARRESTED AND LOCKED UP.

BATAVIA, Feb. 15.—A plot of the natives involving murder has been discovered in the Tjamde District, in the Eastern residency of Buitenzorg, on the Island of Java. It was the intention of the plotters to murder all the Europeans and Chinese in the district, if possible. All the chief movers in the plot and fifty of their followers have been arersted and placed in prison.

RAINWATER RIFLES.

THEIR ANNUAL RECEPTION AND CONCERT AT THE ST. NICHOLAS.

The Rainwater Rifles hold their annual reception and promenade concert Friday evening at the St. Nicholas Hotel. This will be the eleventh entertainment given by the militiamen, and it is expected to eclipse those of preceeding years in its elegance. Among the society ladies who will lend their presence to the occasion will be Mesdames C. C. Rainwater, in honor of whose husband the company was named; James Bannerman, M. J. Gilbert, R. U. Parcells, J. A. Lee, C. B. McEntire, R. McCulloch, A. C. Robinson, George S. McGrew, J. R. Parsons, A. Withmar, A. Flicklinger, James D. Berry and J. D. Pullis.

The company was organized in 1877 as a result of the labor troubles during that year.

For the Destitute.

D. F. Brown of 2630 Laclede avenue and Capt. Lehmer of 2708 Walnut street forwarded $5 in cash to the Post-Dispatch for distribution among the destitute. The money was turned over to Capt. Joyce of the Third District, in whose bailiwick a great deal of poverty exists.

MASKED SKATERS.

Fantastic Carnival Given by Young People in Carondelet.

SOME OF THE CHARACTERS THAT FROLICKED ON POUPENAY'S POND.

Pirate Chief and His Fair Captive—Othello Sported Himself—How the Pond Was Lighted—A Big Crowd Witnessed the Fun.

St. Louis had a taste of northern sports last night. An ice carnival, dear to the hearts of the people of St. Paul, Quebec and Montreal, was given by the Carondelet Skating Club, on Poupenay's pond, near Carondelet Park.

It was a masquerade ball on skates. For weeks the sprightly youngsters, the fond mothers and the portly burghers of Carondelet have been peering into the future as if to forecast the condition of the weather and the ice on St. Valentine's Day. The carnival time arrived and all went merry as a marriage bell.

The heavy snow lay deep on all ponds but Poupenay's, to which the Skaters' Club acquired an exclusive right for the winter. Some days ago they carted off the snow and planed the ice for the carnival.

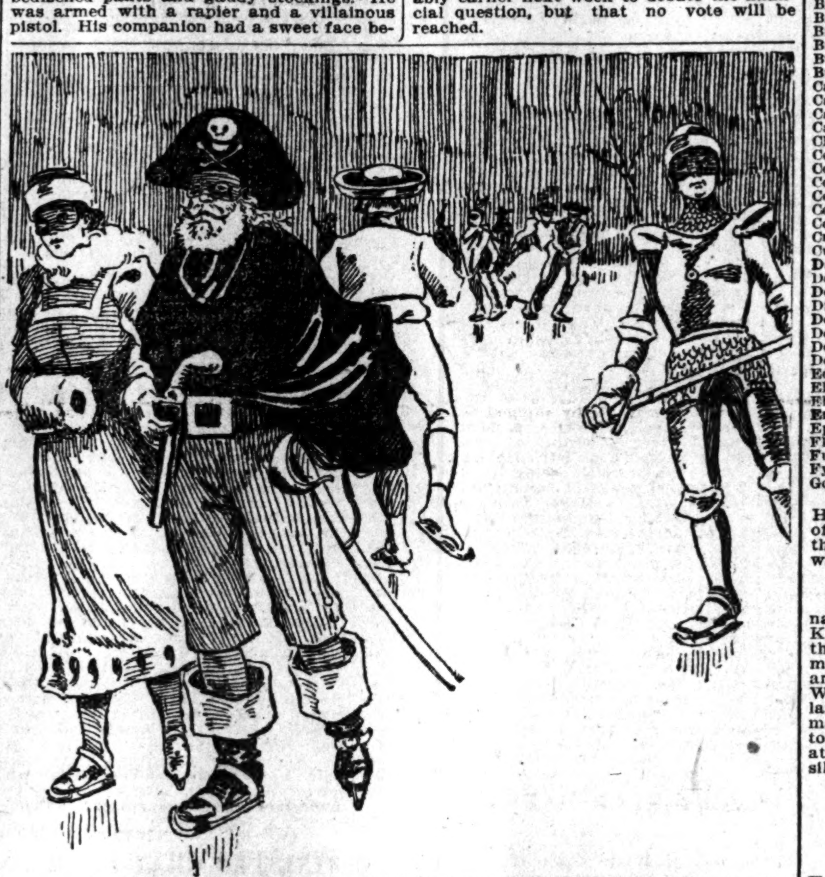
IT WAS PICTURESQUE.

At 9:30 o'clock the fun was at its height. Gentlemen and ladies, grotesquely costumed, glided hither and thither over the ice. On the glossy surface were twenty-five torches, whose lurid flare exaggerated the ludicrous and defined the beauty of the costumes.

On the shore were two large bonfires which warmed the sometimes too scantily clad masquers. Mothers and fathers who ceased to skate "just forty years ago" sat in phaetons and sleighs on the crest of the elevation which inclosed the pond. They watched their children sport and play, and enjoyed the carnival hugely.

Away from street cars, railroad tracks and houses, in a field, near the densely wooded park, the pond was an ideal place for a carnival. Far away to the northeast glittered a stray electric light which alone told of a populous city.

As soon as the maskers got out of the van which carried them from the club's headquarters, Kansas street and Michigan avenue, they put on their skates and spurted. They went singly, in couples and in pairs. Mr. Charles Fischer, President of the club, and for the time being a bold pirate, skated with a beautiful young lady, too fair to be a sea-rover's valentine. He wore a cocked hat adorned with an ominous skull and cross-bones, a shirt of rich stuff, a sash as many colored as Joseph's coat, a short kilt, bedizened pants and gaudy stockings. He was armed with a rapier and a villainous pistol. His companion had a sweet face behind a dainty mask, and concealed her form in a domino.



MASKED CARNIVAL ON POU PENAY'S POND, CARONDELET.

OTHELLO ON SKATES.

A handsome youth with blackened face made a creditable Othello on skates. He wore a beautiful loose fitting body garment with suitable breast-plates. A heavy helmet with visor raised crowned his flowing locks. This swarthy Moor was not without a companion, for he skated nicely with a pretty fairy. Several young ladies, envious of the beauties of St. Petersburg, trimmed their cloaks and skirts and hats with cotton, and looked not unlike the pictures of the ladies who are prominent figures in scenes in Russia.

One fair young creature, conscious of her beauty, aped a colored "mammy." She had on a mask to suit the character and she wore a big, ill-fitting dress with many patches. A Sioux Indian was a very good skater, and seemed to be an accomplished carpet knight. He paid marked attention to his valentine and from time to time labored industriously at her refractory skate clamps.

At intervals of a few minutes Mr. Fischer set off boxes of magnesium lights, which gave an electric brilliancy to the winter spectacle. At 10 o'clock the report of a pistol was the signal for unmasking. Thereafter until 11 o'clock the participants in the carnival skated with wild abandon. Many of them showed much skill and art.

JIM BAKER'S BOND.

Seiter and Ramsey on It and State Funds Are Gone.

LEBANON, Ill., Feb. 15.—The State of Illinois is to lose $14,000 by the death and defalcation of ex-State Treasurer Rufus N. Ramsey and the failure of Henry Seiter, even though the Chicago bondsmen of Ramsey did make good his deficit of over $363,000.

When James Baker, Warden of the Chester Penitentiary, was appointed to this position Ramsay and Seiter, being two very accommodating men, and being held in the highest esteem financially, were secured by him to go on his bond. In return for this service it was the most natural thing in the world for Warden Baker to deposit the funds belonging to the penitentiary in Seiter's bank in Lebanon. This was done.

Now Seiter's bank is "busted," Seiter is "busted," Ramsay, the other bondsman, is dead and "busted" and the State of Illinois appears to be out just $14,000. There is a possibility that Seiter will be able to pay some of the obligation on a compromise basis, but if he should it will probably be at so small a percentage of the full claim that it will not amount to much.

Nature Worship.

rom Outlook.

There are no idols in the Shinto temples. Shintoism consists of the worship of ancestors and the powers of nature.

END IN TALK.

No Vote on Finance Will Be Taken in the Senate.

The House Has Settled the Question for the Session.

BUT THE SILVER MEN WILL MAKE ONE MORE STRUGGLE.

Senator Jones Means to Press Consideration of Free Coinage—May be Blocked by Filibustering—Yesterday's Vote on the Gold Bond Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Opinions in the Senate vary as to the influence the vote in the House upon the bond bill will have upon the future course of the Senate on the financial question. The most generally expressed opinion on the Republican side is that the effect will be to render futile any attempt to take up the financial question, while Democrats generally expressed the belief that the action of the House would not control the Senate in any way. Senator Jones of Nevada was outspoken in announcing his intention to move to take up his unrestricted coinage bill before final adjournment, but would not undertake to say just when he would make the move. He reiterated, however, that the anti-silver men would have to either allow the question to be considered or filibuster against it. It appears probable, in view of the expressions of some of the more radical bond advocates among the Republican Senators, that the latter course will be resorted to if necessary to prevent a vote. The silver Senators on both sides of the chamber profess to be entirely willing to test the strength of the silver question on the Jones bill, but there were indications that some of them might have opposed a vote in case the result in the House had been the other way.

The talk of Thursday for a two days' debate next week and a vote on Tuesday has been kept in abeyance, and it is safe to say that the project will not be revived, and that if any vote is obtained it will only be upon some movement like that suggested by Senator Jones and not by unanimous consent, as was at first hoped. The probabilities are, therefore, that some means will be found during the next two weeks and probably earlier next week to debate the financial question, but that no vote will be reached.

GOLD BONDS FAIL.

For the Third Time the House Turns the Administration Down.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—For the third time the Democratic House has turned down the administration's currency reform plans. Yesterday the House, by a majority of 47 refused to order to third reading the resolution by which it was proposed to authorize the issue of $65,000,000 of 3 per cent gold bonds, to substitute for the 4 per cent thirty-year coin bonds, sold by Secretary Carlisle under contract with the Rothschild-Morgan syndicate.

An analysis of the vote shows that 89 Democrats and 31 Republicans (120 in all) voted in favor of the resolution, and 98 Democrats, 62 Republicans and 7 Populists (167 in all) against. Here is the vote in detail:

YEAS.

Adams (Pa.),
Aldrich,
Apsley,
Babcock,
Baldwin,
Barnes,
Bartholdt,
Barwig,
Bickner,
Beltzhoover,
Berry,
Breckinridge,
Brickner,
Brosius,
Bynum,
Cadmus,
Campbell,
Caruth,
Catchings,
Causey,
Chickering,
Clancy,
Clark (Ala.),
Cobb (Mo.),
Coombs,
Cooper (Fla.),
Cooper (Ind.),
Covert,
Cornish,
Crain,
Curtis (N. Y.),
Daniels,
Davey,
De Forest,
Dingley,
Draper,
Dunn,
Durborow,
English (Cal.),
Erdman,
Everett,
Fielder,
Forman,
Geary,
Geissenhainer,
Gillet (N. Y.),
Gillet (Mass.),
Goldzier,
Gorman,
Graham,
Gresham,
Griffin (Mich.),
Grout,
Haines,
Hall (Minn.),
Hammond,
Harrison,
Hayes,
Hendrix,
Henry,
Kribbs,
Lapham,
Lefever,
Lockwood,
Lynch,
Martin (Ind.),
Marvin (N. Y.),
McCreary (Ky.),
McGann,
McKaig,
Meyer,
Montgomery,
Morse,
Mutchler,
O'Neill (Mass.),
O'Neill (Mo.),
Page,
Paschal,
Patterson,
Payne.
Pearson,
Pendleton (W. V.,
Piggott,
Powers,
Price,
Quigg,
Ray,
Reed,
Reilly,
Reyburn,
Richards (O.),
Robinson (Pa.),
Russell (Conn.),
Ryan,
Schermerhorn,
Sickles,
Sorg,
Sperry,
Springer,
Stevens,
Stone, C. W.,
Stone, W. A.,
Stone (Ky.),
Storer,
Straus,
Tarsney,
Tracey,
Turner (Ga.),
Turpin,
Updegraff,
Wanger,
Wadsworth,
Warner,
Washington,
Wells,
Wilson (W. Va.),
Wise,
Wolverton,
Woomer,
Wright—120.

NAYS.

Adams (Ky.),
Aitken,
Alderson,
Alexander,
Allen,
Arnold,
Avery,
Bailey,
Baker (Kan.),
Baker (N. H.),
Bell (Tex.),
Bankhead,
Black (Ga.),
Blair,
Bland,
Boatner,
Been,
Bowens (Cal.),
Bretz,
Broderick,
Bromwell,
Brookshire,
Brown,
Bryan,
Bundy,
Bunn,
Caminetti,
Cannon (Cal.),
Cannon (Ill.),
Capehart,
Clark (Mo.),
Cobb (Ala.),
Cockrell,
Coffeen,
Coffin,
Cooper (Wis.),
Cox,
Crawford,
Curtis (Kan.),
Davis,
De Armond,
Desnon,
Dinsmore,
Dockery,
Dolliver,
Donovan,
Doolittle,
Edmunds,
Ellis (Ky.),
Ellis (Ore.),
Enloe,
Eps,
Fletcher,
Funk,
Fyan,
Goodnight,
Grady,
Griffin (Wis.),
Grosvenor,
Grow,
Hager,
Hainer,
Hall (Mo.),
Hare,
Harris,
Hartman,
Hatch,
Haugen,
Heard,
Henderson (Ill.),
Henderson (Io.),
Hepburn,
Hermann,
Hitt,
Hooker (Miss.),
Hopkins (Ill.),
Hopkins (Pa.),
Hudson,
Hulick,
Hull,
Hunter,
Hutcheson,
Ikirt,
Izlar (N. D.),
Johnson,
Kem,
Keifer,
Kyle,
Lacey,
Lane,
Latimer,
Lawson,
Layton,
Lester,
Linton,
Little,
Livingston,
Loud,
Loudenslager,
Lucas,
Maddox,
Maguire,
Mahone,
Mallory,
Marsh,
McCleary (Minn.),
McCulloch,
McDearmon,
McKeighan,
McLaurin,
McMillin,
McNagny,
McRae,
Meikeljohn,
Mercer,
Meredith,
Money,
Moore,
Morgan,
Moses,
Neall,
Northway,
Ogden,
Pence,
Pendleton (Tex.),
Perkins,
Pickler,
Randall,
Richardson (Mich
Richardson (Tenn
Ritchie,
Robbins,
Robertson (La.),
Russell (Ga.),
Sayers,
Settle,
Shell,
Sibley,
Simpson,
Smith,
Snodgrass,
Stallings,
Stephenson,
Stockdale,
Strait,
Strong,
Swanson,
Talbert (S. C.),
Tate,
Tawney,
Taylor (Ind.),
Terry,
Thomas,
Tyler,
Van Voorhis (N. Y
Van Vorhis (O.),
Walker,
Waugh,
Weadock,
Wheeler (Ala.),
Wheeler (Ill.),
Whiting,
Williams (Ill.),
Williams (Miss.),
Wilson (Wash.),
Wilson (O.)—167.

As a clincher to the opposition of the House to Cleveland's financial plans, Bland of Missouri moved to reconsider and lay that motion on the table, which was carried without division.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR MOVEMENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 15.—The names of the eminent counsel whom the Knights of Labor Executive Board say they have retained to fight the Government's gold policy in the Supreme Court are made public. They are: Ex-Judge Jere Wilson of Washington, who won Miss Pollard's case against Breckinridge; Congressman Lafe Pence, Senator Allen and J. Ralston of Washington. The Knights will also attack all Government payments of gold on silver certificate obligations.

DEAD IN A COACH.

Unknown Man Killed Himself in a Missouri Pacific Car.

About 9:30 a. m. John Devine, a car cleaner of the Missouri Pacific road, was passing through passenger coach No. 220, which arrived here Thursday evening about 6 o'clock from Kansas City, and which was standing on a side track near Compton avenue, when he noticed that the closet door was closed and he tried to open it. It was locked from within. He burst open the door and found the dead body of a white man about 40 years old stretched in a recumbent position on the floor. By his side was a revolver and a valise, containing some articles of wearing apparel.

The body was examined, and it was found that a bullet had been fired into the brain, a little above the right ear. There were two bruises on the body which may have been caused by the body falling after the shot was fired. The police were notified of the discovery, and Officer Mulderig of the Fifth District was sent to investigate. The remains were searched, but nothing was found that would indicate who the dead man was, save a railroad ticket from Kansas City, Mo., to Fairmount, a small town in Illinois.

The ticket was issued to C. G. Moore, and that is supposed to be the name of the deceased. The dead man is evidently a Kansas Cityan, as some of the clothing he had on bears the mark of Kansas City dealers. The deceased was fairly well dressed in dark clothes. He wore jeans pants and was clad in a neat overcoat and undercoat and vest. His shoes, which are in good condition, were covered with rubbers.

The body was removed to the Morgue, where it was placed on exhibition in the hope of getting the unknown identified. It is believed that the deceased concealed himself in the closet about the time the train arrived Thursday evening and fired the fatal shot.

On making a search of the man's pockets a memorandum book was found, bearing the name C. J. Grosse. In it were two notes, which looked as if they had been written with the lead end of a cartridge. The first note was:

"A cold deck drove me to it."

The second, which was written on an opposite page, was:

"I forgive; may God forgive me.
"C. J. GROSSE."

In addition to these two sentences, which were evidently written but a short time before the suicide the book contained a lot of memoranda about bills.

Conductor McClure says the man got on at Kansas City and though he rode all day on the train he did not speak to anyone of the trainmen or passengers. The last time the conductor noticed him was just after the train left Pacific, about 4:30 in the afternoon. Brakeman Delarder noticed the man all day but did not speak to him. When the train came into St. Louis the brakeman tried the dooor of the closet and finding it locked passed on through the train and thought nothing more about it.

A Missing Domestic.

Josie Bressinger, a domestic 21 years old, has been missing from the residence of her employer, Ferd Burkhardt of 1812 Lafayette avenue, since last Sunday, and her whereabouts are at present unknown. Mr. Burkhardt and his wife are quite anxious to have her located.

SAYS ITS A LIBEL.

Julia Marlowe Taber Brings Suit on Account of Criticism

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 15.—Julia Marlowe Taber has sued the Indianapolis Journal for $25,000 damages for alleged libelous criticism. The article in question, published Dec. 16, 1894, says she was supported by an inferior company of people, who had been playing "My-Lord-the-carriage-waits" parts for years, and that was designed to bring out her talents by contrast. In this way, the article asserted, she had been trifling with the public for years.

WITHIN A MONTH.

The Dispute Between Mexico and Guatemala Will Be Settled.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

GUATEMALA, Feb. 15.—In official circles it is said a settlement with Mexico will be reached within a month at furthest.

It is hoped that the influence of the United States Government will greatly aid in arriving at an arrangement honorable to both parties to the dispute.

Reports have reached here that Mexico's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Mariscal, and Guatemala's Envoy, Senor de Leon, have practically arrived at an understanding and are now merely discussing minor details. But the Government refuses to give any information.

Engineers will go immediately to the frontier, report has it, so as to finish their surveys within the present month, in order to be ready to turn over to Mexico the lands claimed by her.

War preparations continue, however, and the troops are drilled daily.

PLOTTING SECESSION.

OUTBREAKS IN THE NORTHERN PROVINCES OF GUATEMALA.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

QUEZALTENANGO, Guatemala, Feb. 14.—Despite Gen. Miron's assertions there have been serious outbreaks in the Northern Provinces and some persons have been arrested on suspicion of being complicated in a secession plot on the part of this department.

Quezaltenango is one of the most populous and important provinces or Departments of Guatemala. Its capital is the second city of the Republic.

OUTSIDE THE CITY.

Items of Interest From Neighboring Cities and Towns.

VIRGINIA, Ill., Feb. 15.—The special revival meetings in progress at the Christian Church continue to draw large crowds each evening. The night sessions are conducted by Evangelist T. A. Boyer, prominent in this line of work all over the State, assisted by the well-known singing evangelist, Mr. John Brower of Chicago. The meetings will continue through the month and a number of conversions are likely to be made before the services close.

Judge and Mrs. Henry Phillips are in receipt of an invitation and will attend Gov. Altgeld's reception at Springfield, Feb. 20.

Probate Court Brevities: Estate of Wm. Corya, minor heir of M. R. Corya, petition for letters of guardianship; J. S. Nicholson appointed guardian; bond in sum of $800 filed and aproved by the court and letter ordered to issue. Estate of Ermenia Magee, Charles A. E. Martin, administrator; petition for leave to credit note granted and ordered to be recorded. Estate of Dorothy A. Rew; will admitted to probate; Horatio G. Rew appointed executor without bond, bond having been waived in will; letters ordered to issue.

Marriage licenses issued this week: Chas. Cole, aged 23, and Miss Mary Price, aged 18, both of Beardstown; Edward Hudson, aged 28 of Cass and Miss Emma Wobbe, aged 23 of Concord, Ill.; William Jarett, aged 24 and Miss Effie Vieira, aged 19, both of Jacksonville, Ill.

The election of Mayor and five Aldermen occurs at Beardstown Monday next and promises to be a hotly contested affair. There are two candidates for Mayor and sixteen for Aldermen.

Last spring the village of Ashland, this county, went "dry" the first time for a number of years and during the past ten months there has been considerable feeling at times at the unlawful sale of liquors. The matter came to a focus this week in the arrest of H. O. Brownback, George W. Berry, Enoch A. Creed and Edward Leahy for the selling of liquor without a license. Mr. Brownback was find $100 and Mr. Berry was fined $20. The trials of Creed and Leahy are set for this afternoon.

J. Nelson Boatman, a native of Kentucky and a well-known old resident of this (Cass) County, died Wednesday at the advanced age of [illegible] years.

INJUNCTION DENIED.

Judge Thayer Declines to Stop the Brownies' Show.

"The Brownies in Fairyland" will be presented in Exposition Entertainment Hall tonight and to-morrow night under the auspices of the ladies of the Hyde Park Congregational Church as previously announced.

At 10 a. m. Judge Thayer of the United States Circuit Court listened to arguments in the injunction suit brought to restrain the Hyde Park Church from giving the entertainment. Messrs. Alex Young and Paul Bakewell appeared for the plaintiffs, Jefferson, Klaw and Erlanger, theatrical agents, and Mr. W. B. Homer for the ladies of Hyde Park Church.

Judge Thayer listened to the arguments, read the affidavits filed and then refused to grant an injunction to restrain the defendants from presenting the operetta this week. He granted an injunction to prevent the presentation of the piece after this week on the filing of a bond for $1,000 by the plaintiffs. Each side professed themselves satisfied with the ruling. Judge Thayer thought that the notice of an injunction suit came too late and the defendants had been at much expense in preparing for the entertainment. Rev. Wm. M. Jones, pastor of Hyde Park Church, and his wife, together with several members of the Ladies' Aid Society, were present at the hearing and they were much relieved by the decision, although they were somewhat embittered on account of the bad effect on last night's exhibition by the threat of an injunction. Many persons remained away thinking the operetta would be stopped by United States Marshals.

The affidavits filed were made by Pastor Wm. M. Jones, his wife, Mrs. Gertrude M. Jones; Harry B. Thearle of Chicago, and F. L. Pardee. Mrs. Jones deposed that she wrote to Palmer Cox, the author of the operetta, and he answered that he had disposed of his rights to Maj. J. B. Pond, who had given the exclusive privilege to present the play in Western cities to Mr. Thearle. She did not hear the title of Maj. Pond or Mr. Thearle questioned until last Wednesday.

ON HIS BOND.

ATTORNEY WAMHOFF STATES HE WILL SUE CONSTABLE DOLAN.

William Dudgeon, whose furniture was recently taken from him and sold under a judgment for $4.50 for rent, tells an interesting story.

He says he was sued in Justice Manning's court in September, 1893, for $4.50 due as rent for rooms at 1012 North Ninth street. The case was tried by Justice Sheehan on a change of venue.

About $85 or $95 worth of household goods were taken, he claims, and ordered sold to pay the judgment and costs of the court. They were advertised to be sold at Selkirk's warehouse on November 18. Dudgeon was there on that day, he alleges, with friends, but the sale did not take place. It was not again advertised, according to Dudgeon.

He says Clerk Nolan of Sheehan's court refused to give him a transcript of the case, including the return on the execution, as he desired to appeal to the Circuit Court.

Attorney Wamhoff secured a transcript, but without this return, so Dudgeon is still ignorant of the whereabouts of his goods. Wamhoff was seen in regard to the case and states that he intends to sue Constable Dolan on his bond, because, he claims, he levied on Dudgeon's property without recognizing his sworn statement of exemption under the law. The bond of the Constable is $5,000, and Col. Ed Butler, Sr., is security.

Attorney Wamhoff claims that he was informed that the property belonging to Dudgeon had been disposed of.

GOT AN INJUNCTION.

MEKEEL & CO. RESTRAINED FROM USING CERTAIN MAPS.

At the United States District Court Friday two suits were filed, one an injunction and one a replevin suit, by the Scott Stamp and Map Co. against the C. H. Mekeel Stamp and Publishing Co. and the Gast Lithographing Co. to enjoin them against using certain maps in stamp albums.

An order was issued by the court for defendants to show cause why a permanent injunction should not be filed against them, returnable Feb. 25. Meanwhile a temporary injunction was granted.

Democratic Love Feast.

The Democracy of the Twenty-seventh Ward held a love feast Thursday night at Dieterle's Hall near Tower Grove Park, at which 250 guests were present. Among the prominent members present were John P. Dolan, ex-Justice of the Peace Jeff Pollard, Frederick Walsh, M. J. Casey, Robert McKinsly, W. L. Jenkins, W. H. Holland and William Hill.

GRAY'S SUCCESSOR.

Ex-Gov. Crittenden May Be Minister to Mexico.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—The death of Minister I. P. Gray has given rise to rumors that ex-Gov. Crittenden of Missouri, Consul-General to Mexico, is likely to be promoted to fill the existing vacancy, and that Representative Buck Kilgore of Texas is very apt to be selected as Consul-General. Consul-General Crittenden is known to stand very high at the State Department, where his suavity and courteous bearing count for something, and he is believed to be in equal favor at the White House. No doubt his friends will be heard from very soon in his behalf, and an effort will be made to induce the President to give the Consul-Generalship, if it becomes vacant, to the member from Texas. Col. Kilgore was an applicant for the position before Gov. Crittenden was appointed. Since then he has been defeated for re-election to the House, and is practically a statesman out of a job. He was mentioned in connection with the Attorneyship for the Eastern District of Texas recently, but declined to allow his name even to be considered, by reason of his friendly relations to the leading candidate. He has been a steadfast Administration man and a loyal follower of Mr. Cleveland. He has preserved an untarnished record, and even yesterday in the vote on the bond bill stood by the Administration in refusing to vote. He is a pronounced silver advocate, but declined to cast a vote unfavorable to the President's views.

OBITUARY.

JOLIET, Ill., Feb. 15.—John Clarkson died here yesterday, aged 89. In 1891 he was sued for breach of promise by Mrs. Coleman of Chicago and she was awarded $5,000 damages. He was worth about $50,000 and had lived here fifty-eight years.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 15.—Judge Samuel Boyles, who formerly presided over the Circuit Court at Madison, Io., died here Thursday of pneumonia.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 15.—Ex-Judge Handley, one of the most prominent residents of Lackawanna County, died yesterday after being ill for one month with the grippe. He was a millionaire, and served a term on the bench as Judge of this county.

MOLINE, Ill., Feb. 15.—Stephen H. Velie, Secretary of Deere & Co., dropped dead at his home last night. He was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., sixty-five years ago, but had resided here since 1860.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 15.—Rev. Horace Worden, late chaplain of the 18th Regiment, United States Colored Infantry, died at the Soldiers' Home at Minnehaha yesterday, aged 83.

Mrs. Hanorah Walsh's Funeral.

The funeral of Mrs. Hanorah Walsh, who died Tuesday night, took place Friday morning from the family residence, 3129 North Twelfth street, to Our Lady of Good Counsel Church, and thence to Calvary Cemetery. The deceased was the wife of Peter Walsh, prominent in Sixth Ward Democratic politics, brother of Michael Walsh, the well-known sporting man.

The Rent Lists of the Sunday Post-Dispatch contained more advertisements of "Houses and Rooms to let" than any other St. Louis paper.

To Be Cremated.

Permission has been granted by the Board of Health for the incineration in the Missouri Crematory of the body of Mina Bosso of 700 Lucas avenue.

THE POWER OF MONEY

CLOTHING.

1500 Men's Fine Single and Double Breasted All-Wool Suits, regular $12, $15 and $18 qualities, Go in this great sale at...... $8.88

2000 pairs of Men's All-Wool $3.00 and $4.00 Pants at.......... $1.95

1100 Boys' All-Wool Suits, $4.00 and $5.00 qualities, at...... $2.45

2500 pairs All-Wool Knee Pants, odds and ends, worth as high as $1.50, at.. 50c

75 dozen MEN'S HATS, in black, blue and brown Derbys and Fedora shapes, worth $1.50 at. 78c

83 dozen Boys' Stanley Caps, worth 50c, at........ 15c

THE FAIR
Seventh and Franklin Av.

Rich & Co.'s Stock OF Furnishing Goods

That we bought for Spot Cash is going mighty fast.

4-Ply E. & W. Linen Collars, sizes 14, 16½, 17½, 18½ left, worth 25c, at.......... 5c
Rich & Co.'s 15c Handkerchiefs at.......... 4c
Rich & Co.'s 25c Suspenders at.......... 10c
Rich & Co.'s 35c Boys' Long Black All-Wool Hose at..... 13c
Men's and Boys' Undershirts, worth 50c at.......... 15c
Rich & Co.'s 50c Boys' Merino Undershirts and Drawers, 23c
Rich & Co.'s $1.25 Undershirts and Drawers, all colors, at.. 48c
Men's Fine Australian Wool Undershirts, worth $2, 79c
Rich & Co.'s 75c Percale Shirts laundered collars and cuffs, 39c
Rich & Co.'s $1.25 Percale Shirts and Madras, laundered collars and cuffs, six styles, at.... 59c
Rich & Co.'s 50c Half Hose in merino and all wool at..... 23c
Rich & Co.'s 75c All-Wool Mufflers at.......... 42c
Rich & Co.'s $1.00 Silk Mufflers, all colors, at...... 58c
Rich & Co.'s $1.25 Star Shirt Waists, all colors, at 75c
Rich & Co.'s $1.25 Gloves at.......... 48c
Rich & Co.'s 50c and 75c Neckwear, new and stylish, 23c

MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS

Children's 50c Camel Hair Underwear.......... 19c
Ladies' $1.50 Knit Underwear.......... 69c
Ladies' Fleece-Lined Underwear.......... 19c
Ladies' Muslin Underwear
LESS THAN HALF PRICE
Ladies' $1.50 Corsets.......... 69c
Ladies' 75c Corsets.......... 39c
Ladies' 25c Embroidered Handkerchiefs.......... 5c
Ladies' 35c Embroidered Handkerchiefs.......... 10c
Ladies' $1.75 Collarettes, slightly soiled.......... 25c
Crochet Cotton, all colors.......... 3c
Stay Binding, all colors, per package.......... 5c
Elastic, 10c quality.......... 5c
Ladies' $1.35 Kid Gloves, all colors.......... 50c
Ladies' $1.75 Kid Gloves, black and colors.......... 89c
All High-Priced Fancy Feathers.......... 5c
Ladies' Hat Shapes, all colors.......... 5c
200 Trimmed Hats.......... 25c

Bankrupt Sale Of Zieller & Friedman Stock of FINE SHOES.

Children's Rubbers, sizes 6 to 8, worth 25c, at..... 7c
Men's Dress Shoes, $1.50 kind.......... 98c
Men's Cork-Sole Shoes, $2.50 kind.......... $1 48
Men's Shoes, hand-sewed, worth $5, 12 different styles, at..... $2 48
Ladies' Dongola Button Shoes, all sizes, worth $1.50....... 89c
Ladies' Dongola Button, square and opera toe, $2 value.......... $1 14
Infants' Shoes, sizes 2 to 5, 50c kind.......... 29c
Child's Hand-turn, spring-heel, Kid Shoes, sizes 4 to 8, 75c kind.......... 49c
Child's Spring-heel, sizes 8 to 11, $1 quality..... 59c
Misses' Dongola Button, sizes 11 to 2, $1.25 kind, at.. 79c
Best Boys' Shoes made, 11 to 2, $1.75 kind.......... $1 14
Genuine Calf, every pair guaranteed, same shoe, sizes 2½ to 5, $2 kind.......... $1 29

THE FAIR
Seventh and Franklin Av.

THE REASONS WHY

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites is so useful in all wasting diseases, such as Consumption, Anæmia, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, and Marasmus and Rickets in children, is because it furnishes to the depleted blood the fattening and enriching properties of the oil, and to the bones and nervous system the phosphorescent and vitalizing properties of the Hypophosphites, which together nourish the body arrest the progress of the disease, and commence a process of repair that finally means restored health and vigor.

Don't be persuaded to accept a substitute!
Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c and $1.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

Daily and Sunday.

CHARLES H. JONES,
Editor and Manager.

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Sunday—Per Copy	5 Cents

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Daily—Per Week (Six Days)	6 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Week	10 Cents
Daily—Per Month (Week Days)	26 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month	45 Cents

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Daily—Per Month	26 Cents
Sunday—Per Month	20 Cents
Daily and Sunday Per Month	45 Cents
Daily—Per Annum	$3 12
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Subscribers who fail to receive their papers regularly will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

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S. C. Beckwith, Agent Foreign Advertising.

The POST-DISPATCH will accept advertising upon the distinct guarantee that its average city circulation, daily and Sunday, is greater than that of the Globe-Democrat and Republic combined.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—The Lost Paradise.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Marie Burroughs.
HAGAN—Corinne.
STANDARD—Rentz-Santley Co.
HAVLIN'S—My Aunt Bridget.
HOPKIN'S—Lew Dockstadter and Continuous Show.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

OLYMPIC—The Lost Paradise.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Marie Burroughs.
HAGAN—Corinne.
HAVLIN'S—My Aunt Bridget.
HOPKIN'S—Lew Dockstadter and Continuous

THE EXPECTED HAPPENS.

In spite of the large Democratic majority in the House of Representatives the Administration's financial scheme was yesterday defeated for the third time in that body. This was expected by all who understand the situation. It simply emphasized the determination of the Democratic party not to commit itself to the policy of gold monometalism which Mr. Cleveland, in co-operation with bankers on both sides of the Atlantic, is trying to enforce.

What the Democratic leaders clearly perceive is this: For any financial legislation that may be enacted by this Congress, and for its consequences near and remote, the Democratic party would be held to full responsibility. It has the President, it has the House and it has the largest vote in the Senate. The authorizing of new bonds on a gold basis, the expansion of the already excessive credit currency, the relinquishment to private corporations of the Government's sovereign right to furnish the money of the people, would be used as weapons against it in future campaigns.

After the 4th of March the conditions will be changed. The Republicans will have the House, the Republicans and Populists will have the Senate, and the Democrats will have the President. For any legislation enacted by the next Congress and signed by the President no party can be held solely responsible.

Such a situation is favorable to intelligent and reasonable compromise. Such a compromise will very likely be reached at the session of 1895-96. In the meantime existing laws give the Secretary of the Treasury ample power to protect the public credit, and for what is defective in these laws Democrats are not responsible.

RIGHTEOUS TAXATION.

Representative Julian of Kansas City scored a notable victory for the people in securing a favorable report from the Ways and Means Committee of the Missouri House on his bill providing for the taxation of franchises.

From $500,000,000 to $600,000,000 is a low estimate of the value of all the railroad and other franchises in the State. But this enormous wealth represents not a dollar of investment. It is unearned wealth freely given to corporations by the people's representatives in the State and municipal legislatures. If every dollar of the franchise value were taken in taxation by the State and the municipalities the corporations holding them would have no just cause of complaint. They would be deprived of nothing which represented investment or honest earnings—nothing but wealth created by the people and granted to the corporations by special privilege legislation.

The terms under which the city of Toronto has granted franchises for its street car system were detailed in yesterday's Post-Dispatch. The example of Toronto shows what can be done in the way of preserving the rights and interests of the people in the public franchises granted to street railway corporations. The citizens of Berne, Switzerland, pay no taxes, the entire cost of the city government being paid by the holders of city franchises, who pay into the city treasury one-fifth of their net receipts.

St. Louis is pinched for revenue and her people are oppressed with heavy taxes, while millions of unearned wealth have been absorbed by favored individuals in form of the stock of corporations which have obtained valuable franchises for a song. Taxes levied upon these franchises represent the most righteous form of taxation. They merely secure for the people the wealth that has been filched from them.

AN EXCELLENT EXAMPLE.

In voting down the preposterous proposition to make the Board of Police Commissioners bi-partisan the Missouri Legislature has profited by the experience of New York City and has set an excellent example to the Legislature of the State of New York.

Any set of men who may be chosen from one party or without regard to party to control the police are free to do their duty unhampered by party considerations. But when the law compels the division of police commissionerships between different parties each commissioner chosen under this rule goes into the board as the representative of his party charged with the special duty of looking after his party's interests. Under such circumstances the choice of commissioners would generally be dictated by the bosses of the party machines and the machine collar would be around their necks. Appointments to the police force would necessarily be the subject of the kind of bargains and deals which have made the New York police department a sink of corruption.

To make a police board bi-partisan by law is to force party considerations into all of its actions. Instead of keeping politics out of a board it thrusts politics into it and makes politics paramount in its work. The hands of party bosses are in all such schemes.

SPIDER AND FLIES.

No doubt the boar's head dinner which Boss Filley will give Speaker Russell, Mayor Walbridge and other distinguished gentlemen who have been entrusted with the interests of the people in various capacities will be a charming event. These gentlemen look upon the invitation to gather around Mr. Filley's mahogany as a high compliment and a distinguished mark of consideration from the chief of the Republican party in Missouri.

Of course, there will be no suggestion of political motives or plans outside of a high purpose to promote the public welfare by increasing the power and glory of the G. O. P. of Missouri. Mr. Filley is charged with having personal interests and schemes of bossism to push, but that is a popular illusion which will vanish under the pleasing influence of tasty dishes and inspiriting wines. Mr. Filley dispensing the good things of life will shine before his guests as a prince of good fellows, a jolly host and high-minded patriot. That is the proper effect of good dinners. The carefully constructed web of wires will be invisible and the only collars in sight will be white linen neckwear of the latest make.

The web of a watchful and busy spider is always an enticing place. It looks beautiful and harmless and the spider is a prince of good fellows until the foolish fly is caught. If Mr. Filley's guests are wise they will look out for the network of wires concealed under the table and keep one eye open for the trusks in the boar's head.

The circulation books and all the records of the Post-Dispatch are open to any advertiser who desires to test the guarantee that the bona fide paid circulation of the Sunday Post-Dispatch is greater than that of the Sunday Globe-Democrat or the Sunday Republic. The money paid for advertising will be refunded if the test fails.

The astute Clarkson, himself a "silver" man in the G. O. P., says that any "silver" candidate on the Republican presidential ticket would be defeated. "Even if elected," says Mr. Clarkson, "he would not be able to withstand the pressure upon him. It is easy enough to talk silver in the West, but when you go down East you get into another atmosphere. There the civilization, the wealth, the influence, the traditions—everything, is against you. So it would be with your silver President if you were lucky enough to get one. What you want is not a silver nominee, but a man like Allison, who will take his stand upon the no-veto platform, who will say that the people elect the Congress and rule through the Congress, and that whatever Congress does on a question like this must be permitted to stand without objection from the President." But isn't Mr. Clarkson damaging Mr. Allison in the East when he thus exposes the Allison scheme? Will the East tolerate any man who will not stand up against Congress or any other power opposed to the gold people? Is not Allison a worse blunderer than Reed?

The Missouri legislators, like the people of the West generally, are fully aware of the character of the scheme to unload the bankrupt Pacific railroads on the United States Government while the millionaire wreckers make off with their loot. The results of government ownership and management would probably be disappointing, but there is one duty that lies plain before the Attorney-General, and that is to proceed as promptly as possible against Huntington and the estates of Stanford and Crocker. There is $64,000,000 in sight for the Government along this line, and this is more than the syndicates are offering for the Government's entire claim against both roads. Huntington's anxiety for some sort of a compromise settlement is natural. He wants to get off with his millions, leaving the Government and the other creditors "two streaks of rust and a right of way."

The excuse which Mr. Pullman gave for not answering the subpoena of Judge Grosscup's court was that he was sick. He was not too sick, however, to take a train and leave Chicago or to return when it suited him to do so. But Judge Grosscup accepted the excuse without question or rebuke. Would he have accepted it so meekly if the man [illegible] o offered it had not been the own[illegible] millions? The power of money t[illegible] consideration for its owner in courts of law is not a pleasant thing for the people to contemplate.

The nations of the earth will be more or less astounded to read that August Belmont, who controls the financial destinies of the world's greatest people, is a small man who eats for his luncheon a little mutton hashed up with green peppers and washes it down with cold water. Perhaps they will not believe. A man with Mr. Belmont's awful power ought to weigh at least a ton and devour an ox at his roundest meal.

Mayor Schieren of Brooklyn, who had to handle the recent riots, declares that he will under no circumstances accept a renomination. There is a rumor in this connection that Mayor Schieren could not be re-elected if he were to become a candidate. Until corporations arrange to have strikers and their abettors disfranchised, there will always be trouble for riot mayors who want a second or third term.

As a result of Republican statutes, "the Government is paying this month the second installment of interest on the first bond issue by Mr. Carlisle, and the first installment on the second bond issue, which amounts in all to $1,800,000 in gold, while not a dollar of the gold turned into the Treasury as a result of the sale of this $100,000,000 of bonds remains to-day." Who says the new Congress ought not to be called together at the earliest moment?

It appears that the Kaiser has been getting the Scandinavian gods mixed up in his great poem. But no man can be expected to run an empire and keep track of the Northern gods at the same time. For all that the masses know, Aegir is as good as Aeger. We advise the imperial poet to stick to Aegir and confound the critics with his army.

Those noble financiers, the Belmont-Morgan syndicate, are requiring bankers subscribing for the bonds to pledge themselves not to draw gold out of the Treasury to make their purchases. How insignificant the power and prestige of President, Senate and House compared with that of little August Belmont and his associates.

Dropping from railroads to Congress and dropping from Congress to railroads seems to be easy to our statesmen. Senator Manderson is to be the General Solicitor of the Burlington & Missouri River system. These droppings, however, do not always sever the tender ties between statesmen and railroads.

The new Czar's valentines yesterday were no doubt full of blood-curdling threats, and some of them may have kindly fixed for him the date of his assassination. When Grover thinks himself worried let him reflect on Nicholas' job.

If Senator Hill can get the inquisitorial features of the income tax law repealed, it will be the next thing to repealing the law itself. The "inquisitorial" features in all tax laws are what are depended upon to bring the taxes.

It was clear that Uncle Filley was making a mistake when he did not go to Jefferson City early in the session. Everything up there is at sixes and sevens, and there is no reform in sight.

Representative Hopkins does not allow the Administration any credit for finding somebody to plug the Treasury. It is easy to sell bonds, but a Treasury plug isn't always offered as a bonus.

Rufus Napoleon Ramsay, had his schemes turned out as they promised, would have been in a position to join the other bankers in aiding the Government to issue gold bonds.

Collis Huntington is busy with our United States Senators once more. If Huntington and the Havemeyers were to drop out suddenly would we have to dispense with Congress?

The sympathizer with Compton Heights who shut off the water in his cellar now finds that his pipe is frozen under the ground. The trials of life accumulate in an unusual winter.

With Li Hung Chang's yellow jacket and peacock feather restored, and the Chinese commanders committing suicide, the affairs of China may presently begin to look up.

When the great West shall take its proper share in American affairs, public buildings of our enduring Missouri granite will be no exceptional views.

The people expect the Council committee to report a fender bill which will assure the placing of the best obtainable fender on every street car.

The report that the Democrats are going to put Mr. Reed in a hole makes Mr. McKinley feel like being a Democrat himself for a few days.

Mr. Reed is urged by some of his friends to take a purely patriotic course, but it isn't patriotic to disappear when a Pacific railroad vote is on.

"Preserving the nation's credit" means to the bond-buyers the very highest obtainable per cent and everything to be paid in gold.

The mule car line and the bridge arbitrary are two institutions for which no disinterested St. Louisan has the nerve to apologize.

If Uncle Filley's luncheon to-morrow shall unite the Mayor and himself on the merit system, what a banquet it will be.

"Stop deficiencies," says Mr. McKinley. Would the Ohio man have been a better man in Benjamin Harrison's place?

The President's fancy new dark red sleigh is probably not a revenue cutter.

Will the senatorial plum be discussed at Boss Filley's [illegible]

MEN OF MARK.

Gladstone has just written the preface for a Bible.

Brigadier General Comstock of the Engineer Corps has been retired, having passed the 64-year limit.

Gen. Booth has at last decided to locate his over-sea colony in Manitoba, preferring that State to Australia.

Prince Maffeo Sciarro was fined $350 for taking his paintings out of Germany without permission of the Government.

In China there is a Heavenly Foot Society made up of young men who are under a vow never to marry a woman whose feet are smaller than nature intended.

James Paxton Voorhees, son of Senator Voorhees of Indiana, has just completed a bust of Richard Malcomb Johnson of Kentucky, once Vice-President, which will be placed in the Senate chamber.

James J. Corbett says: "Inside of two years there will not be a club in the country and pugilists will be fighting in barns and fields for purses of $100 and $200, just as they used to. The newspapers are responsible for it."

Leo XIII. at 85 is exceedingly abstemious in his diet. For breakfast, a cup of coffee with bread; for dinner, soup, a modicum of meat and a vegetable, with a small glassful of Bordeaux wine; for supper, soup with bread, and the same quantity of wine.

President Faure is the first of the series of presidents to smoke. Thiers never smoked. MacMahon had given up tobacco before his election. So had Grevy. Neither Carnot nor Cassimir-Perier used a pipe. Much interest is found also in loking up the past of President Faure. There is not a trace of aristocracy about him. His father was a journeyman carpenter and married his employer's daughter. He rose to be a chairmaker. The President himself learned tanning.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Patti is now farewelling Germany.

Wood carving is the latest fad of the Princess of Wales.

Octave Thanet, the popular story writer, says that if necessary she could support herself as a cook.

Mrs. Dodge, nee Anna G. Peabody, of Newburyport, Mass., is a member of the Hawaiian Board of Education.

In Australia they have a new word, "stateswoman," and Miss Flora Shaw is the first to be credited with it.

Mrs. Margaret Deland, author of "John Ward, Preacher," devotes as much time to philanthropy as to literature. She is deeply interested in the work in Boston among outcast women.

Empress Eugenie in her English home is constantly besieged by applicants for assistance. These come chiefly from France in the form of begging letters, most of them in the name of religion.

Over $100,000 worth of jewels were presented to Peppina Crispi, now Princess Linguaglossa, on her wedding day. But Premier Crispi roughly refused the presents sent by his political enemies, more especially that of his rival, Brin.

Mrs. William Douglas Sloane recently gave a german at which the favors were card cases and pen-wipers, and 1,500 yards of ribbon were used in them and ten people were kept employed on them for two weeks.

When the Empress of Austria first married it was thought highly improper for royalty to carry an umbrella. Consequently, whenever it threatened to rain, she was unable to have her accustomed walk. She moped so much that her husband declared that henceforth umbrellas should not be contrary to the etiquette.

SEASONABLE JESTS.

Galveston News—It takes a man with a deal of push about him to get a pull these days.

Cincinnati Tribune—Jones: "How's Wheeler getting along since he bought a bicycle?" "On crutches I believe."

Cleveland Plain Dealer—No trouble to meet an emergency. But what to do with it is what makes a fellow hustle.

Chicago Record—The Lincoln eulogies were imposing and fitting. Wherein they differ from the statesman's monument as it now stands.

Chicago Inter-Ocean—"Did you think of me often when you were away?"

She: "Yes; there was three or four of the gentlemen I met reminded me just once in a while of you."

London Answers—We often sneer at the Egyptians for being a slow people, but, on the contrary, they must have been a very busy race. Even the mummies appear to have been pressed for time.

Detroit Free Press—Ethel: "She would have married him were it not for one thing."

Marie: "What was that?"

Ethel: "He had no bad habits for her to break him of."

'Tis an Ill Wind, Etc.

From the Topeka State Journal.

Gold is coming back from Europe. The steamship companies must be deriving a good revenue from the play.

A Distinction Which Is a Difference.

From the Chicago Times.

A public bond issue ought to be a public bond issue, and a private snap ought to be a private snap. This is not only a condition, but also a theory which confronts us.

COLORADO'S CATTLE.

It May Be Decided to Admit Them to British Ports.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 15.—A resolution framed by State Veterinary Gresswell, affirming the freedom of all cattle in Colorado from disease and authorizing the State Veterinary Board to take necessary steps toward securing a port of entry for Colorado cattle in Great Britain, has been introduced in the Legislature. Should this resolution go through both the House and Senate in all probability the British Government will be invited to send experts over to this State to investigate the claims it makes, Colorado paying the expenses.

Over a year ago Dr. Gresswell went to Washington and laid before the authorities the fact that Colorado cattle had and could have no such contagious disease as tuberculosis, bovine fever, Texas fever or pleuro-pneumonia, against which four diseases the ports of Europe are now guarded. Secretary Morton agreed to take the matter up with the British Agricultural Association and promised to give it his fullest attention. He did this, but he classed Colorado cattle in with the cattle from every other State in the Union, and so the matter died a natural death. Thereupon Dr. Gresswell entered into correspondence with the British authorities, and he has received a promise that if his representations of the immunity of Colorado cattle from diseases are correct the quarantine may be raised to admit them into British ports.

THAT STRAWBOARD TRUST.

Its Strange Objection to Evidence in an Illinois Court.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 15.—A suit is on trial here between the Peoria Strawboard Company and the American Strawboard Company, commonly known as the Strawboard Trust. The Peoria mill was leased and shut down by the trust on a rental of $5,000 a month. The trust defalted in the payments and suit was brought. The trust opposed the admission of the contract and leases as evidence, on the ground that the contracts were in restriction of trade and therefore illegal, and that they should not be used in evidence for that reason. The court decided that the contracts and leases should be admitted. The general officers of the trust are here fighting the case.

AND A RIGHT GOOD CAPTAIN, TOO.

NEW YORKERS DRINK THE HEALTH OF LA GASCOGNE'S SKIPPER.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Captain Baudelon and the officers of La Gascogne were entertained at dinner last night at the Hotel Martin by Mr. A. A. Riche, who, for four days, has been one of the happiest men in New York. As the ten naval guests from La Gascogne entered the dining room in full uniform they were greeted by shouts of "Vive Baudelon!" Ladies waved their handkerchiefs and men grasped the hands of the officers. Then all standing drank to the both of the staunch ship and her brave commander.

AMUSEMENT WORLD.

Attractions Next Week at the Play Houses—"The Brownies."

St. Louis is to have an opportunity to hear Miss Olga Nethersole next week at the Grand Opera-house. It will no doubt be accepted by more than the ordinary number of theater-goers, as this young English woman has been so commented upon since her arrival in this country as to be of almost as much interest as Bernhardt. She will be seen in "Camille," "Frou Frou," "Romeo and Juliet," and "The Transgressor."

"Humpty Dumpty Up to Date" is the style of the new piece which the comical little Liliputians will present next week at the Olympic. It is said to be the best thing in which they have yet been seen. All of the favorites are still with the company.

Herbert Hall Winslow's new satirical piece "Alimony," which was seen at the Grand during the early part of the season, will be put on at the Hagan Sunday by the comedians Murphy and Canfield. It is said to be in better shape than when first seen here owing to the combined efforts of author and players.

"A Railroad Ticket," with a competent company, will be put on at Havlin's Sunday. This piece continues the success it attained on its first production.

Pope's Theater will present Milton Noble's "The Phoenix" the coming week as its dramatic atraction. The vaudeville olio will be new and contain some strong features.

NO INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Judge Amos M. Thayer refused to grant the injunction prayed for by the theatrical firm of Jefferson, Klaw and Erlanger restraining the performance of Palmer Cox' "The Brownies in Fairyland," so that the children were allowed to carry through their entertainment. This they did with great talent, rendering the difficult choruses and intricate dances in a pleasing and entertaining way. The principal parts were taken by Francis Young, Joseph Cosby, Effie Gormley, Emily Young, Adele Scherr and Bessie Holz, and all of them deserve the highest praise. In truth every one of the little ones, whose ages range from 4 to 15 years, acquitted themselves admirably. The performance will be repeated to-night and Saturday afternon and evening. The performance is given in Entertainment Hall.

The contention of the New York managers is that they have the exclusive right to the piece. They are now presenting it in New York.

AN UNDOUBTED TRUTH.

Guy Wilson, the advance man for Francis Wilson, who follows Miss Nethersole at the Grand, tells this one on himself. He arrived in the city yesterday from Indianapolis, and when about an hour's ride from St. Louis he bethought himself of the new station here. Leaning over he addressed a man who was dozing in the seat in front of him, thuswise:

"Does this train stop at the Union Station?"

"Well, if it don't," said the man, "you'll get the darndest bumping you ever got in your life."

Mr. Wilson subsided.

ITALIAN OPERA ASSURED.

Manager Frank Gaiennie received a letter from John E. Warren, representing Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau, relative to reports about the opera company not appearing in this city.

Mr. Warren seems worried at the rumor and writes concerning it as follows:

"Will you kindly give the press their assurance that Abbey, Schoeffel and Grau's Grand Italian Opera Company will positively appear at Exposition Music Hall during the week of April 1. Assure them that there is nothing problematical about this at all, that the ensemble of this great organization is grander than ever before and will appear and present a series of the greatest operas in as perfect a manner as all the recent improvments and advantages make possible."

This will be welcome news to the lover of opera in this city.

COAL GOES DOWN.

Car-Load Lots Are Offered in Chicago at $1.10 a Ton on the Tracks.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Coal was offered in car-load lots at $1.10 a ton on the tracks in Chicago yesterday. This was the lowest price touched since the coal war commenced. So far it is only Western coal which is affected in price by the fight between the railroad companies, but if the war continues the Eastern mine owners and railroads will be active participants. A number of coal men from Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania are in the city. The rate war begun by the Monon and the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railways has been joined in by the Chicago and Alton, the Wabash and the Illinois Central railways. The effect of reducing the rate schedule has begun to be felt by the Eastern mine operators and large dealers. Protests did not avail, and after several sessions in Columbus, the coal men decided to come to Chicago to see what they could do to conserve their interests.

VERY MUCH MARRIED.

O'Donnell of Butte Says His Wife Is Well Supplied With Husbands.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 15.—According to the complaint of Chas. J. O'Donnell, a young business man of this city, in a suit for the annulment of his marriage, his wife is well supplied with husbands. O'Donnell married Viola May, an actress, at Kootenai, Idaho, in May, 1892. They lived together three months, when he discovered she had another husband, Jacob Price, living in Denver. O'Donnell left her and brought suit to annul the marriage. He appeared in court and secured permission to amend his complaint by alleging he had discovered three other husbands of his wife. It is said one is named Walsh, living in Chicago; one is M. L. Marziotta, whose residence is unknown, and one named May, who is believed to be somewhere in California. The woman was last heard of in San Francisco, and O'Donnell says he has reason to believe that she has again married.

CHAS. WHEATLEIGH DEAD.

He Was With Augustin Daly's Company for Seventeen Years.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Charles Wheatleigh, for seventeen years past a member of Augustin Daly's stock company, and one of the oldest actors in this country, died last night at his home in this city of apoplexy. He had been rehearsing at Daly's Theater in the "Two Gentlemen of Verona," which will shortly be produced, and went home apparently in good health and spirits. His death was so sudden and unexpected that his niece, with whom he lived, could hardly realize it.

Mr. Wheatleigh's last appearance in public was only a few weeks ago, when he appeared with Miss Ada Rehan in "Twelfth Night."

LADY LUCAS LANGDON NICHOLAS.

MIND-READER BISHOP'S MOTHER CALLS ON THE MAYOR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The mother of Washington Irvin Bishop, the mind-reader, who died at the Lamb's Club several years ago, called on Mayor Strong last night. She introduced herself as Lady Lucas Langdon Nicholas, and said that her husband was a grandson of Nicholas I. She told the Mayor of the autopsy performed on her son, and of how the surgeons engaged in it had been indicted, but never brought to trial. She announced that she was still on the trail of Delancey Nicoll, whom she blames for having had the indictment dismissed. The Mayor listened attentively, but had no comment to make. Lady Lucas was not satisfied. She said she would get up a public meeting and expose Mr. Nicoll. When she left she said she was going to call on District Attorney Fellowes.

Architectural League's Reception.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The annual reception of the Architectural League was held last night in the galleries of the Fine Arts Society Building. The exhibition will open to-day. The decorative and sculptural exhibits are of the most general interest.

COUNT AND CASH.

Castellane and Anna Gould to Be Married by Archbishop Corrigan.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Count Castellane arranged yesterday afternoon to have Archbishop Corrigan perform the marriage ceremony, which will unite Miss Anna Gould and himself.

The statement published in various journals that a Presbyterian clergyman would officiate at the marriage was absurd on the face of it, as the bridegroom-elect is a strict Catholic.

There is every probability that the wedding will be celebrated on the first Monday in March, which is a couple of days more than two weeks from now.

The contingency is as to a very remote possibility of the parents of the bridegroom, Marquis and Marquise de Castellane and his brother, Count Jeane de Castellane, somewhat his junior, not reaching here in time. The cablegram announcing their intention to take the trip and witness the marriage reached here Wednesday, and it is not likely that they will delay their departure from France unnecessarily.

The front drawing room of the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Gould on upper Fifth avenue will be the scene of the wedding. The bride will be exquisitely arrayed, and attended by Miss Montgomery, Miss Kittie Cameron, daughter of Sir Roderick Cameron, and perhaps two other young women. Count de Castellane will have for his groomsmen his brother, Count Jean de Castellane, Prince Del Drago, of Spain, now here at the Waldorf, Howard Gould, brother of the bride and Raoul Duval, a young Frenchman, who has been over as long as Count de Castellane. The ceremony will be performed at noon, and will be followed by a superb bridal breakfast and general reception.

The fact that the names of Mr. and Mrs. George Gould and Miss Anna Gould were published in some journals as being present at the very smart dance given Wednesday evening at Hodgsons by Count Alexander Hadik has caused quite a little tempest. This is because they were not invited, and in consequence Count de Castellane who was, did not attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Gould on that evening gave a little banquet at the Waldorf to a few particular friends.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Items of General Interest Gathered by Washington Correspondents.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—Owing to ambiguities in the present laws relating to the payment of accrued pensions, and to the conflicting constructions bearing on them, the Interior Department a year or more ago entirely suspended action in such cases. A bill on the subject was prepared at the department and sent to both Houses of Congress. The Senate in August last passed the bill and it was sent to the House Committee on Invalid Pensions. That committee, however, regarding its language as somewhat involved, has decided to report a substitute which, though differing in form from the Senate bill, aims at substantially the same object.

Representative Sickles of New York has introduced a bill in the House providing that military organizations furnished by Pennsylvania under the President's call of June 15, 1863, which rendered actual military service, shall be considered to have formed a part of the military establishment of the United States. The Secretary of the War is authorized to issue certificates of discharge for all honorably discharged members of the organizations referred to, but no person is to receive any pay, pension, bounty or other allowance by reason of this act.

Several Indian agents have reached the city to confer with the Interior Department on reservation matters. The agents are Capt. John L. Bullis, Pueblo, and Jicarilla agency, New Mexico; Thomas B. Teter, Fort Hall agency, Idaho, and Lewis T. Erwin, Yakima agency, Washington.

Some interesting evidences of the amount of stationery Congressmen draw out of their legal allowances is shown by the session accounts that are now being filed in the clerk's office of the House of Representatives. Each Representative and delegate is entitled to $125 worth of paper, pens, ink, pencils, etc., every session of Congress, and if he does not avail himself of the full extent of the privilege he can draw the balance in cash. This Congress members have been unusually fortunate, as there have been three separate sessions, entitling them to an aggregate statinery account of $375. Not a baker's dozen have taken out their full quota of stationery and the great majority have drawn but a few dollars' worth. One of the accounts recently filed showed that a Congressman had drawn but three cents worth of stationery during the session, while a number of other accounts were from $1 to $10. Each committee of the House is entitled to a certain amount of pens, ink, paper, etc., every session, and members avail themselves freely of this in preference to the troublesome and more expensive method of keeping a private supply.

MINISTER GRAY DEAD.

The Distinguished Indianian Expires in the City of Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, Feb. 15.—Isaac Pusey Gray, United States Minister to Mexico, died here at 7:05 o'clock Thursday night. He had just arrived here Thursday morning from Washington, D. C. He was taken ill on the train after leaving St. Louis and at 2 a. m. Thursday the porter found him unconscious. Upon arriving here he was carried on a stretcher to the American Hospital, where he passed away without ever regaining consciousness. His wife and son, Pierce Gray, were at his bedside, as well as a number of intimate friends of the Gray family.

Minister Gray was born at Downington, Pa., in 1828. In 1854 he married Miss Eliza Jaqua at New Madison, O., and then moved to Union City, Ind. He began life as a dry goods clerk, but subsequently become a lawyer. During the war he was a captain in the Fourth Indiana Cavalry. In 1866 he was elected to the State Senate as a Republican. In 1876 he was elected Lieutenant Governor of Indiana as a Democrat.

On the death of Gov. Williams he held the executive chair for the remainder of the term. In 1884 he was elected Governor of Indiana. In 1893 President Cleveland appointed him Minister to Mexico.

MARTIN-THOMPSON.

The Approaching Nuptial Exciting Interest in New York Society.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The World says: The wedding of Howard Townsend Martin and Camille S. Thompson at St. Louis, which will take place Saturday, Feb. 23, is of much interest to New Yorkers. It will be celebrated at 6 p. m. at Christ Church Cathedral, and Dean Schuyler will perform the ceremony. The bridegroom-elect is a brother of Bradley Martin and Frederick Townsend Martin of this city, and the latter will be his best man. Bradley Martin, Jr., the bride's two brothers, Ford Thompson and Wirth Thompson, both great favorites at Yale College, and three other young men, shining lights of St. Louis, will be ushers. Miss Grace Thompson will be her sister's maid of honor, and there will be no bride maids. Three thousand invitations for the church ceremony has been sent out. This will not be followed by a reception. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William B. Thompson.

FOR PAULINE MARKHAM.

EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS REALIZED BY A THEATRICAL BENEFIT.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—At the Garden Theater a benefit was given last night to Miss Pauline Markham. Among those who tendered their services were Lydia Thompson, Bessie Bonehill and Harry Wright. Eight hundred dollars was realized.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

EAST AND WEST.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Panics are not generally considered blessings. To some, however, they are. Take the old grain panics that made Joseph Viceroy of Egypt and Pharaoh the sole owner of the money, cattle, lands and persons of the Egyptians. (See Genesis, chapters 41 and 47.)

The panic is the harvest time of the plutocrat.

A director of a national bank, who, by the way, stands very close to Mr. Cleveland, told me that he "had foreseen the panic" and had called in all his money. It is evident that a man who has ready money and can foresee events a couple of years in advance is at a tremendous advantage in the market. Think of the bargains in real estate, in stocks and bonds, not to mention silver and our coming bi-metallic standard.

See the vast sums of Eastern money coming to St. Louis for investment in real estate at bed-rock prices.

There is just as much wealth in the country as there was, but it is rapidly changing hands.

"Black Friday" was engineered by men who "couldn't tell what would happen if gold went to a premium" and who "knew less about finance than a bar-room loafer out at the toes." Remember that and then tell us if it is all accidental. Panics occur when "needed" and are used to gather up the wealth of good years by creating bad years artificially. Is a panic brought on by the banks hoarding money and by persistent attacks on our credit by interested parties accidental?

The East lives on the blood of the West and South. Down with the royal house of Pharaoh! The West is purer politically than the East. Give us a Western President.

A WESTERNER.

INNOCENT SUNDAY SPORTS.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In a recent Sunday Post-Dispatch one "James McKenzie" of Thirteenth and Washington avenue, seems very jubilant over the efforts of the "hayseeds" to stop base ball playing on Sunday. Why should he interfere when thousands of us enjoy ourselves and the majority of us can go only on Sunday? Base ball is a good and honest sport, that is patronized by many of our best citizens and indorsed by some of our prominent clergymen. The Post-Dispatch is the champion of all legitimate sports, and I am glad to see it standing up for the people's rights.

P. C. DWYER.
1111 North Twenty-third street.

THE BADGE OF SERVITUDE.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The "visible mark of manhood" resolution passed by the Trades and Labor Union indicates that our civilization is advancing backward.

To recognize escaped slaves the ancients used to slit the noses and bore the ears of the slaves. Christianity improved upon this horrid mutilation by substituting the milder mutilation of shaving.

Shaving is a survival of the ancient custom of mutilating the slaves; it is a badge of servitude.

Hotel proprietors have the right to engage beardless men if they so will, and as the waiter market is overstocked they generally have their way. It is needless to tell the waiters to go elsewhere if they do not lik it, for no matter where they go the same conditions prevail.

Passing resolutions against forcible shaving is merely a protest against present social conditions. Strange as it may seem, the waiters are instrumental in upholding "tramp factories," and they may blame themselves if those whom they prevent from employing themselves become waiters and compete with them in the open labor market, thereby making it possible for employers to dictate terms unknown when the earth was the Lord's and the fullness thereof.

UNCLE TOM.

WET STREET CARS.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I think the Olive street line is one of the best managed roads in the city, but to make ladies ride in wet cars as they are now doing is a disgrace to the line.

R.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

L. H.—The groom buys the wedding ring.

H. J.—The player scoring low jack goes out first.

F. E. H.—What do you mean by a paper nickel?

S. R.—Any liquid will evaporate if left exposed to the air.

J. B.—In draw poker with dice sixes are higher than aces.

F. W.—The James Haward was burned Sunday, March 13, 1881, at 10 p. m.

N. N.—Women is the feminine of men. We do not understand what you want.

A CONSTANT OBSERVER.—The Sullivan-Corbett fight lasted twenty-one rounds.

W. H. R.—The information you desire cannot be furnished as it relates to a private firm.

CASINO PLAYER.—Yes, the second combination can be built before picking up the first.

A SUBSCRIBER.—Any attorney will inform you in regard to filing mechanics' liens and the cost.

F. B.—It is customary for the groom to make the bride a present, but there is no legal obligation.

T. J. S. EVERETT.—The gentleman should precede the lady on entering the aisle in a theater.

INTELLIGENT.—There is no law to prevent the President of the United States from leaving the country.

CONSTANT READER.—It indicates that one heart has been pierced by Cupid's dart and the other is whole.

EDWIN O'CONNOR.—The Standard Theater has the largest seating capacity of any theater in the city.

READER.—Returns for the income tax must be made before March 1, whether you receive a notice or not.

A SUBSCRIBER.—An honorable discharge from the United States Army is equivalent to naturalization.

A DESPONDENT.—The seats you inquire about are often occupied by respectable people of moderate means.

JOLLY GIRL.—It is customary for the bride's parents to furnish her without an outfit usually called a trousseau.

CONCTANT READER.—The by-laws of organizations differ as to the duties of committees and the power of their Presidents.

SUBSCRIBER.—The Collector of Internal Revenue will furnish you with a blank which contains full instructions for making returns.

H. K., Pocahontas, Ill.—Architect Legg drew the design for the New Union Station. Adams & Chandler were the building contractors.

J. A. K.—Any one born in Germany is called a German. The people of Holland are Dutch. The word Deutschland, German for Germany, is probably the cause of your confusion.

E. H.—As the President is Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army, he is empowered to send troops into any State where it is necessary to protect United States property or enforce any Federal law.

F. N.—The visiting days at the Poor-house are Tuesdays and the hours from 10 to 12 and 2 to 4. The visiting days at the Insane Asylum are all days of the week except Sunday and the afternoons of Wednesday and Thursday.

SUBSCRIBER.—1. If registered your label will be protected by the trade mark laws. The composition will also have to be patented. 2. Send label to Washington, D. C., for registration. 3. Inquire at the City Collector's office in the Court-house in regard to license.

Both Are Money.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Constitution and laws of the United States recognize both gold and silver as money, in the ratio of one to sixteen, and it is perfectly plain to a mind unwarped by Wall street that the Government may redeem its bonds or its notes in either or both metals.

Alas for Addicks!

From the Boston Globe.

A man cannot always secure a senatorship, even after he has paid for it.

The Indications.

From the Boston Herald.

The indications are that Congress will only have time to consider the [illegible] the appropriation bills.

WITH HOTSHOT

The Battle Begins on the Filley Election Bill.

Drabelle's Amendment Shut Out by 64 to 50.

CRISP DEFINES THE MORAL STATUS OF WARD POLITICIANS.

Unfit for Entry Into Purgatory—Democrats Plead for a Fair Non-Partisan Law—Beer Inspection Bill Blocked by Moran.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—Promptly at 10 o'clock the battle over the Filley election bill began in the House of Representatives.

Mr. Tatum wanted the so-called committee amendments acted on first; after that any other amendments offered.

Mr. Moran notified Mr. Julian openly that the committee amendments were now on the clerk's desk. Mr. Julian denied that there were any committee amendments. No amendments had been acted upon by the committee. The bill was then taken up by sections. Mr. Julian offered the first amendment, which was unimportant, and was adopted on Tatum's motion to get it out of the way. Mr. Tatum then offered the first important amendment, which included the Recorder of Voters in the Board of Commissioners, making him President, and requiring that at least two of the members shall be of opposite political parties.

Mr. Drabelle supported it with a speech, declaring that the Democrats only wanted a fair law.

Mr. Drabelle reminded the Republicans that while his amendment provided for a majority of Democrats on the Election Commission the control of the board was left with the Circuit Court; that this was not the only body that must act on the pending measure, and that any exhibition of political interference here might be met with retaliatory action in the Senate.

Col. Crisp had the amendment reported. He declared that the land was cursed with too much complex law. He excoriated politicians who would mislead and swindle the people with intricate and deceptive election laws. The people wanted simplicity, freedom. But he well knew that they could get no such boon from their lawmakers. But he paid high personal eulogies to Gmelich of Cooper, Bittinger of Buchanan, Higbee of Schuyler and Pettijohn of Linn, for their fairness and toleration and also, as he added, a "to my acute friend, the member from Sullivan" (Swanger), at which well-understood satire the House roared.

Whenever the Speaker heard the words "Australian ballot" he was indignant. He did not want free America to draw her election law from the penitentiary of England, Australia. He did not even want an election law from England herself, much less from her penal colony. He did not want a partisan ballot and did not want the courts of this country dragged into politics. We had been told that Kansas City and St. Louis are the Sodoms and Gomorrahs of Missouri politics. He did not know about St. Louis, but he declared that a Kansas City politician went to purgatory and his credentials were rejected on the ground that his company was prejudicial to the good order and decency of the place.

Mr. Davis of Taney wanted to know whether the rejected was a Democrat or Republican.

Mr. Crisp retorted that "the radical encyclopedia had not arrived in —— at that time," and hence he could not answer that question.

He commended Gov. Stone for his personal efforts to ferret out the iniquities of Kansas City politics.

Mr. Avery followed Col. Crisp in support of the Drabelle amendment. After he had spoken five minutes Mr. Moran moved the previous question on Drabelle's amendment. It was ordered and a viva voce vote taken. The ayes and noes were called for on the amendment after it was declared lost, and Mr. Moran raised the point that the demand was not made in time. The chair sustained the point of order. Mr. Drabelle then moved a reconsideration of the vote on the amendment, and demanded the ayes and nays. The vote on this was: Ayes, 61; nays, 58, and the motion to reconsider was declared carried.

The amendment was then put to an aye and nay vote, the chair ignoring demands for a recess. The vote on the Drabelle amendment resulted: Ayes, 50; nays, 64, and it was lost. A recess was then taken until 2:30 p. m.

TO KNOCK OUT GARBAGE MILLS.

Senator Mott has in hand and ready for introduction in the Senate a measure that will undoubtedly revive the St. Louis Reduction Works fight. It is as follows:

An act to amend chapter 47, article 8, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1889, entitled "Offenses Against Public Morals and Decency," by adding a new section thereto, to be known as section 3,849a.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri as follows:

Sec. 3849a. No person shall establish or carry on any factory of the kind mentioned in the preceding section (3849) without first having obtained a permit for the establishment or carrying on of such factory at the place where it is desired to locate or operate the same from the County Court of the county, or if within the limits of any city not included in any county, then from the Mayor of such city; provided that before granting a permit for the establishment or operation of such factory such County Clerk or Mayor of a city shall grant a hearing to any person or persons living or owning property in the vicinity where it is proposed to establish or operate such works.

IN MORAN'S POCKET.

How the St. Joe Member Juggled the Beer Inspection Bill.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—The holding of the Republican caucus on the election bill was responsible for the neglect of the Ways and Means Committee's hearing on the beer inspection bill, and Senator Mott waited about two hours before a quorum of the committee could be secured. When Moran, Tatum and Bittinger arrived Mr. Mott made his argument, and the measure was partially discussed without, however, any conclusion being reached. It is understood that an effort will be made to get some of the brewers up here to plead their own case. Following is a summary of the argument of Mr. Mott. The figures given were furnished by the St. Louis brewers:

The total assessed value of the various breweries in the city of St. Louis is as follows	$4,999,000.40
On which the brewers pay a tax of $2.05 per $100	100,843.75
Number of saloons in the city of St. Louis	2,000
They pay a city and State tax of $625 each	1,250,000.00
Number of barrels of beer manufactured in St. Louis	2,200,000
On which it is proposed by this bill to put an additional tax of 25 cents per barrel, making a total additional tax of	550,000.00
Number of men employed in the different breweries in St. Louis is at present	3,684
Which number will be increased as soon as warm weather sets in	2,000
Total directly employed	5,684

"This does not take into consideration," said Mr. Mott, "the thousands indirectly employed, such as the mechanics who manufacture the packing cases and the bottles, and who attend to the shipping. If the bill is passed it would place St. Louis breweries at an enormous disadvantage toward the breweries outside this State, for the St. Louis beer would cost 25 cents per barrel more than outside beer, and of course St. Louis breweries would have to ask that much more in selling it to consumers in Missouri, which cannot be done, for the present prices of beer are as low already as they possibly can be. And the general supposition that the breweries make enormous profits on their beer is erroneous.

NEARLY ALL LOST MONEY.

"The fact is that last year most of the breweries not only made no money, but they lost. And if the beer inspection bill is passed, I am satisfied that a number of small breweries will have to close up entirely. I have a telegram from the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association to the effect that they are not in favor of the beer inspection bill, but are decidedly opposed thereto, believing it to be positively detrimental to the brewing interests of St. Louis by imposing on them an unnecessary burden. If passed they cannot compete with shipping breweries outside of Missouri, as it will give them an advantage of 25 cents per barrel in price.

"The entire taxable wealth of the city of St. Louis aggregates $308,400,000, on the assessment of June 1, 1894. And last year, out of a total tax collected from the entire State of $2,800,000 the city of St. Louis paid $1,110,000. It will be seen from the figures that I have presented to you that the brewers of St. Louis paid a very large portion of this amount. The largest brewery in the world is the Anheuser-Busch, whose capacity is 800,000 barrels per annum, and this association would, if this bill were passed, be compelled to pay $200,000 additional, more than the large amount that they now pay. Their own property is assessed $1,245,050. In all of these figures I have not mentioned the merchants' and manufacturers' licenses that our various breweries pay.

"The second largest brewery in the world is the Pabst Brewery in Milwaukee, which ships beer to all the cities on the Mississippi south of St. Louis as far as and including New Orleans, as cheap, and, in some instances, cheaper, than can be done from the city of St. Louis. This is owing to the fact that they have been enabled, so far, to make better freight and express rates. People are always going to buy in the cheapest market, without regard to whether our beer is better or not; and the consequences of this pernicious legislation would be a fatal blow against one of the most important industries in our city—bringing them down in ruins, and dragging thousands of men and their families who are depending for daily bread upon the work given to them by the breweries in the general ruin. There are no more law-abiding citizens or men of greater public enterprise in our city and State than the brewers."

MORAN BLOCKS THE BILL.

In the House Ways and Means Committee last night Representative Moran (Rep. of Buchanan) deliberately left the room to break a quorum and prevent a vote ordering a report in favor of the beer inspection bill introduced by Gurney of Caldwell, and on Julian's bill providing for the taxation of franchises. Before he went, Moran had a personal altercation with Representative Davidson, because Moran peremptorily ordered Bittinger not to report the beer inspection bill. Davidson recited the repeated delays on the beer bill and accused Moran of a deliberate attempt to sidetrack it. His language was very severe. Moran induced Tatum to leave the room and then stepped out himself. The minority of seven, consisting of Bittinger, Chairman, and Hancock (Rep.) and Davidson, Buckner, Marsh, Cope and Tate, (Dem.) ordered a favorable report on the bill. Chairman Bittinger put the bill in his pocket and went away. This morning he was not in his seat, and Davidson sent to him for the bill, offering to report favorably, as ordered by the committee.

GRAIN INSPECTION.

Chief Grain Inspector Joe O'Shea was well catechised by the Senate Committee on Agriculture last night, and before the committee let him go they had forced him to admit most of the charges of the Merchants' Exchange relative to the price at which grain could be properly inspected, and the number of supernumerary employes that have been retained about the office until very recently—until the reorganization of the board, in fact. The members of the committee did not make known their conclusions, but Mr. Goodykoontz, who conducted the cross-examination of Mr. O'Shea, intimated very plainly that as the debt of $4,400 had been created by the extravagance of a former administration of the department in favor of employes who are not now in the service, it would be unjust to require grain yet to come forward to pay that indebtedness; and whether the committee reduces the rate of inspection or not—which they will almost certainly do—they will probably make a recommendation that the old debt be allowed to pay itself under the Statue of Limitations. Mr. O'Shea made out a very plausible case, stating that the six rooms occupied were taken at a time when there was much more business in the department; and maintaining that the dignity of the great State of Missouri had to be upheld, even if the farmer did have to pay the freight. He poo-poohed a little thing like 75c a car for inspection and weighing, and intimated very plainly that merchants who paid $4 a car for switching ought to be ashamed to mention such a thing.

VAGRANCY LAW.

Senator Yeater's bill, which passed the Senate yesterday afternoon repealing sections 8846 to 8848 of the statutes, is the result of a case that is somewhat famous in Missouri criminal jurisprudence. In advocating the measure the Senator stated that the entire vagrancy law had gone untested for many years, simply because there was no one sufficiently interested to take an appeal from any police court or magistrate's decision committing persons for vagrancy. Petty police officials and Constable for years reaped a harvest of fees by apprehending and imprisoning every tramp who came within reach, and the State was put to an immense burden for costs. At length, however, a negro apprehended in Audrain County was fined and afterward put on the auction block and sold to satisfy the judgment. The case came to the attention of Mr. Fred W. Lehman, the brilliant young assistant solicitor of the Wabash Railroad in St. Louis, and he made up his mind that the thing was illegal. He offered his assistance gratis to the negro, appealed the case after the sale had been made, and won his battle in the Supreme Court, securing, by the way, a decision that practically the entire statute was absolutely invalid and unconstitutional. Senator Yeater stated to those who objected to the bill on the ground that there should be some means for punishing persons as vagrants, that there was ample power under the general statutes for the protection of the rural districts, while every incorporated town and village had its own law on this subject, and seldom had recourse to the special vagrancy statute.

MECHANICS' LIEN.

Henry Fairback and Thomas Mockler of the St. Louis Builders' Exchange have brought to Jefferson City and placed in the hands of Senator Lancaster for introduction, a bill that will require persons furnishing material to contractors to look to them for their pay, and not be allowed a mechanics' lien. The Builders' Exchange is said to be back of this measure, and for the reason that the owner of the building and the principal contractor ought not to be made responsible for the debts of a subcontractor, whom (in the case of the owner) they may have never seen. They say that the passage of the act will bring better and more responsible men into the business of sub-contracting, and that owners and principal contractors will be relieved from the necessity of paying twice for material.

A STREAK OF ECONOMY.

Senator Landrum makes this explanation of his bill, introduced yesterday, cutting down the per diem of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House from $7 to $5, and providing that members of the Legislative Committees authorized by statute shall be paid only $5 a day both before and during the session of the Assembly of which they are members:

"Sec. 16 of art. 4 of the constitution provides that officers of either House of the General Assembly shall not receive for their services exceeding $5 per diem. The Legislature in 1889 enacted three new sections (6663, 6664 and 6665), giving the Speaker and Speaker pro tem. of the House and President pro tem. of the Senate each $7 a day. This $7 per diem was permitted by the constitution of 1865, but changed by the provisions of the constitution of 1875. By reference to the Auditor's reports since the adoption of the constitution of 1875 it will be observed that both Speaker and Speaker pro tem. of the House and also the President and President pro tem. of the Senate have each received $7 a day as officers since the adoption of the constitution of 1875. The object of my bill is to repeal those sections on account of their unconstitutionality."

PERSONAL TAXES.

In the course of the discussion of Senator Mott's bill (No. 169), permitting the destruction of personal tax bills dating back more than five years in the Senate yesterday afternoon, the Ziegenhein alleged investigation was touched upon, and Senator Lancaster, who led the opposition, intimated very plainly that it might be well not to destroy these personal tax bills until that investigation is ended. He also referred to the commencement of a large number of suits on personal tax bills since that investigation had been under way, and wanted to know whether that inquiry had not stimulated such suits. Mr. Kiene very indignantly denied that the two things had any connection, but it is very likely that the Senate would have beaten the bill had not Mr. Mott stated very plainly that the continuance of the bills in the Collectors' hands until after the spring settlement with the Comptroller would cost the city several thousand dollars—probably $5,000. Mr. Mott was under a very sharp cross-fire of questions for the greater part of the debate, but he showed himself well-equipped with facts and logic.

THE GAG RULE.

Applied With Winning Effect by the House Majority.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—In the House to-day the resolution of Dr. Tubbs ordering evening sessions on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, was the subject of the gag rule, the majority winning every test vote. Drabell's motion to refer to the Rules Committee was lost, ayes 37, nays 45. The previous question was then put and carried, ayes 47, nays 43.

Mr. Davidson introduced a resolution of inquiry, directed to the Attorney-eGneral, to ascertain why the law affecting express rates, passed two years ago, has not been inforced. The express companies have persistently ignored the existence of the railroad commissioners, who were charged with the enforcement of the law.

HIS AWFUL RECORD.

The Various Charges Against a Superior Court Judge.

SPOKANE, Wash., Feb. 15.—The legislative committee appointed to investigate the charges preferred by J. R. Lambly against Jesse Arthur, joint Judge of the Superior Court for Spokane and Stevens Counties, has arrived here. The accusations against Judge Arthur are both general and specific. He is accused of perjury, of having accepted bribes, of malfeasance in office, of drunkenness, of being a slave to the morphine habit, and of a general wilful neglect of his judicial duties.

The committee will begin the taking of evidence to-day, and as there is a mass of testimony to be heard it will require several days to finish the examination.

HOW THE WHEELS GO 'ROUND.

THE INGENIOUS JAPS ARE LEARNING ALL ABOUT MACHINERY.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 15.—Frank B. Woodruff, President of the Pacific Commercial Co., who has returned from a business trip to Japan, says that country is destined to become the greatest manufacturing and exporting country in the world on account of Japanese ingenuity and their cheap labor. They are taking apart, scrutinizing and learning how to make all kinds of machinery from an electrical apparatus down, and are also developing great marble and onyx mines. A large trade can be built up between the Pacific Coast and Japan, he says, but the shipments to the Orient must be of raw material.

LADY OF THE LAKE.

AN OLD-TIME POTOMAC STEAMER BURNED TO THE WATER'S EDGE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Lady of the Lake, one of the oldest steamers on the Potomac, burned to the water's edge early this morning at her wharf in this city. The vessel was the property of the People's Transportation Co., a negro excursion organization. Loss, $30,000.

APPROPRIATIONS REDUCED.

ILLINOIS HOUSE CUTS DOWN THE ASYLUM AND MILITARY BILLS.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 15.—The House Committee on Appropriations yesterday reduced the appropriation for the Southern Insane Asylum at Anna $104,000 and the military appropriation bill $110,000.

FOR WIFE MURDER.

CAPEZZUTO IS SENTENCED FOR LIFE TO SING SING PENITENTIARY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Michael Capezzuto was today sentenced to life imprisonment in Sing Sing for the murder of his wife on Nov. 4 of last year. He shot her in the back with a revolver.

CHURCH NEWS.

Mother Superior Chosen.

Sister Casimira Schul of the mother house of the Order of School Sisters of Notre Dame in Milwaukee has been chosen Mother Superior of the mother house of the recently established Western province with headquarters near St. Louis. Rev. P. M. Abbelen, spiritual director, presided at the election. Sister Emerentia Eichhammer was chosen first assistant, and Sister Bargia Meek, second assistant. The community will move to its recently purchased property on the river bank below Carondelet in a short time.

Notes.

The subject of the forthcoming discourses at Temple Israel on Sunday morning will be as follows: Sunday, Feb. 17, "Benjamin D'Israeli, Earl of Beaconsfield;" Sunday, Feb. 24, "The Secular Aids to Morality"—(theater, newspaper, public opinion, etc.) There will be a lecture by Fr. Brennan under the auspices of the Young People's Society of Temple Israel on Thursday, Feb. 21, at 8 p. m., in the Temple, subject "Among the Stars." Fine stereopticon views will be shown.

Sunday morning at Temple Shaare Emeth, Seventeenth and Pine streets, Mr. Sheldon of the Ethical Society will deliver an address on Oliver Wendell Holmes. Services begin promptly at 11 a. m., and the public is cordially invited.

Rev. W. H. Kern, pastor of the Fourth Christian Church, will speak Sunday on the following themes: Morning, "The Best Man;" evening, "Decision of Character."

Rev. Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will preach in the morning on "The Doctrine of Sin." In the evening the subject of his discourse will be "Stewardship As It Relates to Physical, Intellectual and Religious Life."

H. H. Darby will give his next organ recital on Sunday next immediately after evening service in Christ Church Cathedral. The following is the programme: Communion, Batiste; Nuptial March, Guitmant; offertory in E flat, Salome; Andante, Merkel; "Jerusalem, the Golden," Spark.

Pastors J. Ernest Cook and Millard L. Thomas of the Water Tower and Lafayette Park Baptist Churches will exchange pulpits next Sunday morning. At the Lafayette Park Baptist Church the pastor will preach in the evening and administer the ordinance of baptism.

Rev. Dr. W. G. Williams will speak at Union Methodist Episcopal Church in the morning on "Good Samaritanism." In the evening his subject will be "Three-Sided Religion."

On Sunday at Pilgrim Church Rev. Dr. Burnham will preach in the morning on "The Cross and the Double Crucifixion by the Cross. In the evening Dr. Burnham will repeat the address given by him at the Y. M. C. A. convention at Columbia, Mo., on "The Bible." The members of the Y. M. C. A. and the Endeavor Societies are especially invited.

Rev. J. S. Siebold, chaplain at Jefferson Barracks, will preach next Sunday morning at St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Carondelet. The pastor, Rev. A. W. Cheatham, will conduct a special service for the children at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

In the absence of Rev. Wm. Short, who is preaching a series of sermons to the students of the State University at Columbia, Mo., the services at St. Peter's Church will be conducted next Sunday by Rev. A. W. Cheatham. The sermon topics will be: At 11 a. m., "The Freedom Which Comes From the Truth;" at 7:45 p. m., "The Message of the Church to Her Young Men."

The Post-Dispatch rent lists give a complete ad in one line for 10 cents.

NOT A COLLECTOR.

The Judge Will Not Aid Creditors of Atchison Employes.

Inquiries made to-day at the office of the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court as to how an employe of the Atchison or 'Frisco road may be sued on a debt, since those roads are in the hands of Federal receivers, were answered by the following letter written by Judge Caldwell, a copy of which is on file in the clerk's office.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS,
Eighth Circuit.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 14, 1895.

Dear Sir—I have received letters from various persons, some inquiring whether they would be in contempt of court if they garnisheed the Receivers of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co. for the monthly wages of their employes; others asking the court to pass an order to the effect that any employe of the court failing to pay his debts would be dismissed from service, and others asking the court to inquire what was the least sum an employe could subsist on, and then retain the balance of his monthly wages, if any, and pay it over to his creditors. Answering these several questions and requests, I will say:

You will not be in "contempt" of any court over which I preside by suing out a writ of garnishment to garnishee the wages of an employe of the Receivers of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co. But if you get judgment against the Receivers as garnishees, you cannot levy upon the property in their possession as Receivers, or otherwise compel them to pay it by any process issued from the court rendering the garnishee judgment. The Receivers are forbidden by an order of the court to pay any judgment, except upon the order of the court appointing them, and the rule is not to pay any attention to the garnishment of the monthly wages of the employes of the Receivers beyond a respectful notice to the plaintiff and the court in which the garnishee proceedings are pending that the wages of the employes will be paid to them in person in pursuance of the order of this court. The Receivers and the men employed by them are employes of the court. The wages of employes of the Government must be paid to them. Officers, clerks and every agent and employe of every department of the Government, jurors and witnesses, criers and bailiffs and every employe of a court, including its Receivers and their employes, are entitled by law to have their salaries, fees and wages paid to them personally, or to such agent as they shall appoint. Neither the Government nor any of its departments, including the judicial, can be garnisheed for the salaries, wages or fees of its officers, agents or employes. By an order of the court this rule is applied to the employes of the court in the service of its Receivers, and I must decline to vary it to meet your case. The employes of the court have the same right to their monthly wages that the Judge of the court has to his monthly salary and for the same reason.

Railroad employes, as well as others, ought to pay the debts which they contract, if they are able to do so. But this court will not undertake the collection of the monthly bills of its employes—it is not a monthly bill collector. In extending the credit the creditor acts voluntarily. He sells on the credit of the purchaser because he thinks it to his interest to do so. He is not required to sell goods to an employe of the court on credit, and he has no right to expect the court to assume the payment of its employes' debts. The court will not pay the wages of its employes to any one but the employe himself, nor will it sentence him to dismissal from the service, as you suggest and recommend, because he does not pay his debts. This would be quite as bad, if not worse, than the old law of imprisonment for debt, for to dismiss a man from service on account of his inability to pay his debts, in these times, would be the exact equivalent of sentencing him to starvation or the poor house. It is said that some of the employes fail to pay their debts who are able to do so, and that they, at least, should be dismissed. The answer to this suggestion is, first, that the court has no authority to punish men for not paying their debts, and, second, that to determine whether the employe was able to pay his debts would involve an inquiry into his private affairs and the trial of an issue which the court has neither the power nor the inclination to undertake.

The order was not "meant to be in the interest of men who had been unfortunate in getting behind," nor in the interest of any other class of men. The court agreed to pay its employes monthly wages, and it will carry out that contract and will not pay their wages to any other person. When the court has paid its employes their wages it has done all that they or their creditors have a right to ask or expect. The creditors have no right to demand that the court look into the private affairs of its employes to determine how much they shall spend for food and clothes and how much of their wages shall be retained to be paid out on their old debts. The law will not warrant any such paternal practice. The court will not interfere in any manner whatever with the private affairs of its employes or their creditors. It has neither the power, the time nor the inclination to do so. It will discharge its obligations to its employes by paying them their stipulated wages, and there its duty ends.

In most civilized countries the daily wages of the wage-earners are exempt from executon. I infer from your letter that they are not exempt in your State. If that is so, it is open to you to get the men's wages by any proceeding authorized by law, after they are paid to them; but you cannot garnishee this court to prevent it from paying to its employes the wages due to them according to the contract with them. I note this remark in your letter: "I have been able to make some men pay who have refused positively to do anything, by making the threat that I would notify you of their refusal to pay. It may not have been just the thing to do, but I brought them to time by doing that." I infer from this that you gave the men to understand that I took an interest in the collection of your bills and would impose some kind of a penalty on them if they failed to pay. What the threatened penalty was you do not say, and I can only conjecture. I want it distinctly understood that I am not in partnership with you in the collection of bad debts and that it is no part of my official duty to advance your interests in that direction, and that I do not think that you ought to use me as a goblin to frighten my employes. Nor will I do anything to aid or encourage men not to pay their honest debts. This every man should do, but this is a matter which concerns alone the debtor and creditor and which they must settle between themselves. The court will pay its debts to its employes, and their creditors must look to them and not to the court for the payment of their debts. The court has all it can do to attend to its own business and pay its own debts to its employes without looking after other people's business or undertaking to collect or pay other people's debts. Yours truly,

HENRY C. CALDWELL.

The letter is crisp, to the point and characteristic of the writer. The letter was written by Judge Caldwell in reply to a man in a Western town.

SOVEREIGN POOH-POOHS IT.

He Says He's Not Disturbed by the Western Secession of Knights.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 15.—Sovereign and others of the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor pooh-pooh the Western secession from the Knights. They say that Wilson, the new chief, and McMichael are not Knights anyhow. They deny that the Knights of Labor poverty palace in Philadelphia is mortgaged for $200,000. It cost only $50,000 and carries a $20,000 mortgage, they say, and add that their enemies can make precious little capital on such yarns.

GEORGE INNESS' PICTURES.

THE COLLECTION OF 240 WAS SOLD FOR $108,670.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The executor's sale of paintings of the late George Inness, N. A., was concluded last night, the entire collection of 240 pictures being sold for a total of $108,670. At the sale last night one bid of $3,000 was refused by the auctioneers for Inness' famous painting, "Late Sunset."

The highest price paid for paintings last night was $900 for "Albano, Italy," $950 for "Milking Time," $1,200 for "Sunrise," by W. A. White; $1,125 for "St. Andrews, New Brunswick," by J. C. Wells, and $1,050 for the "Red Oaks," by Chas. B. Clark.

DR. FOSTER'S CALL.

HE WILL OCCUPY THE CHAIR OF THEOLOGY IN CHICAGO'S UNIVERSITY.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Dr. G. B. Foster of MacMaster College, Toronto, has accepted a call to the chair of theology in the University of Chicago Divinity School, recently made vacant by the death of Prof. B. F. Simpson. Prof. Foster was for several years pastor of the First Baptist Church at Saratoga, N. Y.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

DR. MATHEWS' LECTURE.—Rev. Dr. John Mathews delivered a lecture Thursday evening on "Spiritualism" at the Methodist Episcopal Church, Wagoner place and Easton avenue.

LEG CUT OFF.—John Slawson, 38 years old, residing at 1832 Papin street, was struck by an engine in the Terminal Railway yards near Seventh street Thursday afternoon. His right leg was cut off and the left leg badly crushed. He was removed to St. Mary's Infirmary.

WORTHLESS CHECK.—G. Gakenbach of 3420 Nebraska avenue was arrested Thursday night on the charge of passing a worthless check for $10.65, drawn on the International Bank. The check was cashed by Louis Meyer, a saloon-keeper at 302 Chestnut street.

COLORED MEN'S CLUB.—The Young Men's Colored Republican Club of the Twenty-sixth Ward held a meeting Wednesday evening at 4201 Kennerly avenue. A committee of six was appointed, whose duty will be to look after the registration of the colored voters in the ward.

$9. $9. $9. $9. $9. $9. $9. $9. $9.

$9. 500 Men's Fine $15 and $16.50 All Wool SUITS Cut to $9.

Every Suit IS WARRANTED ALL WOOL! Neat and stylish patterns! EVERY SUIT IS NEW! And they are POSITIVELY THE GREATEST VALUES EVER OFFERED IN ST. LOUIS! The quantity is limited and they are SELLING RAPIDLY, SO COME QUICKLY!

New Spring Hats!

Just Received! Regular $3.00 goods in the stylish spring shapes, in Blacks and Colorado, Madura and Claro Browns..........On sale at $1.85!

Men's $5 Trousers Going at $2.95!

Good, strong, thoroughly all-wool goods. Perfect-fitting patterns. They're RARE BARGAINS at the price!

Athletes' Sweaters!

Regular 75c Sweaters going at 39c
Regular $1 Sweaters going at 49c

Sweeping Price-Reductions on all Winter Underwear.

300 Pairs of Ladies' Fine $3.00 Shoes, in Five Different Styles, Cut to $2.13!

Store Open Until 10 O'Clock Saturday Nights.

The J. L. Hudson Company,

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Caps, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes, Millinery, Cloaks and Furs, Gloves, Crockery and House-Furnishings.

S. E. CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST.

FROM NEBRASKA.

A Grateful Letter From the Land of Sufferers.

The following letter was received by Secretary F. Hattersley of the committee appointed by the Merchants' Exchange to secure and send food and clothing to the starving people in Nebraska:

"HOPE, Neb., Jan. 3.—Mr. F. Hattersley and others of the Merchants' Exchange: Dear Friends—We received your letter today and my poor pen cannot express to you the thanks of this long suffering people for your noble and generous gift on Nov. 18. Pallas, Kalina and I were selected at a mass meeting of these poor people to act for them. We have had the names of 288 persons on our books to give to. We had received 840 pounds of clothing, sent by Frank Trowbridge of your city. It was pitiful to see on each Sunday the sad faces when we had to announce that we had received no provisions for them. Sometimes we feared for our own personal safety, as the newspapers all told of large shipments of stuff, which we did not get. And it is hard to control a suffering, hopeless crowd of people, most of whom are ignorant of the customs of this country. To-day there were but 12 persons present, seven men and five women, when I read your letter. Most of them thanked God and you, and there was joy in the eyes of those who looked gaunt from want. Hearts swelled with gratitude till tears filled every eye. Amid such a scene I could scarce finish reading your kind letter. We all hope and wish, should you ever be in trouble, that you will find as prompt and stanch a friend as you have been to us, for which may God bless and reward you all. As to the distribution of the goods, we have given what we have already received to all needy, regardless of social condition, religion or politics. At times we have sent some applicants off without granting their requests, because we knew they were able to live on their possessions, or some other resource known to us, or because we had nothing to give them. The names of all persons, the amounts given to each, the number of persons in each family and the kind of goods furnished by us are kept by us, ready to account to the proper authorities, which I consider to be the County Commissioners of Hayes County and the County Judge. I will send you a note from them when we have completed our distribution, as they know all these people better than you do or can. Let us, gentlemen, offer our thanks and the thanks of mothers, fathers and children of this sad county to you, and all rest assured that we will do our best that your charity will be justly and judiciously given. Should any complaints reach you, consider our position and give us a fair chance to explain our action for such as may take exception. It is hard to please everyone in this matter, try as we may, ever so hard JOHN FANE,

"Secretary of County Relief Committee.

"Committee—Frank Pallas, Frank Kalina and John Fane."

COASTING ACCIDENT.

FOUR BOYS COLLIDED WITH A LARGE FURNITURE VAN.

Another serious coasting accident to be added to the long list already recorded occurred Thursday night at Menard and Soulard streets. Robert Clifford, Henry Meyer, Peter and Willie Barth, were coasting with their sleds attached when they ran between the front wheels and the horses of a furniture van belonging to J. Alt, driven by Henry Wieshart. The boys were all badly bruised, but not seriously hurt, although Robert Clifford and Peter Barth will be obliged to lie in bed a few days and pay strict attention to the application of arnica.

The boys claim they had a watch at the foot of the hill who warned the driver to stop. Instead of complying he whipped up his horses and tried to pass in front of the sleds. The driver, on the contrary, says he did stop when requested, and was then told by the boys he could drive on. This is substantiated by his wife, who was on the seat with him. Mr. Alt, his employer, says Wieshart has been in his employ eight years, and is a particularly careful driver. No arrest has been made.

BUY COKE THAT WILL BURN.
Pittsburgh Crushed Coke
For stoves, grates
and furnaces,
Cheaper than anthracite.
DEVOY & FEUERBORN
COAL AND COKE CO.,
315 North Seventh street.

Paint, Oil and Varnish Officers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The eighth annual dinner of the Paint, Oil and Varnish Club of this city was held last night at the Broadway Central Hotel. Previous to the dinner a business meeting of the club was held and the following officers were elected: President, G. W. Fortmeyer; vice president, C. H. Patricks; secretary and treasury, W. B. Templeton.

Charity Concert.

A concert for the benefit of the Colored Provident Hospital Fund will be given in Exposition Music Hall this evening. An excellent programme has been prepared and the best colored talent will take part.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
Every Night at 8.
SATURDAY MATINEE.
WM. MORRIS
—IN—
THE LOST PARADISE
☞Regular Prices This Week.

SEATS NOW ON SALE FOR THE
LILIPUTIANS
—IN—
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
Engagement beginning Sunday, Feb. 17.

HOPKINS' POPE'S THEATER
Continuous Show—1 to 11.
Dramatic Co. in the California Road Agent. Lew Dockstader, the Famous Minstrel.
10—All-Star Variety Acts—10
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

ENTERTAINMENT HALL,
TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 26.
BERNARD STAVENHAGEN,
The Renowned Pianist and Master.
JEAN GERARDY,
The Wonderful Young Violoncellist.
Under the direction of Messrs. Marcus R. Mayer and Jefferson S. Leerburger.
Sale of seats begins Thursday, Feb. 21, at Balmer & Weber's. Prices, $1 and $1.50.
Knabe Pianos used exclusively.

The Brownies in Fairyland
Entertainment Hall,
TO-NIGHT AT 8. TO-MORROW AT 2:30 and 8 p. m.
JULIUS CAESAR SIMONET, Soloist.
Prices—75c and 50c; children, 25c. Tickets at Bollman's, Eleventh and Olive.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Every evening, and Saturday Matinee.
MISS MARIE
BURROUGHS!
A. W. Pinero's Latest and Greatest Success
THE PROFLIGATE.
Next week—OLGA NETHERSOLE.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Seats Now on Sale.
For the engagement of the famous English Actress, Monday, February 18,
MISS OLGA NETHERSOLE.
Presenting the following repertoire:
Monday ....CAMILLE
Tuesday ....FROU FROU
Wednesday ....CAMILLE
Thursday ....FROU FROU
Friday ....ROMEO AND JULIET
Saturday Matinee ....CAMILLE
Saturday ....THE TRANSGRESSOR

THE HAGAN | MATINEE SATURDAY. | 25c AND 50c
Kimball Opera Comique Co.
And CORINNE in HENDRICK HUDSON.
Next week—Murphy and Canfield in Alimony.
Telephone 771.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
GEO. W. MONROE, in the Up-to-Date
"My Aunt Bridget."
Popular Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
Next Sunday—A Railroad Ticket.

STANDARD. . . . To-Night at 8.
THE FAMOUS
Rentz-Santley Novelty and Burlesque Company
And the Finest LIVING PICTURES ever presented outside of New York City.
Next week—Irwin Bros.' Big Specialty Co.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Lina Pfeffer, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

OSCAR PFEFFER, Administrator.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2671

ESTATE of William P. Mullen, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of William P. Mullen, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 29th day of April, 1892.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 8th day of February, 1895.
JAMES R. MULLEN,
2853 Executor of William P. Mullen, Deceased.

ESTATE of Benjamin H. Brownell, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Benjamin H. Brownell, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the First day of February, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1895.
MARY E. BROWNELL,
2854 Executrix of Benjamin H. Brownell, Deceased.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Jane Judlin, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

EBER PEACOCK, Executor.
St. Louis, January 24, 1895. 2675

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,985 of Estate. In re estate of Alice M. Hall, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Alice M. Hall, deceased, and that I did so on the 28th day of December, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2794

PARTNERSHIP Estate of Henry W. Steinmeyer & Co.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has qualified as surviving partner of the late firm and co-partnership of Henry W. Steinmeyer & Co., which was composed of the undersigned and Henry C. Schmiedeskamp, now deceased, in the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the twenty-sixth day of November, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this first day of February, 1895.
HENRY W. STEINMEYER,
2811 Surviving Partner.

ESTATE of Albert G. Evans, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Albert G. Evans, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the second day of January, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this second day of January, 1895.
AURELIA C. EVANS,
2804 Executrix of Albert G. Evans, deceased.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of H. William Miehe, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

BERTHA MIEHE, Executrix.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2669

ESTATE of Andrew Robbe, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Robbe, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 24th day of January, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1895.
TERESA ROBBE,
2805 Executrix of Andrew Robbe, deceased.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,958 of Estate. In re estate of Frederick Soltan, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Frederick Soltan, deceased, and that I did so on the 20th day of December, 1894 for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2796

ESTATE of Joseph Adler, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Adler, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 22d day of January, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit or said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 22d day of January, 1895.
ISAAC ARCHSHOEFER,
Administrator of Joseph Adler, Deceased.
LUBKE & MUENCH, Attorneys. 2676

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 21,009 of Estate. In re estate of James Madden, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of James Madden, deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 23, 1895. 2791

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William Nessel, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator d. b. n. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

JACOB NESSEL
Administrator d. b. n. of the Estate of Wi
Nessel, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895.
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others intereste estate of Hannah A. Willis, deceased, th undersigned public administrator in charg estate, intend to make a final settleme at the next term of the Probate Court of of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-h city on the first Monday of March n

WM. C. RICHA
Public Administrator in charge of the
Hannah A. Willis, deceased.
St. Louis, Jan. 30, 1895.

MEMORIAL CHAPEL.

John H. Boffinger's Donation to Christ Church Cathedral.

IT WILL BE FORMALLY CONSECRATED SUNDAY MORNING.

Bishop Tuttle to Conduct the Services—Dedication of the New Bethlehem Lutheran Church—Dr. Carradine's Revivals—Religious News.

The Mary E. Boffinger Memorial Chapel attached to Christ Church Cathedral, Thirteenth and Locust streets, will be consecrated next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock by Bishop Tuttle. The Bishop will perform the consecration services in the chapel and Capt. John N. Boffinger, who built the chapel in honor of his dead wife, will read the instrument of donation. Then the regular morning service will take place in the Cathedral and Rev. Dr. Schuyler, dean of the Cathedral, will preach the dedication sermon. The chapel cost $25,000 and it is one of the most beautiful in the country. The exterior conforms to the general style of the Cathedral. The feature of the interior is the exquisite altar of white marble. With its letables and reredos the altar is 24 feet high. Carrara marble makes up the principal part of the altar, Numidean marble and rare mosaics being used to enrich the white background. The chapel is 24x60 feet, and the walls are of Berea limestone, quarried in Cleveland. Over the main door will be a memorial window, put in by Mr. Wayman McCreery, in memory of his mother, brother and child. The window will be in place in a week, work having been delayed by the cold weather. As soon as this is completed the chapel will be kept open all day for private devotions, and the daily services of the Cathedral will be held in the chapel.

BETHLEHEM CHURCH DEDICATION.

The new Bethlehem Evangelical Lutheran Church, on Salisbury street and Florissant avenue, will be dedicated next Sunday morning. The congregation will form in line in the yard of the old church at Nineteenth and Salisbury streets, and will march to the new church, with the architect, Building Committee and builders at the head of the column. During the procession the bells of the new church will ring. At the door of the new church the pastor, Rev. C. L. Jansow, will make appropriate remarks, and he will open the portals in the name of God. The congregation will enter the church behind the pastor, and meanwhile Prof. Homan will play a grand march on the new organ. The congregation will sing a dedication hymn, and the pastor will offer the prayer of dedication at the altar. Rev. L. Schwan of Cleveland, O., will preach the dedicatory sermon. In the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock Rev. August Lange will preach and in the evening Rev. A. L. Graebner will preach. The new church is a Gothic structure 142x103 feet, with a principal spire 200 feet high.

The Bethlehem Lutheran Church was organized on the 26th of April, 1849, through the efforts of the late Rev. J. F. Bueger. In the course of years three German Lutheran congregations in the North End have branched off from Bethlehem congregation and it took a very active part in organizing the English Lutheran Grace congregation. Its present officers are: Pastor, Rev. C. L. Janzow; President of congregation, Mr. F. A. Uhlich; Secretary, Mr. F. Schwartz; Treasurer, John Hueffner; Members of the Vestry, Messrs. H. F. Mueller, J. T. Bolz, D. Gers, H. Doht, C. Dahl, A. Riemann, F. Hoermann, H. Sahrhage. A. Rodefeld; Teachers of the Parochial School, G. S. Just, B. Barthel, G. Hoerber, H. Waltke, A. Kilz. The parochial school numbers upwards of 450 children. The number of voting members of the congregation is about 300; the number of communicant members 1,200. The Sunday-school has 700 scholars and fifty teachers.

CARRADINE'S KENTUCKY REVIVAL.

Rev. Dr. Beverly Carradine, the Evangelist, and well known as the former pastor of several local Southern Methodist Churches, preached at First M. E. Church, South Glasgow avenue and Dayton street, last night. He arrived in the city Wednesday and stopped with his family at 2716 Dayton street, which is his home while in St. Louis. Dr. Carradine left for Perry, Okla., on a morning train.

Dr. Carradine obtained some notoriety recently because it was said two women went crazy as a result of his revival at Stanford, Ky., and that the citizens had threatened to tar and feather the Evangelist.

Rev. W. E. Arnold, pastor of the church at Stanford in which the revival was given, writing to the Central Methodist, published at Catlettsburg, Ky., denied the reports very emphatically. In his letter he said: "As to the sensational reports that have gone out to the effect that many persons have been driven into lunacy as a result of the meeting, the only foundation for these reports lies in the said fact that two ladies in Stanford have recently become demented. Persons eager for a sensation and those who were anxious to detract from the meeting, without investigation or regard for the facts, at once made common cause in charging these troubles to what they were pleased to call the religious excitement attending the Carradine meetings. As the matter went, it grew; not to 'six or eight,' as stated in the Danville Advocate, but to fifteen! If they had stopped long enough to look into the matter, they would have seen clearly that there was very little connection between these troubles and the Carradine meetings."

SUNDAY-SCHOOL BANQUET.

The officers of the First Christian Sunday-school have decided to give a banquet to the fifty teachers of the school on Tuesday evening, Feb. 19. The parlors of the church are to be decorated with palms and smilax, and the table decorations will be apple-green. Dinner will be served at 7, after which the following toasts and responses will be given:

"Our Field," Rev. W. A. Foster; "My Class During the Week," Mr. C. H. Brown; "Kindergarten Methods in the Sunday-school," Miss Addie Tandy; "The Sunday-school Lesson"—(a) Preparation, Mr. John Q. McCanne; (b) Presentation, Prof. J. C. Black; (c) Results, Mr. W. D. Pittman; recitation, Miss May Craig; "Free Parliament," two-minute limit, conducted by Mr. Barclay Meador, Superintendent—(a) The Stranger Greeted, Mr. LeRoy Ferris; (b) Admission of the Sunday-school Pupil, Mr. W. S. Gannon; (c) Classification, Mr. W. H. McClain; (d) The S. S. Music. How Can We Improve It, Miss Carrie Wilkerson; (e) The All-Around Teacher, Mrs. W. A. Foster; (f) Collection. When? How? Why? Mrs. J. C. Black; (g) Class Record, Mr. F. G. Hollman; (h) The Seniors. How Get Them to S. S.? Mr. John Burns; (i) What I Want To Know, Questions and Answers.

Mr. Barclay Meador is Superintendent of the Sunday-school, Mr. John Q. McCanne, Chairman of the Programme Committee, and Mrs. Emily Burns, Chairman of the Banquet Committee.

THE SOCIAL UNION.

The Social Union of Lafayette Park Methodist Church, Lafayette and Missouri avenues, gives its first literary and musical entertainment next Monday evening in the church at 8 o'clock. No admission charge will be made, and the friends of the church will be cordially welcomed. The exercises ill consist of an instrumental piano solo Mrs. Tatum, a vocal duet by Misses ighes, a violin solo by Mr. Baley and a al solo by Mrs. Wentzel; Misses Nora tchins and Edna Ranels will recite and . Ludlum will be present; Miss Eva En- will give a reading. A spirited debate whether the co-education of the sexes be encouraged is promised. Misses or and Prewett are the affirmative and M. D. Williams and O. H. P. Grun- for the negative. Miss Carrie Ware d a short paper on how to become a l Christian. Impromptu talks and a discussion will follow. These enter- 's will be given every few weeks. ety being undenominational and membership not being essential, it is believed that many of the young people of the city will enroll as members.

PRAYERS IN THREE LANGUAGES.

The Methodist ministers' meeting has decided to have the opening devotional services in the three languages spoken by different members. Last Monday Rev. Mr. Stromberg read a chapter and prayed in Swedish, after which there were three prayers in German and two in English. While it gives a certain novelty to the services it certainly gives greater freedom to many of the ministers.

ST. LOUIS PRESBYTERY.

The St. Louis Presbytery will meet Monday at 10 a. m. at 1516 Lucas place, and will adopt plans for church extension in this city. It is understood that an effort will be made to strengthen the work at Westminster Church in the southern part of the city.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Rev. Dr. Holland will preach next Sunday in St. George's Church, the last sermon in his course on the Gospel in Shakespeare. Subject: "Macbeth."

At the Second Baptist Church Rev. Dr. Boyd speaks at 11 a. m. on "The Pilgrim's Song," and at 7:45 p. m. gives his eleventh lecture on Socialism. Topic: "Bird's-Eye View of Co-operation in the United States."

Rev. John Wilkinson, rector of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Washington and Vandeventer avenues, will have for his subject next Sunday "The Sermon on the Mount."

Rev. C. H. Williamson, pastor of Trinity M. E. Church is conducting a revival. He has two services daily.

The Gentlemen's Aid Society of Dr. Fry Memorial, organized by L. Hallock, gave an entertainment which netted nearly $325 and paid the presiding elder's and pastor's claims and all current expenses to date.

There will be a song service at the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening next. A most attractive programme will be rendered.

An entertainment and hop will be given by the choir of the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel Feb. 21 at North St. Louis Turner Hall. There will be served good numbers on the programme, including two choruses by the choir, which is composed of the following: Sopranos, Misses Spilkerman, Byrns, Dunlap, Foley, Lonnergan and Cousens; altos, Misses Spilkerman, Smith, Byrns, Lonnergan; tenors, Messrs. Wagener, Dunlap, Hemerlie; bassos, Messrs. McDonald and Nash.

Rev. Dr. George W. Chalfant, pastor of the Park Avenue Presbyterian Church, Pittsburg, Pa., will preach at Westminster Presbyterian Church next Sunday.

TABLE SUPPLIES.

Retail Prices of Meats, Fish, Game, Fruits and Vegetables.

The same conditions that have prevailed for the past four weeks continue to hamper the trade at the Union Market. Though the weather has moderated somewhat, there is no increase in the attendance of buyers. Everything in the line of meats, fish, game and poultry are frozen.

Very few fruits or vegetables are displayed, though dealers say that they have plenty of them on hand, but are compelled to keep them stored to prevent freezing.

The following are the ruling prices:

Vegetables—Cauliflower, 15c to 50c a head; celery, 5c to 20c a stalk; dwarf celery, 5c to 10c a stalk; endive, 5c a head; estragon, 5c a bunch; lettuce, 10c a head; garlic, mint and oyster plant, 5c a bunch, three bunches for 10c; parsley, two bunches for 5c; horse-radish, 5c to 10c a stalk; grated horse-radish, 10c a bottle; watercresses, 5c a bunch; apples, 50c per peck; onions, 5c a quart; potatoes, 25c a peck; sweet potatoes, 40c a peck; new turnips, 20c a peck; cabbage, 5c to 15c a head; red cabbage, 10c to 25c a head; spinach, 35c a peck; gumbo, 25c a quart; butter beans, 15c a quart; celery roots, 5c to 10c apiece; cranberries, 15c a quart; field lettuce, 10c a quart; parsnips and carrots, 25c a peck; lye hominy, 10c a quart; rutabagas, 25c a peck; radishes, 5c per bunch; cucumbers, 25c each; green onions, 5c per bunch.

Fruits—California pears, 5c to 10c each; Malaga grapes, 25c a pound; grape fruit, 10c to 15c each; oranges, 20c to 50c a dozen; lemons, 2 for 5c or 25c a dozen; figs, 15c to 20c a pound; dates, 10c a pound; pineapples, 25c to 35c apiece; cocoanuts, 5c to 10c each; ground cocoanut, 10c a pint; bananas, 10c a dozen; strawberries and mushrooms, 75c a pint and $1.25 per pound respectively.

Meats—Pork, 10c a pound; pork tenderloin, 15c a pound; ham, sliced, 20c a pound; pigs' tongues, 5c apiece, 50c a dozen; roasting pigs, from $2 to $3 each, according to size; roast veal, 12½c a pound; pickled pigs' feet, 5c apiece, 50c a dozen; veal cutlets, 20c a pound; roast beef, 10c a pound; calf brains, 10c a set; sausage, 10c a pound; porterhouse and tenderloin steaks, 15c a pound; round steaks, 10c a pound; turkeys, 10c to 12c a pound for dressed and from 8c to 10c for undressed; corned beef, 5c to 8c a pound; roast mutton, 10c to 12½c a pound; Vienna sausage, 10c a pound; spareribs, 8c to 10c a pound; pickled pork, 10c a pound; rib lamb chops, 15c to 20c a pound; Saratoga lamb chops, 10c a pound; sirloin steaks, 10c to 12½c a pound; ham, whole, 11c to 12½c a pound; chickens, dressed, 25c to 40c each.

Fish—Lobsters, 20c a pound; California salmon, halibut, croppie and Spanish mackeral, 20c a pound; red snapper, white fish and lake trout, 12½c a pound; catfish, 10c to 12½c a pound; black bass and blue fish, 15c a pound; Buffalo, 8c to 10c a pound; yellow perch, haddock and sunfish, 10c a pound; German carp, 6c a pound; jack salmon, 12½c a pound; sturgeon, 10c a pound; fresh mackerel, 25c each; flounders and smelts, 12½c a pound; shrimp, 20c a pint; oysters, standard, 20c a pint; oysters, medium, 15c a pint; Baltimore selects and New York counts, 25c a pint; canned oysters, 30 to 40c per quart can.

Game—Jack rabbits, 25c each; ordinary rabbits, 10c each; mallard ducks, 40c each, 75c a pair; wood ducks, 50c per pair; squirrels, 10c each; opossum, 15c to 50c each; wild turkeys, 12½c a pound; antelope steaks, 25c per pound.

INDUSTRIAL BILLS.

A MOVEMENT BY CITIZENS TO HAVE THEM ALL CONSOLIDATED.

A movement to have all the industrial bills now entered in the Legislature combined into Pettijhon's State Reformatory bill is now on foot. The first steps in this movement were taken at the residence of H. R. Whitmore, 2912 Washington avenue, last evening. He, with W. H. Moore, J. E. Yeatman, C. C. Allen, W. G. Boyd, H. C. Haarstick, F. B. Brownell, L. Matthews, G. H. Morgan, G. D. Barnard, I. M. Mason, Ben Eisman, W. F. Woerner and aNthan Cole, all prominent citizens, met at the place mentioned and discussed the preliminary steps to carry this movement to a successful ending. It was decided to appoint a committee of six, who will leave for Jefferson City next Monday, to meet Dr. Pettijhon and urge the consolidation of all the various measures on this point, with a view to having the consolidated bill enacted as soon as possible.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another with pain here or there, and in this way they all present to their easy-going doctor, separate diseases, for which he prescribes, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, they are all only symptoms caused by some womb disorder. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse, by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine, like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have promptly cured the disease.

Mrs. Harry Tappan, of *Reynolds, Jefferson Co., Neb.*, writes: "For two years I was a sufferer. A part of this time had to be carried from my bed. Was racked with pain, had hysteria, was very nervous, no appetite and completely discouraged. A few bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' effected a perfect cure." Sold by all dealers in medicines.

GRAND AVENUE RAILWAY.

EXCEPTIONS TO THE COMMISSIONERS' REPORT FOR DAMAGES.

Objections of the Grand Avenue Railway Co. to the commissioners' finding of $15,485.90 as the proper annual rental to be paid by the Grand Avenue Railway Co. to the Citizens' Railway Co. for use of its tracks on Grand avenue from Easton avenue to Natural Bridge road were filed in the Circuit Court.

The Grand Avenue Railway Co. thinks $1,500 would be ample, assigning fourteen reasons for this opinion. The commissioners erred in valuing the tracks, as though new cable tracks, when, in fact, they are used for an electric road and are nearly worn out. The commissioners also erred in charging connection to the Citizens' company when the ordinance provides that the Grand Avenue company shall make them. The matter was assigned to Judge Dillon.

FOR ONE CENT.

VERDICT OF THE JURY IN THE REHRMANN-WEYL CASE.

After about two and one-half hours of deliberation the jury in the suit of Rehrmann against Weyl for alienating his wife's affections decided that the wife's affections had been alienated and brought in a verdict against Weyl. The jury, however, did not think the affections of Mrs. Rehrmann were of much value, as their verdict was for 1 cent damages. The defendant is said to be good for the amount.

Burglars Thwarted.

A large plate glass show window in C. Bockelbrink's cigar store at 9 North Sixth street was shattered about 2:30 a. m. by some unknown individual. It is thought that it was broken by persons intending to burglarize the store, but who were frightened away by the loud barking of a big Newfoundland dog which was sleeping in the store.

Mr. Hibbard's Successor.

Vice-President and General Manager Williams of the Vandalia has appointed Mr. N. W. Taylor as General Freight Agent, with headquarters in St. Louis, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Horace W. Hibbard. Mr. Taylor has been chief clerk of the freight department of the Vandalia for many years.

Cable Employes' Entertainment.

The Broadway Cable Employes' Relief Association will give two entertainments at their hall, 3710 North Broadway, Thursday and Friday evenings, Feb. 21 and 22. The drama, "Above the Clouds," will be presented. The programme will be interspersed with piano recitals by Misses Alma Salee and dances by Misses Florence and Carmelete DeLisle.

ABOUT TOWN.

A MASK BALL.—Germania Council, No. 1,254, A. L. of H., will give a mask ball at the St. Louis Bundeschor Hall, Fourteenth and Howard streets, next Saturday evening. Each lady attending will be presented with a pretty souvenir.

HIS ARM BROKEN.—Thomas Kane, colored, residing at 4119 Scott avenue, had his right arm broken in a struggle with P. Plummer, foreman of Scruggs & McClure's coal yard on Boyle avenue, near the Wabash Railroad tracks. Plummer was locked up.

SHOEING HORSES.—The Master Horseshoers' Association was entertained at Lightstone's Hall last evening by a lecture upon "The Horse," delivered by Dr. John M. Phillips. He devoted himself principally to the horse's foot and made some very instructive remarks in regard to the proper manner of shoeing horses.

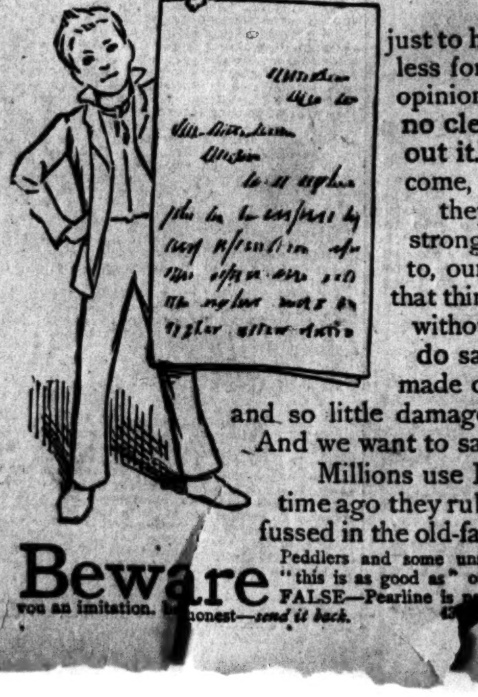
EECTRIC CIRCUIT ELECTION.—At the meeting of the Electric Circuit Thursday night the following officers were elected: H. D. Cunningham, President; Tyler Sturgeon, Vice-President; T. W. McClelland, Secretary; T. S. Clark, Treasurer; Charles Wolf, Sergeant-at-Arms. On Saturday evening, Feb. 16, the club will give its second annual banquet at Banquet Hall, in the new Union Station.

WORE HIS HAT.—During the trial of Wallace J. Parker in the Court of Criminal Correction Thursday afternoon one of the spectators named Mike Hannan placed his hat on his head and started to leave the court-room. A deputy sheriff motioned to him to remove his hat, but he paid no attention to the sign. Judge Murphy, who noticed the whole proceeding, then ordered Hannan's arrest. He was lectured and released.

BAKER'S ANSWER.—James E. Baker of Tarrant County, Tex., has filed an answer to the divorce petition of Nancy L. Baker. They were married in Vincennes, Ind., in October, 1882. Baker denies that he deserted the plaintiff in July, 1891, asserting that on the contrary she has refused to live with him since September, 1882, except for one year. Her petition he regards as frivolous. He wants to settle their troubles out of court, asserting his willingness and ability to support his wife.

A NARROW ESCAPE.—While unloading a 4x6-foot pane of plate glass from the wagon of Drey & Kahn, John Cleveland, the driver, slipped and fell from the wagon to the pavement in front of 10 South Sixth street and the heavy plate of glass fell on him, being dashed to pieces. He was thought to be seriously injured and an ambulance was sent for, but by the time it arrived he had shaken the glass dust and fragments out of his apparel and was preparing to drive back to the factory.

THE CORONER'S STENOGRAPHER.—At the meeting of the Council Committee on Legislation two matters of interest were taken up. A bill was discussed which will allow the Coroner to hire a stenographer at a salary instead of paying fees. At present the stenographer draws, it is claimed, At present the steographer draws, it is claimed, several hundred dollars per month in fees. The salary suggested was $100. Final action was not taken. The bill providing for the issue of licenses to building contractors was discussed and the sentiment of the committee seemed to be opposed to it.



A Letter just to hand says: "It is needless for me to express my high opinion of Pearline, and that no clean family lives without it." Thousands of letters come, praising Pearline, but they don't all put it so strongly. We wouldn't want to, ourselves. We don't say that things can't be made clean without Pearline. But we do say that things can't be made clean with so little labor and so little damage by any other means. And we want to say that, loudly. Millions use Pearline. Only a short time ago they rubbed and scrubbed and fussed in the old-fashioned way without it.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back.* JAMES PYLE, New York.

STAGGERED WE HAVE CRUSHED COMPETITION STAGGERED

Money We Must Have! Money We Shall Have! Choice of 5000 MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS, None Worth Less Than $7.50 and Up to $20.00, for

$3.85 and $9.85!

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats and Men's and Boys' Pants swept away in the Downward Plunge of Prices! Shoes, Hats and Furnishing Goods Join the Avalanche in Its Frightful Fall. Now is Your Time to Buy.

Globe

ENTIRE HALF BLOCK,
N. W. Corner Franklin Avenue and Seventh Street.
We Close Sundays; also, Evenings at 6:30, Saturdays at 10:30.
Mail Orders for this sale must be accompanied by cash, money order or draft.

Globe

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE in the matter of the assigned estate of the Schulenburg & Boeckeler Lumber Company.—Pursuant to an order made by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, the undersigned, assignee of the Schulenburg & Boeckeler Lumber Company, hereby offers for sale the lumber yard of said Schulenburg & Boeckeler Lumber Company, with all the stock of lumber therein contained and the good will thereof, situate in the City of Sparta, Illinois. Also the following described real estate in said City of Sparta, Randolph County, Illinois, being the real estate on which said lumber yard is situated, to-wit: Beginning at a stone forty feet south of the southwest corner of lot number five, block number two, in James McClurken's addition to the town, now city, of Sparta, in Randolph County and State of Illinois, thence south eleven degrees, east one chain and sixty-six links, thence south eleven degrees, east one chain and eighty links, thence north seventy-nine degrees, east thirty-one links, thence south eleven degrees, east two chains and thirty-one links, thence south seventy-nine degrees, east two chains and seventy-eight links, thence north eleven degrees, west five chains and seventy-five and one-half links, thence south seventy-nine degrees, west two chains and seventy-eight links to the place of beginning.

The stock in trade offered for sale is, together with said real estate, fully described in the appraisement thereof, now on file in said Circuit Court, room No. 5, and a copy thereof can be seen at the office of the undersigned, Rooms 805-7 Wainwright Building, City of St. Louis.

The sale of the foregoing property is for cash, subject to the approval of the Circuit Court.

Sealed bids for the purchase of said stock in trade and good will and of the said real estate in bulk, or for said stock in trade and good will and real estate separately, will be received by the undersigned assignee, addressed to him in care of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri.

All bids to be considered must be in the hands of said Clerk of the Circuit Court on or before twelve o'clock noon of Thursday, the 28th day of February, 1895, and in order to guarantee good faith, must be accompanied by a certified or cashier's check for $150.00, which will be returned to unsuccessful bidders.

After the time aforesaid all bids will be reported to the Circuit Court for action.

EUGENE C. TITTMANN,
Assignee of Schulenburg & Boeckeler Lumber Company, Wainwright Building, St. Louis, Mo. 2868

SHERIFF'S Sale—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1895, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of Robert Robyn, plaintiff, and against Clarence C. Marsh and Frank Playter, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above-named, Clarence C. Marsh, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot 24 in city block 175, fronting 28 feet on west line of 9th street by depth of 130 feet to alley.

Lot in city block 525, fronting 20 feet on west line 16th street (formerly 17th street) by depth of 108 feet, bounded north by property now or formerly of St. Louis University, south by line 60 feet north of north line of Lucas avenue.

Lots 13 and 14 in city block 534, fronting 71 feet on west line of 12th street by depth of 58 feet along north line of Gay street.

Lot in city block 1,883, beginning in north line of Olive street, distant 266¼ feet west of west line of Whittier street, thence north at right angles with Olive street 155 feet to alley, thence west 35 feet, thence south 155 feet to north line of Olive street, thence east along said line 35 feet to beginning.

And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named defendant, Clarence C. Marsh, of, in and to the above-described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 24, 1895. 2655

SHERIFF'S Sale in Partition—Pursuant to an order of sale of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made on the 5th day of February, 1895, in cause No. 97,204, in Room No. 5, wherein James Taussig and John J. Taussig are plaintiffs and Charles Green is defendant, the undersigned, Henry Troll, Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, will, on
TUESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF MARCH, 1895,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, sell the real estate below described, at public auction, to the highest bidder. Terms, one-third cash, and the balance payable in equal installments, one and two years respectively from the date of approval of the sale by the court, deferred payments to be evidenced by promissory notes of the purchaser, secured by deed of trust on the property purchased and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, the purchaser, however, to have the option, in case he so elects before the approval of the sale, of paying a greater portion than one-third in cash or all cash, and said sale to be subject to the approval of the said Circuit Court.

The property to be sold is described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground commencing at a point in the west line of Sixteenth street, seventy-six feet and eight inches (76 ft. 8 in.) from the southeast corner of block number 211 of said city of St. Louis and running thence northwardly twenty-three feet and four inches (23 ft. 4 in.) along the west line of Sixteenth street to an alley, thence westwardly along said alley and parallel with Clark avenue ninety-six feet (96 ft.) (which is the north line) to an alley of four feet (4 ft.), thence southwardly along said alley twenty-three feet and four inches (23 ft. 4 in.), thence eastwardly and parallel with said north boundary line ninety-six feet (96 ft.) to the place of beginning.

Dated at St. Louis, Mo., this 8th day of February, 1895.
2860 HENRY TROLL, Sheriff.

ASSIGNMENT of Wm. Lohmann—Pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, sealed bids will be received by the undersigned for the purchase in bulk, for cash, of the stock and fixtures now at number 416 Olive street. The stock consists of a line of artist materials, pictures, fancy goods, etc., etc. Sealed bids accompanied by a certified check for $100 (as earnest money), payable to B. D. Kribben, assignee, will be received up to 10 a. m. of Saturday, February 16th, 1895, at which time the bids will be opened, in open court, in Court Room No. 1, and will be subject to the approval of the court. In case all bids be rejected, the entire stock will be sold on the premises aforesaid, at auction, in bulk, for cash, to the highest bidder, at 2 p. m. of Saturday, February 16th, 1895.

B. D. KRIBBEN, Assignee,
2364 701 Bank of Commerce Building.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,985 of Estate. In re estate of Madeline Baer, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Madeline Baer, deceased, and that I did so on the 10th day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2787

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Maria M. Hammann, deceased, that I the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

BERNARD NABER,
Executor of Maria M. Hammann, Deceased.
H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public.
St. Louis, January 17, 1895. 2568

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of James C. Yarnall, deceased, that we, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

MORDICAI YARNALL.
ZACHARIAH S. YARNALL.
St. Louis, January 17, 1895. [illegible]

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1895, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Henry Ziegenhein, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Andre Sick, Catherine Peche, Marie Guilgot, Helen Schoeny and Francis A. Sick, are defendants I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of Tax Bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lot No. 5 of block 31 in survey 3, and in city block No. 3132 of said city, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Virginia avenue by a depth of 140 feet, and I will, on Saturday, the 23d day of February, 1895, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 31, 1895. 2774

CHARLES Stock and John Stock, Plaintiffs, vs. George Joehl, Charles Sommerhauser, Louis Sommerhauser, Edward Sommerhauser, Charles Sommerhauser No. 2, Ida Matilda Sommerhauser, George Sommerhauser, William Sommerhauser, Catherine Lejere and Jacob Lejere, her husband, and Barbara Lauwasser and —— Lauwasser, Defendants—Cause No. 97,734—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a decree and order of sale made by the Circuit Court in and for the City of St. Louis, Mo., on the 9th day of February, 1895, in the above-entitled cause, and during the February term, 1895, of said court, the undersigned Special Commissioner, appointed by the court for that purpose, will, on
SATURDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH, 1895,
between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, Mo., at public auction, for cash, sell, subject to the approval of said court, all the right, title, interest, estate and property of the parties aforesaid in and to the following described real estate, lying and being in said City of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot No. 5 and part of lot No. 6 in block No. 1 of St. Ange addition to the City of St. Louis, Mo., having together a front of 31 feet 2 inches on Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, by a depth of 122 feet 6 inches to an alley 15 feet wide, being the same premises which were acquired by Vincent Stock from Francis Schmitz and wife by deed dated January 24th, 1860, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said City of St. Louis, in book No. 218 at page 207, to which deed reference is hereby made.

FRANCIS NOHL, Special Commissioner.
St. Louis, Mo., February 12, 1895. 2869

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I will receive sealed bids for the effects assigned to me by the Great Western Fire Works Co. consisting of a stock of fire works, decoration and campaign goods, accounts, etc., an inventory and appraisement of all which is now on file in Circuit Court, Room 3. Terms, cash. Certified check for $250 to accompany each bid. Bids will be opened at noon Feb. 16, 1895. Sale subject to approval of court.

F. A. WIND, Assignee.
CHRISTIAN & WIND, Attorneys, 418½ Olive street. 2865

SHERIFF'S Sale—By virtue and authority of a special execution on foreclosure of a deed of trust, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1895, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Rudolph F. Kilgen, assignee of the Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 3, is plaintiff, and Julia V. Nelson and Adolphus F. Nelson, her husband, and Ferdinand Meyer, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of certain indebtedness therein mentioned, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 37 of block number 8 of Page's Second Western Addition and in block number 1,878 of said city, having a front of 25 feet on the north line of Garfield avenue, by a depth between parallel lines of 120 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, and more minutely described as follows: Beginning at a point in the north line of Garfield avenue 75 feet west of the west line of a public alley, thence running westwardly along the said north line of Garfield avenue 25 feet, thence northwardly between parallel lines to the south line of an alley 15 feet wide, thence eastwardly along the said south line of an alley 25 feet and thence running southwardly to the point and place of beginning.

And I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., January 30, 1895. 2766
DAWSON & GARVIN and FISSE & ALLEN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of John H. Hermann, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

LEO S. RASSIEUR,
Administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of the Estate of John H. Hermann, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2582
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,997 of Estate. In re estate of Josephine Strahl, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Josephine Strahl, deceased, and that I did so on the 17th day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2796

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,993 of Estate. In re estate of J. W. Ford, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of J. W. Ford, deceased, and that I did so on the 14th day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2795

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,964 of Estate. In re estate of Margareth Linkenfelter, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Margareth Linkenfelter, deceased, and that I did so on the 24th day of December, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2790

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 21,026 of Estate. In re estate of Helen W. Boutwill, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Helen W. Boutwill, deceased, and that I did so on the 29th day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 29, 1895. [illegible]

LEGAL.

COMMISSIONER'S Sale in Partition.—Pursuant to a renewed order of sale, made and entered of record on the 9th day of February, 1895, by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in a certain cause, pending in said Court, wherein David M. Finley is plaintiff and Edward B. Mygatt, James P. Harper and Emma B. Harper, his wife, Elias S. Gatch, Jackson B. Wood, surviving husband of Caroline A. Wood, deceased, Robert B. Wood, Judson B. Wood, Lewis G. Wood, Frank B. Wood, Charles O. Wood, Emma B. Fitzhugh and Lafayette Fitzhugh, her husband, and Maggie S. Willingham and Benjamin L. Willingham, her husband, are defendants, said cause being numbered 83,785, and is pending in Room No. 4 of said Court, public notice is hereby given that the undersigned Special Commissioner, appointed on the 6th day of June, 1894, for that purpose by the Court, will, on
MONDAY, THE ELEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, 1895,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell, at public auction, at the east front door of the Court-House, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to the highest bidder, the following-described real estate, to wit:

"Beginning at a point in the west line of Eighth street, twenty-four feet south of the south line of Franklin avenue, thence running westwardly ninety-two feet and six inches (92 ft. 6 in.), thence northwardly and parallel with the west line of Eighth street twenty-four (24) feet to Franklin avenue, thence eastwardly along the south line of Franklin avenue ninety-two feet six inches (92 ft. 6 in.), thence southwardly along the west line of Eighth street tweny-four (24) feet to the place of beginning—being in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and in City Block No. 168 of said City, and being the same property acquired by Peter Burns, Jr., by deed and recorded in Book I, No. 3, Page 302, and following, in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Missouri.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, the remainder of the price to be paid in equal instalments, in one and two years, respectively, after the date of approval of sale by the Court, the deferred payments of the purchase price to be evidenced by promissory notes of the purchaser, and to be secured by a deed of trust upon the property sold, and to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually; or, at the option of the purchaser, the entire purchase price may be paid in cash. Said sale to be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court.

CHARLES M. NAPTON,
Special Commissioner.
Room 602, Commercial Building,
St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 12, 1895.
JAMES M. LEWIS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 2875

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution on foreclosure of a deed of trust issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1895, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Rudolph F. Kilgen, Assignee of the Western Building and Loan Association, No. 3, is plaintiff, and Joseph H. Johnson and Kate E. Johnson, his wife, and Ferdinand Meyer, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of certain indebtedness therein mentioned, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit: A lot of ground in Mary E. Burson's subdivision to the City of St. Louis, in city block 5037, beginning at a point in the north line of Marguerette avenue, 158 feet 11¼ inches east of the east line of Clarence avenue, and running eastwardly along the said north line of Marguerette avenue, 40 feet 10¼ inches to a point, thence northwardly in a straight line to the south line to an alley 12 feet wide, thence westwardly along the south line of said alley 40 feet 10¼ inches to a point distant from the east line of Clarence avenue 158 feet 11¼ inches, thence southwardly in a straight line to the north line of Marguerette avenue to the point and place of beginning, and I will, on Wednesday, the 27th day of February, 1895, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the East front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., January 31, 1895.
DAWSON & GARVIN and FISSE & ALLEN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys. 2775

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution on foreclosure of a deed of trust issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Arthur A. B. Woerheide and Rudolph F. Kilgen, assignees of the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 5, are plaintiffs and Lovell G. Mickles and Martha M. Mickles, his wife and Ferdinand Meyer, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of certain indebtedness therein mentioned, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block No. 3727 of the City of St. Louis, Mo., particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the west line of Pendleton avenue, 104 feet 7 inches north of the north line of Cozzens avenue, thence running northwardly along the west line of Pendleton avenue 34 feet 6 inches, thence westwardly and parallel with the north line of Cozzens avenue 116 feet 3 inches to an alley 15 feet wide, thence southwardly along the east line of said alley 34 feet 6 inches, thence eastwardly and parallel with the north line of Cozzens avenue 116 feet 3 inches to the point of beginning. The northeast corner of said lot of ground being 69 feet south of the south line of Easton avenue, and I will, on
MONDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 29, 1895.
DAWSON & GARVIN, FISSE & ALLEN, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. 2742

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution on foreclosure of a deed of trust, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Arthur A. B. Woerheide and Rudolph F. Kilgen, assignees of the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 5, are plaintiffs, and Ernest Gliss and Ferdinand Meyer, trustees, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of certain indebtedness therein mentioned, on which this action is founded and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block number 325 of said city, having a front of 28 feet 6 inches on the north line of Chambers street by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of 60 feet, and bounded on the west by a line parallel with and 25 feet east of the east line of alley, and I will on Thursday, the 28th day of February, 1895, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 1, 1895.
DAWSON & GARVIN and FISSE & ALLEN,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs. 2801

SHERIFF'S SALE in Partition—Francis Nohl vs. Sophia Schaefer, alias Sophia Seifreid, Julia Shean and Joseph E. Shean, her husband, Cause No. 96000—To December term, 1894—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

By virtue and authority of an order of sale made and entered by said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause, dated January 25th, 1895, I will on
THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit:

A lot in the City of St. Louis, composed of lots 28 and 29 in city block 1584 and containing a front of 50 feet on the southern line of Cherokee street, by a depth of 136 feet to an alley 20 feet wide and bounded on the east by a line 25 feet west of and parallel to the west line of Compton avenue, and west by lot 27 of said city block 1584.

HENRY TROLL, Sheriff.
St. Louis, Mo., January 28, 1895. [illegible]

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the St. Louis Criminal Court, returnable to the January Term, 1895, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of the State of Missouri, plaintiff, and against John W. Drabelle and Henry S. Shaw, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant last above named, Henry S. Shaw, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: West part of lot 17 in city block 4781 north in Audubon place, having a front of 25 feet by a depth of 149 feet 3 inches, and I will, on Saturday, the 23d day of February, 1895, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named defendant, Henry S. Shaw, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 31, 1895. 2773

RECEIVER'S and Trustee's Sale—Whereas, the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, by its order made on Feb. 12th, 1895, did direct the receiver of the Harcuvar Copper Co. to sell the property hereinafter described, and did further direct the undersigned trustee in the deed of trust executed by said Harcuvar Copper Co. on July 20th, 1892, and recorded in Maricopa County, Arizona, whereby the said property was conveyed to the undersigned trustee to secure certain bonds and coupons in said deed described, to join in said sale. And whereas, the interest coupons on the bonds described in said trust deed are past due and unpaid, and it is provided in said deed that if the said interest coupons shall become due and remain unpaid the trustee may proceed to sell the property described therein at the request of any one of said bondholders. Now, therefore, in pursuance to the aforesaid order of the Court, and the request of a number of said bondholders, and in pursuance to the provisions of said deed of trust, we the undersigned receiver and trustee will sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House of said City of St. Louis, on
TUESDAY, MARCH 5TH, 1895,
between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. of that day, the following real and personal property, to-wit:

The following mining claims located in one or both of the counties of Yuma and Maricopa, Territory of Arizona:

Metacomet, Maricopa, Carrie, Ticonderoga, Ida, Great Bend, Leadville, Oconto, Vulture, Panther, Menasha, Fond du Lac, Golden Seal, Little Chute, Crystal, Oneida, Apache Boy, Bald Eagle, Nina, Dora, Turk, Copper Point, Oshkosh, General Grant, General Sherman, Evalina, Copper King, Copper Queen, Anaconda, New York, Brooklyn, St. Louis and Cincinnati.

And the following mining claims located at or near the mining camp known as Morgan City, Maricopa County, Arizona:

Bald Mountain, Sunrise, Gold Star, Amadore, Potosi, Ontario, El Dorado, Three Friends, Arizona, Colorado and Chief. Also the Gold Star mill site and spring.

And also the following described personal property located at the copper camp: About 5 miles of iron piping, 1 churn drill with rods, 2 well pumps, 1 No. 5 Baker blower, 1 25-ton water jacket furnace with pipes, one weighing scale, two water tanks, with 5,000 feet lumber. All furniture in office, one lot of kitchen utensils, consisting of stove, cups and saucers, plates, pans, etc. All furniture in kitchen, one lot of canned fruit, one lot of candles, soap and 25 pounds powder.

The following personal property located at Morgan City camp: One 10-stamp mill, 2 Gilpin County tables, 1 Blake crusher, 2 Challenge feeders, 1 lot silver amalgamating plates, 1 Pacific engine, 1 35-horse power boiler, 1 heater, 2 spare pulleys, 2 spare cambs, 10 spare shoes, 10 spare dies, 14 spare screens, 1 spare inspirator, 3 pumps, 1 small hoister, 1 water tank (500 gallons), 6 shovels, 2 camb hammers, about 3 miles of iron piping, 1 boiler at spring, 1 25-horse power boiler, and 1 15-horse power boiler at shaft No. 1, 1 hoister with 350 feet wire rope, 1 steel bucket, 1 steel car, 1,200 feet steel rails, 1 50-gallon barrel, 400 feet pipe at shaft house, one diamond drill complete with 1,200 feet of rods, 200 feet of casing, one Blake duplex steam pump, 1 lot of wheelbarrows, shovels, picks, hammers, sledges, drills and other tools used in mining, and one lot of pipe and dies. All the furniture in the office of said camp, all the blankets, mattresses, pillows and other household goods and clothing, 2 gold scales, 1 pulp scale and weights, 1 No. 3 Hoskin's furnace, 2 spirit levelers, 1 tank for furnace, 1 lot scorifers, crucibles, casting moulds, tongs, cupels hammers, lot of quicksilver, cyanide of potassium, and one lot of soap and tobacco. All the cooking utensils in kitchen of said camp, including cook stove, plates, cups and saucers, bowls, jugs, spoons, knives and forks, one lot of provisions and canned goods, one lot of corned beef, one Studebaker wagon, 1 buckboard, 4 horses and 4 sets of harness.

The above property will be sold in bulk at one time.

At least $1,000 in cash will be required on bidding off the above property, and the balance upon the approval of said sale by the court and the delivery of the papers.

AUG. GUNDLACH, Receiver.
2877 NATHAN FRANK, Trustee.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of Valentine Reiss, will, in pursuance of an order made this day by the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis on Tuesday, February 19, 1895, between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, all the unpaid accounts due by the debtors of the said Valentine Reiss to him, aggregating the sum of two hundred and forty-three dollars and seventy-five cents ($243.75), a detailed information of which said accounts will be furnished on application to the undersigned at the office of Buck's Stove and Range Co., No. 3500 North Second street.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 13, 1895.
2881 J. W. VAN CLEAVE, Assignee.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Heman Construction Co. is plaintiff and Elizabeth Bergin and Daniel C. Bergin are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of special tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 40, city block 3983, having a front of 25 feet by a depth of 132 feet and bounded north by Shea, east by Kansteiner, south by Hunt avenue, and west by Madison, and I will, on
THURSDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., February 2, 1895. 2829

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an alias general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein David Collins is plaintiff and Jean F. Baerveldt, Joseph T. Donovan and George N. Cooper are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 37 of city block No. 2992 B of the said City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, fronting 50 feet on the north line of Vernon avenue, by a depth of 140 feet northwardly more or less, bounded on the north by lot No. 16, on the south by Vernon avenue, on the east by lot No. 38, and on the west by lot No. 36 of said block 2992 B and being the same property acquired by said defendant by deed of Walter H. Bain, dated March 16, 1893, and recorded in book No. 1154, page 77, of the records of the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, together with the improvements thereon, and I will, on
THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 29, 1895. [illegible]

L. A. W. CONVENTION

Delegates to Arrive in New York Sunday Night.

MANY QUESTIONS WHICH THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY WILL CONSIDER.

The Offices Will Probably Be Used to Trade for the National Meet, Which Boston and Asbury Park Are After—Sporting News in General.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Widespread interest is manifested in the annual meeting of the L. A. W., which will be held in this city next Monday. It is expected to be the most important meeting ever held in the history of the league. Plans will be devised for the improvement and growth of the organization and amedments to the constitution, numbering over thirty, have been proposed and will be acted upon. In consequence of the many changes suggested it is thought that the session will consume about two days, as much discretion will have to be exercised in order to accede to the demands of all divisions and still maintain harmony. The various divisions are divided as to the proper means to settle the questions at issue.

The members of the New Jersey divisions are confident that their efforts to secure the national meet for Asbury Park will be successful. They now claim to have promises of support from all delegates in all the divisions of the league.

Delegates to the assembly will arrive Sunday evening. If the Massachusetts members find that they can only have the choice of First Vice-President or the meet, it is assumed that they will take the former. It is thought that the Western wheelmen would readily consummate a deal with New Jersey men for Vice-President in lieu of their support for the meet. The candidates for President and Treasurer, A. C. Williston and A. E. Mergenthaler, will have no opposition, but considering the divided opinions existing among the respective divisions it is believed that some changes may be made for the offices of First and Second Vice-President.

W. W. Watts of the Louisville division of the L. A. W. says he will be present at the national meeting and will oppose the change in the membership rule admitting negro wheelmen. The passage of the amendment last year debarring negroes from membership was largely due to the work of Watts.

* * *

The meeting of the Associated Cycling Clubs, which will be held this evening at the South Side Club-house, will be one of the most important events in local cycling circles, as it is the first annual meeting, and the reports of the officers will show what strides the sport has made through the concerted action of the club. The national circuit meet, which brought riders of national fame to this city for the first time since 1886 and the cycle show, are two of the most notable parts of the association's work.

The association will be an important factor during the coming season, as the board of officers of the Missouri Division has placed all of their fixtures in its hands. The election of officers for the ensuing year will, therefore, be of interest, for there will be much responsibility upon them.

* * *

Chairman Raymond of the L. A. W. Racing Board, has received applications for reinstatement to the amateur ranks from quite a number of professionals, which will be presented to the National Assembly of the L. A. W. next Monday. It does not appear to be generally understood that under the League constitution a rider who has been declared a professional may be reinstated only upon "competent showing of error in the deceision made," and that unless reinstatement is asked for on that claim any motion for reinstatement would be declared unconstitutional.

* * *

Charley Murphy wishes to deny the statement going the rounds of the press that he ever expressed himself as capable of riding a mile in a minute. What he will attempt, though, is the straightaway record, as he believes that it is possible to do better than the existing 1:34 1-5.

Bicycle Notes.

San Francisco is to follow the lead of St. Louis and hold a local cycle show Feb. 18 to 22.

Jefferson City, Hannibal and St. Joseph are after the State meet July 4.

The South Sides gave their "hard times" smoker last evening.

The Victors have moved into their new quarters on Franklin avenue.

YALE'S TEAM.

CAPT. RUSTIN CALLS THE CANDIDATES TOGETHER.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 15.—Capt. Fred Rustin of the Yale Base Ball Club has issued his annual call for the candidates of the team to report. He will meet the applicants for positions in the "trophy" room of the gymnasium to-night and give directions for the work of the coming season. He will also meet the candidates from the freshman team and outline their work for the year. This is several weks later than the Yale base ball candidates are usually called together, but Capt. Rustin has determined to make the training this year as light as is consistent with good playing condtion.

* * *

Charley King's anxiety as to whether the Cincinnati club still has a claim on his services, which was printed exclusively in Sunday's Post-Dispatch, has brought forth the following from the Cincinnati Times-Star:

"Herr Karl Koenig, who was on Capt. Comiskey's Cincinati staff in '92 and '93, has made up his mind that his row of brick houses in St. Louis can get along next season without his personal supervision. Last year King was sent a contract, but despite the stringency of the money market, his estimate of the worth of his services far exceeded the size of the figures which his old commander, Comiskey, had put in the document. So he remained off the diamond for the entire season. He was reserved for '94, but, speaking of the present state of affairs, Treasurer Ashley Lloyd says: "The reserve lists have always been sent in to President Young by Mr. Brush, and I do not know whether or not King was included this year. As I understand it, however, the old reservation is in force.""

* * *

The Olympics of San Francisco, a newly organized club, will play a picked nine Sunday Feb. 24, for the benefit of the wife of Charles Sweeney, who got in trouble out West and is now in jail. Sweeney was the old Maroons' pitcher, and was one of the greatest "south paws" of his day. He made his reputation with the famous Providence League club, and was also with the Bostons at one time.

Many of Sweeney's old-time friends have volunteered to play in the Olympics. The game promises to be full of interest and to net a good sum for the unfortunate man's wife.

* * *

Capt. Pat Tebeau has begun to line up his men for the next season, and has turned in contracts with Jack O'Connor, Charley Zimmer, Ed McKean and Mike Sullivan. Jack O'Connor lives in North St. Louis and spends his winters in this city attending to his business.

Base Ball Briefs.

Rusie and Meekin continue to refuse to sign with New York until their terms are agreed to.

Brooklyn has signed twenty-one men all told.

The Browns will play March 29, 30 and 31 at Memphis instead of Chattanooga.

Lave Cross is the only Quaker outside the Philadelphia Club's contract fold.

Hugh Jennings and "Mickey" McGraw are attending Bonaventure College at Allegheny, N. Y.

Manager Davis of the New York team journeyed to Indianapolis last week. He went after the contract of big Amos Rusie, but failed to connect.

Frank Knauss has signed with the New Yorks and will go on the Southern trip with them.

CARTER AT LATONIA.

HE IS SAID TO BE SLATED FOR COL. TARLTON'S PLACE—TURF GOSSIP.

According to the Cincinnati Enquirer, Jno. J. Carter of Nashville, Tenn., will succeed Col. Lew P. Tarlton as presiding judge at the Latonia race track this season. Col. Tarlton is forced to step down and out on account of the Western Turf Congress rule, which prohibits breeders from officiating in the stand. He happens to be a breeder and accordingly must retire from Latonia, where he has presided for several years past. Col. W. E. Applegate, who secured a controlling interest in the Latonia track recently, is said to favor Mr. Carter being secured as Col. Tarlton's successor. Mr. Carter is well and favorably known to the St. Louis turfites through his connection with the Fair Grounds and East St. Louis. He presided at the Fair Grounds f 1892 and officiated in a like capacity at East St. Louis, until last spring. Although not generally known, it is a fact, nevertheless, that Mr. Carter was an applicant for the Fair Grounds judgeship this season. Afterwards he withdrew his application and it is presumed that he did so at the request of those who expect to get him in the stand at Latonia.

* * *

Louis Long, who claims to have Barney Schrieber's jockey, Felix Carr, under apprenticeship papers until he becomes of age, has signed Felix to George C. Bennett, the Memphis and Covington pool-room magnate. Carr himself has signed with Schrieber for another year and it now appears as though there may be an interesting legal battle over the lad. Long has made big money farming out young jockeys, but the boys get wise as soon as they commence to earn big money and break away from him. He has never been able to hold any of them very long after they become prominent, and it will cause surprise here in St. Louis if he and Bennett can take Carr away from Schrieber.

* * *

James J. Connelly may be the track superintendent at Harlem next season or he may go to the Fair Grounds, says a Chicago exchange. President Marten of Harlem is considering the matter for the local track. Until recently Connelly was the Superintendent of the Washington Park track, having been employed in that capacity since its inauguration. No track in the world equals Washington Park as a trotting and a running track, and upon that course both harness and running records have been frequently broken.

* * *

Jockey Willie Simms has left New Orleans for Mr. Dwyer's winter resort, Rock Ledge, Fla., where Messrs. Mike and Phil Dwyer and Richard Croker now are. Simms goes there to confer as to his trip to England. He says he is not particularly anxious to go to England, but if it is the wish of Phil Dwyer, to whom he is under contract, that he cross the sea to ride the horses of his brother Mike and Mr. Croker, he will, of course, willingly do so.

Results at Madison.

First race—Lyons, even, first; Moderate, 6 to 1, second; Little Nellie, 5 to 1, third.

Second race—Little Dutchman, 3 to 1, first; Mascot, 8 to 1, second; Sankey, 20 to 1, third.

Third race—Wrestler, 4 to 5, first; Montana Belle, 8 to 1, second; Emmett May, 20 to 1, third.

Fourth race—Ed Beaman, 2 to 1, first; Littlefellow, 20 to 1, second; Dora S., 2 to 1, third.

Fifth race—Edwin, 2 to 1, first; Tom Karl, 8 to 5, second; Ceberus, 6 to 1, third.

Winners at Other Tracks.

At New Orleans—Le Banjo, Gee Whiz, No Remarks, Gleesome, Jim Henry.

At Arlington—Jolly Boy, Jewel, Psyche, Billy Boy, Phil Daly.

At San Francisco—Bliss, Able P., Li Hung Chang, Wawonda, Arundel.

At Hot Springs—Sleepy Duke, Maggie Gray, Parole, Green Prewitt.

Track Talk.

Morello is just recovering from a severe attack of inflammation of the bowels.

Ed Corrigan has purchased the 3-year-old filly Virginette, by Apache-Virgie, from Charles Kerr of Bakersfield, Cal. The price was private.

Joe Patchen was originally a trotter and could step a mile in 2:40 without training when he was 3 years old.

Cash Sloan will commence his riding campaign at East St. Louis March 1. He expects to reduce as low as 100 pounds without any trouble.

The promising featherweight jockey, A. Barrett, is riding for Billy Magrane, the St. Louis turfman, at New Orleans.

According to the New Orleans papers Jockey Frank Leigh has in Rags, the son of Pirate of Penzance and Gracie M., about the gamest 2-year-old that has yet shown up there.

Tannhauser slipped and fell down in the second race at Madison Thursday. When he struck the ground he slid about twenty feet. Crab Cider was right behind Tannhauser when he fell and jumped over him like a trained steeplechaser.

THE FIGHT OFF.

MABER AND NEEDHAM REFUSED A PERMIT FOR THEIR MATCH.

Dannie Needham and Shadow Maber will not have an opportunity to meet each other before a Cincinnati audience, at least not for some time to come, as the match which was booked to take place before the Twenty-third Ward Athletic Club has been declared off.

A representative of the club said that as the Mayor had refused the permit for the contest, the club had concluded to call the contest off.

Shadow Maber's looks at present belie his sobriquet. He is a long way from being a shadow. He now weighs 150 pounds.

* * *

Peter Maher, the Irish champion, is ambitious to get another chance at Bob Fitzmons, and he is confident that he will wipe out the defeat that the Australian administered to him at the beginning of his pugilistic career in this country. He is aware that he will have to add some important victories to his record before Fitz will give him another chance, and, should he win from Jim Hall, Jake Kilrain and Steve O'Donnell, he will make a demand on Fitzsimmons for another match. Should the Australian refuse, Maher will go to England and take on Peter Jackson.

* * *

One of the owners of the old Coney Island Athletic Club was accustomed to say: "Ah, yes—the gloves. Make 'em small. The crowd wants a knock-out, and they will get it all the more quickly, and we want to get the crowd here and away in the shortest time that will satisfy them." The gloves worn by the contestants in that club were responsible for the short, decisive battles and so many knock-outs. That policy paid well. To-day large gloves, it has been seen, produce results of another class, and the process of evolution has also extended to the profits.

* * *

Cal McCarthy fell on the ice and injured his thigh while training at Old Bridge, N. J. He has been training for nearly a month past, being matched to fight Joe Craig on Feb. 18 at Jersey City. The pair are to weigh in at 122 pounds, and if a decision is not reached at the end of the sixth round it will be declared a draw. Frank Lane, who is looking after McCarthy's interests, visited the ex-champion featherweight at his training quarters. He states that, although McCarthy's injury is not serious, it is, nevertheless, painful.

Pugilistic Pointers.

Johnny Griffin is teaching boxing in Boston.

In Philadelphia the other night Billy Ernst was saved from a knockout in the fourth round by the management stopping the bout. His opponent was Jimmy Fox of Philadelphia.

Alf Michell, who has just returned from England, reports boxing booming all over the country. Slavin, he says, is back in shape, and apparently as good as he ever was. He thinks that the "Coffee Cooler" will have his hands full with him.

Parson Davies has decided to go to England. He says that on his arrival he will match Tommy Ryan to fight either Dick Burge, Tom Williams or Lackie Thomson, the Scotch champion.

In regard to the Craig and Slavin fight, Holske says Craig will not commence training until Feg. 23, and that he will only require three weeks' training. If he defeats Slavin he will then stand prepared to fight either Peter Jackson or any man in the world.

JIM SWEENEY'S TRIP.

THE POLITICIAN, TURFMAN AND CHICKEN FANCIER GOES TO IRELAND.

James Sweeney, politician, turfman and chicken fancier has leased out his local business and will leave for Ireland to spend a few weeks with relatives. He expects to sail from New York Saturday week.

Sporting Notes.

Karl Abs, a famous athlete and long champion wrestler of Germany, died at Hamburg the other day.

James Smart won the professional skating championship of Great Britain at Swansea, England, the other day.

The scull race for the championship of England between Sullivan and Harding will take place Saturday.

IMPROVED STREETS.

Property Values to Be Enhanced in Certain Districts.

Street improvements are to be made by the city early this spring which will cost nearly half a million dollars and which will enhance real estate values in the districts in which they are made. The proposed improvements are for the most part for the west and south ends of the city. They include some streets which would have been improved long ago, but for the scarcity of funds at the command of the Street Department. The streets first to be improved are as follows:

California avenue, between Cherokee and Pestalozzi; Wyoming street, between Lemp and Wisconsin avenues; Hartford street, between Louisiana and Grand avenues; Boyle avenue, between the Clayton Road and Laclede avenue; Sarah street, between West Belle and Easton avenue; Vandeventer avenue, between Page and Easton avenues; King's Highway, between Laclede and Lindell avenues; Maryland avenue, between Boyle and Euclid avenue, and Finney avenue, between Pendleton and Taylor avenues. It is possible that Westminster Place, between Boyle and Sarah street, may be included in this list, but if not it will be included in the second batch, work on which will be commenced before the early summer.

This second batch of street improvements includes the following:

Iowa avenue, between Cherokee and Arsenal streets; Selena street, between Congress and Sidney streets; Oregon avenue, between Shenandoah street and Russell avenue; Ann avenue, between Ohio and California avenue; Geyer avenue, between Jefferson and California avenues; St. Vincent avenue, between Louisiana avenue and Theresa avenue and between Ohio and California avenues; Boyle avenue, between Laclede and Lindell avenues; Sarah street, between Laclede and Ohio avenues, and between Olive street and West Belle Place; Olive street, between Taylor and Washington avenues; Pendleton avenue, between Olive and Morgan streets; Taylor avenue, between Lindell and Delmar avenues; Cook avenue, between Pendleton and Newstead avenues; Page boulevard, between Vandeventer avenue and Sarah street; Easton avenue, between King's Highway and Burd avenue and between Burd avenue and the western city limits; Garfield avenue, between Spring and Prairie avenues; Nineteenth street, between Madison and North Market streets; Magazine street, between Webster and Bacon streets; Coleman street, between Magazine and Montgomery streets; Spring avenue, between St. Louis avenue and Dodier street; Dodier street, between Grand and Spring avenues, and Taylor avenue, between Delmar and Easton avenues.

CROSS STREETS.

Among the list are numerous west and cross streets or streets running north and south. These streets have heretofore received but little attention and whenever improvements have been made the east and west streets always received first consideration. This has left many cross streets in an undeveloped condition and the value of the property on them has remained low as compared with the values on the more favored and finely improved east and west streets which cross them. This has largely been due to the fact that the assessed valuation on the cross streets was not sufficient under the present law to carry the class of improvements proposed.

The present policy of the Board of Public Improvements is to do away as much as possible with macadam in the paving of streets and to adopt asphaltum, vitrified brick and telford. It may therefore be expected that the improvements of the streets named will be of a better and more lasting character than has been customary heretofore.

WM. C. WILSON DEAD.

Wm. C. Wilson, senior member of the firm of Wm. C. Wilson & Co., one of the oldest real estate firms in the city, died at 12:15 o'clock Thursday at his residence, 2930 Morgan street. He had been in ill health for the past two years or more and during the past six months he has been almost an invalid. Mr. Wilson was 64 years of age. He was born in County Antrim, Ireland, of Scotch-Irish parents, and came to St. Louis in 1846. He was in the milling business until 1852, when he engaged in the real estate business with his brother, Alexander D. Wilson, and later Mr. John M. Wilson, another brother, was added to the firm. Wm. C. Wilson was a man of fine business and literary attainments. He was to be found at all times foremost in every movement for public good. A teetotaler by practice, he was an ardent champion of prohibition and was candidate for Governor of Missouri in 1889 on the Prohibition ticket. He was also an earnest advocate of woman's suffrage, believing that if women were allowed to vote it would be an easy matter to close the saloons.

He leaves a valuable estate, most of which is in St. Louis and near San Diego, Cal. The Real Estate Exchange will hold a meeting to pass appropriate resolutions on his death and a committee from the exchange will attend his funeral, which will take place from his late residence, 2930 Morgan street, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

AGENTS' REORTS.

Muller & Faribault report the sale of a flour mill at St. Charles, Mo., for $9,200, from the administrator of S. H. Murton & Co. to the J. H. Murton & Commission Co. of St. Louis.

P. S. Naughton has sold to the Imperail Investment Co. for $9,500, 100 feet of ground on the north side of Morgan street, between Newstead and Taylor avenues, with the improvements thereon.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following real estate conveyances were recorded from noon yesterday to noon to-day:

ALFRED AV.—25 ft., city block 5016. Bernard Goldstein and wife to Frederick Niesmann—warranty	$ 500
BLAINE AV.—100 ft., city block 4963. Maggie F. Chapman et al. to John Gewinner—warranty	2,250
CITY BLOCK 778—25 ft., leashold. Frank Matonsek and wife to Fredericka Pichtberg	500
CITY BLOCK 1147—25 ft. Edward Dippold and wife by trustee to Dorothea Binger—warranty	1,000
COOK AV.—50 ft., city block 5147. Wm. H. Franz and wife to Lulu C. Woods—warranty	7,600
JEFFERSON AV.—25 ft., city block 2351. Edward C. H. Foelkers to Matthew J. Hickey—warranty	1,800
LOTUS AV.—40 ft., city block 4490B. Walter P. Kiely and wife, by trustee, to Samuel Levy—trustee's deed	1,400
LOTUS AV.—40 ft., city block 4490B. Walter P. Kiely and wife to Samuel Levy—quitclaim	1
McKISSOCK AV.—50 ft., city block 3403. Wm. H. Daniels to City and Suburban Investment Co.—quitclaim	1,400
MINNESOTA AV.—30 ft., city block 2856. Geo. F. Eckhard, Jr., and wife to Chas. H. Eckhard—warranty	1,200
MORGAN ST.—100 ft., city block 4570. P. S. Naughton to Imperial Investnemt Co.—warranty	9,500
SARAH ST.—50 ft., city block 3662. Wm. A. Nelson, by assignee, to Huntington Smith—quitclaim	10
WARNE AV.—25 ft., city block 4900. John O. Huffman and wife to Mary A. Shea—quitclaim	10
GOODE AV.—50 feet, city block 3,688. John W. Plumb and wife to Mamie Plumb—warranty	1
BAYARD AV.—10 feet, city block 3,763. Parthenia A. Lewis, by trustee, to Philip Key—trustee's deed	3,300
SARAH ST.—51 feet 6 inches, city block 3,923. Borgess Investment Co. to Annie Landau—warranty	17,000
CHESTNUT ST.—50 feet, city block 1,947. Ernestine Landau to Borgess Investment Co.—warranty	800
BIRCHER ST.—50 feet, city block 4,419. John Nyhof and wife to Herman F. Schulte—warranty	550
WELLS AV.—50 feet, city block 3,805. Elmar V. ohnson and wife to Christopher F. Bauer—warranty	1
WELLS AV.—50 feet, city block 3,805. Christopher F. Bauer to Elmar V. Johnson—warranty	1

Provident Association Entertainment.

A musical and dramatic entertainment for the benefit of the St. Louis Provident Association will be given at St. Louis Turner Hall, 1508 Chouteau avenue, Saturday evening, Feb. 23. The entertainment will close with a German drama by Ritter, in which the following ladies and gentlemen will take part: Hugo Wedemeyer, Cora Lange, Paula Follenius, Milla Retzer, Lottie Stremmel, Max Demmler, Arnold Fuchs, Willie Retzer, Fritz Nobbe.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is an unexcelled medicine for Children while teething. 25c

THEY ARE DOOMED.

How Kaiser and Heinze Received the Governor's Refusal.

Gov. Stone's final refusal to commute the death sentences of Jacob Heinze and Henry Kaiser to sentences of life imprisonment visibly affected the condemned young men. They are to be hanged Feb. 21.

The telegram announcing Gov. Stone's decision was handed to Heinze by a reporter at 7:45 p. m. Thursday. He turned pale and read it tremblingly. Heinze still maintained that they were innocent, and paid his respects to Judge Edmunds, Detectives Viehle and King and Annie Boghines, the colored woman that identified them, and who was afterwards acquitted of perjury. Heinze asserted warmly that the detectives had posted the negress. Kaiser had little to say.

"Gov. Stone must surely have a stony heart," was his only comment.

There was bitterness in the voices of both. They turned away to their cots with deep sighs.

Their attorney, Andrew Duggan, is in Jefferson City, making a final attempt, by means of affidavits, to secure a commutation.

Kaiser and Heinze were convicted of the murder of Edwin E. Brown, a wealthy stock dealer, in front of ex-Congressman Niedringhaus' residence, on Garrison and Franklin avenues, on March 3, 1893. The motive was robbery. Brown had little money, but he struggled to save a highly prized watch. His assailants got angry and beat him so that he died.

OPEL DIVORCE.

Motion for New Trial Submitted Without Arguments.

The motion for a new trial in the divorce case of Myra H. Opel against Louis H. Opel was submitted to Judge Valliant by Attorneys Kehr and Johnson without argument. The motion was on the law docket for Feb. 8, but Mr. Johnson asked that it be laid over for another week.

Attorney Johnson filed a bill of exceptions to the ruling of the court denying Mrs. Opel $3,000 for alimony, pendente lite, in addition to the sum of $150 a month that Opel paid by agreement from July 1, 1894, to the close of the trial. The bill merely fills the gap in the record of the cause, containing no new matter.

As Saturday is the last day for filing transcripts for the March term of the Court of Appeals, the appeal in the main issue will not be heard before the October term. The appeal on the alimony question will be heard at the March term.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

The Globe Shoe and Clothing Company was incorporated, Maurice Landau holding 1,490, Annie Landau five and David Harwilleur five shares of the paid capital of $150,000.

The Hub Mercantile Company filed articles of incorporation. The capital stock of $3,000 is held by Michael Rosentreter, Adolph Daust, Gusta and John Jacobs and David Greenewald.

MAY GET THEM BACK.

Zachritz Talks About the Disappearance of Witnesses in the Simmons Case.

Circuit Attorney Zachritz was seen in regard to the disappearance of C. H. Chaffee, James H. Tiernan and Pearl Collins, three of the most important witnesses in the case of Dr. C. F. Simmons for an assault to kill on John McBain. Simmons, it will be remembered, was given three years in the Penitentiary on his trial, but was granted a new trial by Judge Edmunds on the ground that one of the jurors had previously expressed an opinion about the case. And now the main witnesses for the State are without the jurisdiction of the court. Circuit Attorney Zachritz said:

"I am not yet able to say what will be done in the matter. I really am not conversant with the case at this time, as I did not try it in the first instance. My assistant had charge of the trial.

"Chaffee's testimony in the first trial, in transcript, cannot be used except in cross-examination of the witness, and there is no fund or appropriation which I can use to bring him back to St. Louis. I have already been served with a notice of a change of venue, but that but plays into my hands. I can say I am not prepared for trial, as I really am not, and the trial will go over to the next term. In that case the defense will not then be able to take snap judgment by reason of the absence of the most important witness, and in the meantime I may be able to get Chaffee back to St. Louis."

Mr. Frank P. Gorman says that the departure of James H. Tiernan from St. Louis was due solely to business reasons. On the 16th of last month he received a telegram from Capt. J. F. Hinckley, chief engineer of the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Belt Railway, offering him a position at South McAlester, I. T., and as he was out of employment, he went there to take the place.

WEDED THE BOSS' WIDOW.

Charles Madlinger Eloped to Belleville With Mrs. Gumbinger.

The triumphant ending of a boarding house romance was reached Thursday afternoon by the clandestine marriage at Belleville of Charles Madlinger, a smooth faced boy of 22, to Mrs. Fredericka Gumbinger, a buxom mid-wife of 30, she says, though her neighbors add another five years to her age. She is the widow of Madlinger's former employers and since his death, two years ago, Madlinger has boarded with her. This close relation developed an affection that the disparity in ages could not check. But they were shy of publicity. So happy were they they could not endure the cold criticisms of a thoughtless, gossiping neighborhood, so they eloped to Belleville, where they were certain no rumor of their joy would reach the ears of mutual friends.

Madlinger waxed wroth when a reporter asked him about it Friday. Drawing himself to his full height of five feet four, he explained at great length that he is a man, entitled by law and justice to do as he pleased about getting married. What if his bride was a little the oldest, he will be twenty-three next birthday. To be sure next birthday will not come until January, but its bound to come just the same. He had kept the matter secret for purely economical reasons. His numerous friends would expect him to treat and with the added responsibility and cares of matrimony he couldn't afford it. That was reason enough, he said.

The Poor of St. Louis.

James Hickey and wife and Mrs. Hambley, a widow, and two children, of 2804 Randolph street; Joseph Conway, his wife and mother of 3603 Papin street; Hattie Curry, colored, widow, and three children of 825 Barrett avenue; Wm. Ostgood and four children of 3506 Papin street; Lucinda Foster, colored, 50 years old, of 2610 Stoddard; Jane Jones, colored, of 1118 North Twenty-first street, and Lucy Davis, colored, and three children of 2228 O'Fallon street, are in need of assistance.

Donations were received as follows on Thursday:

A bundle of clothes and 45 loaves of bread were left at the Third District Station for the poor.

An order for 72 loaves of bread was left at the Fourth District Station.

Sixteen loaves of bread, sent by John Schmidt of 1919 Cherokee street, and a bundle of clothes from Frank Lacock of 2852 Pestalozzi street, were left at the Second District Station.

New Mechanics' Lien Law.

A special meeting of the Millmen's Exchange, composed of manufacturers of sash, doors and blinds, was held in the rooms of the Exchange in the Hagan Building Thursday afternoon. The meeting was called to consider the proposed amendments to the mechanics' lien law. The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this exchange disapprove of any interference with the present lien law, but if any change is made the Exchange favors the entire abolition of the law.

Fire on North Broadway.

Fire on the first floor of the frame building, 3136 North Broadway, occupied by T. W. Coburn, a wood carver, damaged the property to the extent of $100 last night. The cause is not known.

Ask M. W. Alexander for Louton's Nervonax. Nervonax the only reliable cure for liver and kidney trouble, diabetes and sleeplessness.

HOSPITAL CROWDED.

The Reason Is That It Is Put to Too Many Uses.

This is the season of the year when the City Hospital is crowded to its fullest capacity. From thirty to fifty patients are sent thither every day and in order to keep room for the newcomers, fully that number are discharged each day. And still the hospital is crowded to overflowing. The cause for this is that the hospital is used not only for a hospital, but for an infirmary, bath-house and soup-house.

During the present period of cold weather the applicants for medical aid at the City Dispensary have ben great. Some few want medicine to take home, but the majority want to go to the hospital. The Dispensary physicians, with but the slightest examination, send them there. When they get there they are given a warm bath, put to bed and given a good wholesome meal, which few of them are too ill to eat, and after a few days' treatment of this kind they are as well as they ever were. Their whole illness was due to dirt, privation and hunger. What they needed was food and a bath, not medicine, and the City Hospital was not properly the place for them.

Dr. Marks has protested on numerous occasions against this sending persons to the hospital who are not ill, only hungry. He thinks the Dispensary physicians should take more care in examining persons who apply for admission and not send them to the hospital unless they are really ill. In regard to this, Health Commissioner Homan says:

"It is better to err on the side of humanity than otherwise. These people are sick to the extent that they are debilitated. They are sent to the hospital, where they are given a bath and put in such shape that their cases can be diagnosed. If it is only nutriment they want it is given them and if they are found to be well and healthy after twenty-four hours they are discharged. What the city really needs is a half-way house, where this class of patients and semi-sick people can be sent."

ATTACKING NEGROES.

Six New Cases of Small-Pox Among Colored People Reported.

Six new cases of small-pox were reported to the Health Department to-day. This makes thirty-one cases since January 14.

All the cases reported have been colored people and the cases reported to-day are what Dr. Priest terms the third generation of the disease. That is to say the first case, or first generation was started Jan. 14. The second generation, which came from those exposed to the first case, started in about February 1 and now comes the third generation, or those who were exposed at the second time. The six reported this morning are Louis Bray, Louis Blag, Julius Simpson of 1015 Lucas avenue, Wm. Hughly, 403 N. Levee, Samuel Smith, 2741 Wash street, and Wm. Emeny, 1015 Lucas avenue. The first three cases have been isolated at the City Hospital several days awaiting development. The others just drifted into the Dispensary about 8 o'clock.

Besides these cases regularly reported Dr. Curtis, a colored physician, brought in Arthur Smith from 1527 Lucas avenue to report two cases at that number. Dr. Priest went out to examine them, but has as yet made no report. Dr. Curtis says there is no doubt, however, that they are clearly developed cases of small-pox.

Health Commissioner Homan says that he has little fear of the disease becoming epidemic outside the colored locality in which it now is, or perhaps in other localities where there is a colored community.

"If people will only be guided by common sense and be properly vaccinated there is nothing to fear," said Dr. Homan. "Nearly all these cases are among the colored population which it is almost impossible to handle or to impress with the necessity of vaccination. It cannot be urged too strongly upon the people, this necessity for vaccination. Otherwise the disease will spread. We can not send a person to the small-pox hospital until he has small-pox and it takes fourteen days for the disease to develop. All this time he may be around among people and infect a number."

Dr. Priest, who is personally handling the red pest, says: "All we can do is to urge vaccination. My advice is to vaccinate early and often."

Dr. Tuttle, the quarantine physician who has varioloid, is doing well.

IVES AND SCHAEFER.

THE BILLIARD CHAMPION'S ARRIVE AND PLAY AT MASONIC HALL TO-NIGHT.

Frank C. Ives, the billiard champion, and his great rival, Jacob Schaefer, arrived in St. Louis Friday morning, and will play an exhibition series of two games at Masonic Hall, Seventh and Market streets, to-night and to-morrow night. Six hundred points are to be played each night, and the lovers of the game are congratulating themselves in anticipation of a great treat.

TERRY ENGAGED.

OLD SAILING MASTER WILL COMMAND THE CUP DEFENDER.

Capt. Terry has been engaged to sail the new cup defender of 1895. His great abilities as a sailing master were recognized by C. Oliver Iselin, who was not satisfied until he had the old seadog under engagement.

Capt. Terry is noted as the best trimmer of sails in the country and has been in the employ of Latham A. Fish, a member of the Cup Committee, for several years. The new skipper will have full control of the crew and will endeavor to drill them to that degree of perfection attaied by English crews.

Late Train Quincy and Burlington.

The Burlington now runs a late train to Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Fort Madison and Burlington, leaving at 2:30 a. m. daily. Sleeping car and coach ready in Union Station at 9:30 p. m. For further information call at city office, 218 North Broadway.

Drug Clerks' Society.

The regular monthly meeting of the St. Louis Drug Clerks' Society was held at the St. Louis College of Pharmacy Building Thursday evening. President Max J. Schneider occupied the chair. An amendment to the constitution was handed in to increase the Entertainment Committee to five instead of three members. This will be acted upon at the next meeting. Several new members were elected.

Prof. O. A. Wall delivered an interesting lecture on "Art Anatomy," which he illustrated by means of a magic lantern. The next meeting will be held on March 14.

* * *

Duke's Mixture Smoking Tobacco.

Cool, Mild, Fragrant.

Absolutely the Best for the Money ....

2 ounces for 5c.

Sold Everywhere by All Dealers.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

MATILDA.—It was a good turn you did me when you told me of Clairette Soap. It makes the clothes whiter than any other, and saves time and work.

MARY.—Yes, and it does not injure the hands or the clothes.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

Sold Everywhere. Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Louis Bouche, deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator having charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

WILLIAM C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator, Having Charge of Estate of Louis Bouche, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2590
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Ellen Quigley, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

JOSEPH B. QUIGLEY,
Administrator of Ellen Quigley.
St. Louis, January 17, 1895. 2596

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Maria Sprenger, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

HENRY SPRENGER,
Executor of Last Will of Maria Sprenger, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2593
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Jennie W. Hunt, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

JANE HUNT,
Administratrix of the Estate of Jennie W. Hunt, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2585
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Rosalie Gautier, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

MARC GAUTIER,
Administrator c. t. a. of Rosalie Gautier, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2586
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Emil Mark, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

RUTH MARK,
Executrix of Last Will of Emil Mark, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2583
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,959 of Estate. In re estate of Henrietta Rueckert, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Henrietta Rueckert, deceased, and that I did so on the 21st day of December, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2791

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mathilde W. Rohlfing, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

CHARLES G. ROHLFING,
Executor of Last Will of Mathilde W. Rohlfing, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2581
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 21,000 of Estate. In re estate of P. Wm. Narten, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of P. Wm. Narten, deceased, and that I did so on the 19th day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2797

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February Term, 1894. Monday, February 4, 1895. W. B. Homer, Assignee of Ripley & Bronson vs. (89 April Term, 1895) Pontiac Water, Light and Power Company, and W. G. Reeve. It appearing to the Court from the petition herein verified by affidavit that defendant, W. G. Reeve, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, that defendant, Pontiac Water, Light and Power Company, is a corporation of the State of Illinois, having no office, agent or place of business in the State of Missouri, and that said defendants cannot be served in this State in the manner prescribed by law on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain judgment against defendant, Pontiac Water, Light and Power Co., for $1,823 40-100, and interest thereon from Oct. 25, 1893, and a decree that the bonds heretofore by defendants deposited with plaintiff's assignor as security for the indebtedness of said Pontiac Water, Light and Power Co., be sold to satisfy and discharge such judgment, said bonds being as follows, to-wit: One bond of Franklin Water, Light and Power Co. of Indiana for $1,000, due Jan. 1, 1916, with 45 semi-annual interest coupons of $30.00 each attached; one bond of Pontiac Water, Light and Power Co. of Illinois for $500.00, due Jan. 1, 1912, with 38 semi-annual interest coupons of $15.00 each attached and one bond of Franklin Water, Light and Power Co. of Indiana for $1,000 with 45 semi-annual interest coupons of $30.00 each.

And unless they appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed, and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

(Seal). In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court, at office, in the City of St. Louis, this 6th day of February, A. D., 1895.

2852 THOMAS B. RODGERS, Clerk.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Louis Riegel, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

LOUISA RIEGEL, Administratrix.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2670

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Charles Assmann, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

HENRY ASSMANN, Executor.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2673

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of John Treptow, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

EMILIE TREPTOW, Executrix.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2667

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Ida Laibold, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

AUGUST H. GERLAND,
Administrator of Estate of Ida Laibold, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2588
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Louise Schmidt, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

MICHAEL SCHMIDT,
Administrator of the Estate of Louise Schmidt, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2589
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of John B. Sutter, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

CHARLES J. SUTTER,
Administrator of John B. Sutter, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2587
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Caroline Meyer, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

ANDREAS MEYER, Administrator.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2664
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.

ESTATE of Henry C. Schmiesdeskamp, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Henry C. Schmiesdeskamp, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the twenty-sixth day of November, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this first day of February, 1895.

WILHELMINA SCHMIESDESKAMP,
Administratrix of the Estate of Henry C. Schmiesdeskamp, deceased. 2813

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Hugh J. O'Neil, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

F. NOHL, Administrator.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895. 2672

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Renz & Wiedner (Charles Wiedner and John J. Renz, latter deceased), that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

CHARLES WIEDNER.
J. P. VASTINE, Attorney.
St. Louis, February 1, 1895. 2807

ESTATE of Henry C. Meyer, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Henry C. Meyer, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the twenty-fourth day of November, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this puoucation they will be forever barred.

Dated this first day of February, 1895.

WILHELMINA MEYER,
Executrix of the last will of Henry C. Meyer, deceased. 2810

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,975 of Estate. In re estate of Bridget Kennedy, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Bridget Kennedy, deceased, and that I did so on the 2d day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2780

ESTATE of Christobella Cornick, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Christobella Cornick, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 30th day of January, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 30th day of January, 1895.

MARY A. CHARD,
Administratrix of Christobella Cornick, deceased. 2805

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 21,027 of Estate. In re estate of Rebecca Land, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Rebecca Land, deceased, and that I did so on the 28th day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2799

ESTATE of Patrick Devlin, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Patrick Devlin, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 2d day of February, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 4th day of February, 1895.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS,
2853 Executor of Patrick Devlin, Deceased.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Charles A. Kaempfe, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

WILHELMINE KAEMPFE,
Administratrix. [illegible]
F. NOHL, Agent.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

BOY—Wanted, by a boy 16 years old, employment to learn a trade or business. G. H., 4053 North Market st.

BARTENDER—Situation wanted by first-class bartender; good mixer; sober and industrious. Add. M 318, this office.

BOY—Wanted, situation by boy from country; 19; wishes work of any kind. Call or address J. Fisher, 2323 Geyer av.

CLERK—Wanted, situation as clerk in country store; 7 years' experience; refs. Address P. O. box 122, St. Peters, Mo.

COACHMAN—Situation as coachman or gardener by a reliable middle-aged man, city or country; first-class references. H. H., 3623 Clark av.

CLERK—No. 1 clerk or salesman of experience and ability, sober and industrious; neat appearance; must have work; will do any kind of work for $25 per month; highest references. Address G 325, this office.

DRAUGHTSMAN—Good draughtsman and office man desires steady employment. Address H. B. E., 944 Chouteau av.

FRESCO PAINTER—Practical and theoretical, also good house painter, wants work. Address R 325, this office.

HORSEMAN—Situation wanted by a sober, industrious horseman; good driver; No. 1 city reference. Address Y 322, this office.

MAN—Wanted, place in country by man who understands farming, care of horses, cows, poultry; good references; German. Ad. L 325, this office.

MAN—Educated young German, speaking English, stranger in the city, wishes employment; is quick and correct at figures and can sell goods; A1 references; city or country. Add. B 325, this office.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation as salesman for some good, reliable piano and organ firm; good reference. Address F. C. Cochran, Lock-box 13, Piggott, Clay Co., Ark.

WATCHMAN—Wanted, situation as watchman or other place of trust; best refs. 2227 Menard st.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BARBER WANTED—A barber for Saturday and Sunday. 523 S. Ewing av.

BARBER WANTED—Call at Seven-Mile House on New Manchester road. T. P. Dolan.

BAND SAWYER WANTED—Band sawyer or man to run horizontal mortiser. Laclede Car Co.

BOY WANTED—A reliable colored boy, with refs., to work around the house. Apply after 6 p. m. 4266 Morgan st.

BARBERS—Wanted, more men to learn the barber trade; individual instruction; situation guaranteed; send for catalogue and particulars. Mechanic Barber School, 607 Market st.

CARPENTERS WANTED—Carpenters and car builders. Apply at 2800 Dekalb st.

DISHWASHER WANTED—Man or boy to wash dishes. 1520 Lucas pl.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

FREE treatment for private blood and skin diseases at General Dispensary, 1434 Franklin av.

MAN WANTED—To drive grocery wagon and sell goods in North St. Louis. Add. X 323, this office.

MAN WANTED—Steady old man for work around house; will give board and a good home. 4296 Washington av.

MOLDERS WANTED—Ten more good non-union stove-plate molders; no hoeboes need apply; steady work; good wages. Southern Stove Works, Evansville, Ind.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Inner sole cutter; also boy to sock line. 242 Biddle st., third floor.

WANTED—All local stonecutters to attend special meeting to-night; important business; at 24th and Cass av. By order of R. B. Wall, Pres.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

MEN AND BOYS WANTED.

A profit of $3.50 per week guaranteed to active workers who will sell the Post-Dispatch on the streets in the business center of St. Louis; an established and independent trade assured. Apply to C. B. Gaunt, Superintendent of Circulation, Post-Dispatch.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night school. Phone 479.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

COLORED woman wants work by the day; washing or ironing. 2103 Morgan st.

COOK—Tidy colored girl wants to do cooking and housework. 1420 Morgan st.

DRESSMAKER—By first-class cutter and fitter situation at once; use Q. T. Taylor system. Add. H 321, this office.

DRESSMAKING—Wanted; will guarantee a good fit, without any alteration; will go out or take it home. Address X 321, this office.

EXPERIENCED woman wants a place to take care of children. 2033 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRLS—Wanted, situations by two girls for housework. 1635 N. 17th st.

HOUSEWORK—Sit. by colored lady to cook and do other work. Call or address 1306 Clark av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted as housekeeper or assistant in kitchen. Please call at 1504 Carr.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, by a woman, situation in small family; housework or nursing. 21A S. 15th.

HOUSEKEEPER—An intelligent widow, with boy 10 and girl 11 years old, wishes position as housekeeper or any kind of work; wages no special object. Address E 325, this office.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, situation by colored woman as laundress 2 days in a week. Apply 1523 Gay.

NURSE—An elderly lady wishes position as nurse to ladies in confinement. Mrs. M., 2613 Walnut.

NURSE—Wanted, middle-aged woman to nurse and assist in housework; small family; good wages. Call at 4132A W. Belle pl.

SEAMSTRESS—A seamstress would like a few more engagements. Ad. Mrs. Becker, 1908 Division st.

STENOGRAPHER—Good lady stenographer desires permanent position; salary moderate; good references. Address D., 222 N. Compton av.

SEAMSTRESS—Wanted, by an experienced seamstress a few more engagements for next week; best of references. Dressmaker, 1906A Cora pl.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, situation by lady stenographer with 5 years' experience in railroad and banking office; 1st-class reference. Address O 325, this office.

VAMPERS WANTED—Vampers on ladies' fine shoes. West-Jump Shoe Co., 7th and Lucas av.

WOMAN—Situation wanted by middle-aged woman to assist with housework and sewing. 2012 Franklin av., in rear, third floor.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. J. Forshaw, 111 N. 12th st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—3509 Bell av. Apply at once.

COOK WANTED—Competent female cook. 912 Garrison av.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—At Weaver's Hotel, 910 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook and to assist in washing and ironing. 44 Nicholson pl.

COOK WANTED—A girl for cooking and general housework, small family. 4442 Morgan st.

COOK WANTED—Colored woman to cook and assist in laundry; also colored girl to nurse and do upstairs work; refs. 4152 Washington av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—Good girl for cooking, washing and ironing at 2831 Gamble st.; small family.

HOUSEWORK—German girl for housework. 5555 Cabanne pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 908 N. 20th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. Apply 805 Tyler st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good, strong girl for general housework. 1407 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework in family. 2336 S. 9th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. 4522 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework in private family. 2220 Eugenia st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 2935 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; good home. 3584 Chestnut st.

HAT-FRAMERS WANTED—Girls to make hat-frames and fancy hats. Sylvester C. Judge, 2210-12 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for light housework; good steady place. 913 N. High st., upstairs.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework. Cor. Cheltenham and Tamm av., North Clifton Heights.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; short distance in country, on Suburban electric. Apply 712 N. 10th st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Experienced finishers on new shirts. Apply at once to A. Neuville, 415 Washington av. or in rear of 3803 Finney av.

SHIRTMAKERS WANTED—Experienced shirtmakers; power machine. Apply A. Neuville, 415 Washington av.

WAITRESS WANTED—First-class waitress; reference required. 26 Westmoreland place.

AGENTS WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED—Male and female, on salary; send stamp. Wilder Bros., Princeton, Ind.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'Y.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MONEY to loan on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, musical instruments, etc., from $1 to $50,000. S. Van Raalte & Co., Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. Fourth st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advance will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

MONEY at 8 per cent; immediate loans on furniture without removal; monthly payments; lowest rates. Anchor Loan Co., 720½ Chestnut st.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1008 Pine st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rate in city. 816½ Chestnut st., second floor.

COLUMBIA LOAN CO.

Money to loan on furniture, pianos; lowest rates; business confidential. 810 N. 7th st.

LOANS ON FURNITURE.

The Fidelity Loan Guarantee Co. is now under new management and prepared to make loans of $10 and up on all kinds of personal security, such as furniture, pianos, horses, warehouse receipts, etc. Our business is conducted in the most confidential manner possible, property remaining in possession of owner; partial payments taken, each payment reducing cost of carrying loan according to amount paid. If you need money call and see us.

FIDELITY LOAN GUARANTEE CO.,
802 Chestnut st., 2d floor.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John O. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

Merchants,
Clerks and Salesmen,
Respectable Families

Possessing pride and dignity momentarily embarrassed desiring to avoid publicity and regular loan companies with their compound rates of interest can obtain confidential loans in any amount through us upon strict privacy, and can, if desired, secure same on pianos, household furniture, etc., without being removed on terms of repayment consistent with their circumstances.

EMPLOYES, both ladies and gentlemen, of REPUTABLE firms and corporations can obtain spot cash from us without mortgages of any kind.

We assume the same confidential relationship as your lawyer or physician. We practice the "golden rule" in all our dealings. Call on or address Rooms 810 and 811 Security Building.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Furniture, Pianos, Etc.

OUR METHOD GUARANTEED THE EASIEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.

Loans made on easy monthly payments in sums and terms to suit borrower, without removal; rebate given if paid before due; written agreement to that effect. All information cheerfully given, also prompt attention paid to letters. Call and be convinced before going elsewhere. Business strictly confidential.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 712 PINE STREET,
Banking rooms, 11 and 12, Second Floor.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payment; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1303 Washington av., 2d floor.

The Post-Dispatch rent lists give a complete ad in one line for 10 cents.

PERSONALS.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 20 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—Ida C.: Inquire for letter at Post-office.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A—MASSAGE treatment. Mrs. M. Edwards, 2217 Market st.

A—MRS. AMES, massage and baths; first-class lady operators. 26 S. 16th st.

ALL KINDS of baths and massage treatment; new attendants. Mrs. Parker, 108 N. 22d st.

A—GRACE BERNARD, 1124 Pine st., gives sea salt, sulphur and massage baths; lady attendant.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. Medicine furnished. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th.

AN attractive young lady, stranger in city, does gentlemen's fine mending; refined parties only need apply. Address H 311, this office.

BUSINESS cards, 75c and $1 per 1,000. H. B. Crole & Co., 815 Locust st.

BOSTON LADY gives baths and massage treatment. 1311 Pine st., Room 1; lady attendant.

DIVORCES obtained, strictly confidential. Room 218, Odd Fellows' Building.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies during con.; female com. treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, experienced lady's physician; board during confinement; diseases of women a specialty; consultation free. 2612 Wash st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

ELECTRIC TREATMENT—No common people wanted; by experienced lady. 1410 Olive st.

GET your curtains cleaned at the only French Curtain Laundry in St. Louis. 2907 Franklin av.

LUCILLE WEBER, baths and massage treatment, 908 N. 14th st.

MISS ELMORE—Massage baths; lady attendants. 2135 Market st.

MRS. N. VANDYKE, masseuse, 2226 Chestnut st.; competent operators.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington.

NO MORE SICKNESS.

All chronic complaints cured by Prof. Kiefer's celebrated remedies. 509 S. Broadway.

MARCH 1

Is the limit of time for

$10 Gold Crowns at $5

Bridge work at half-price till the above date.

E. C. CHASE, DENTIST,

Sixth and Locust.

TO EXCHANGE.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

SCROLL SAW—Wanted, to trade a foot-power scroll saw for a printing press, No. 9 to 11. Address E 324, this office.

TYPEWRITER—Wanted, to trade for a good secondhand typewriter. A. B. Corwin, architect, 820 Fagin building.

LOST AND FOUND.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

COLLARS—Lost, one package of blue collars. Return to National Laundry, 3401 Laclede av. and get reward.

DOG—Lost, a red Irish setter bitch. Any one returning same to 3639 Olive st. will receive $5 reward.

HORSE—Lost, 4-year-old draft horse, rope halter and riding bridle; tail tied with red flannel; reward. H. Copplewell, Normandy Post-office.

POODLE—Lost, Sunday afternoon, a white poodle, near 9th and Franklin av. $5 reward if returned to 114 N. 8th st.

PENSION CERTIFICATE—Lost, pension certificate in North St. Louis. A liberal reward to finder if returned to 4157 Grove.

POCKET-BOOK—Lost, ladies' black pocket-book, between 14th and 15th st., on Washington av. Reward will be paid when returned to George Scherer B. and N. Co., 6th and Olive sts.

SPECTACLES—Lost, a pair aluminum frame spectacles; Erker case. Return to Mermod & Jaccard and receive reward.

UMBRELLA—Lost, Monday, umbrella; pearl and silver handle, in vicinity of Grand av., Arsenal or King's highway. Liberal reward if returned to John Guhman, 517 Pine st.

WATCH—Found, gold watch and chain. Call Rice, Stix & Co., shipping department.

WATCH—Lost, on 23d and Howard sts., silver watch and chain. Finder please return to 2245 Howard st. and receive reward.

WATCH—Lost on Saturday, ladies' gold watch and chain, engraved L. T., from 19th and Lucas av. to Public Library; liberal reward. 2901 Franklin av.

WATCH—If gentleman who found gold watch and chain on Market st. car, near Union Station, about 6 p. m. yesterday evening will return it to A. DeYong at office of Drummond Tobacco Co., 4th and Spruce st., he will be suitably rewarded.

Found.

POCKETBOOK—Found, a pocketbook containing small sum of money. Owner can have same by paying for ad. 776 Bayard.

STAMPS—Found, $5 worth of postage stamps. Loser can recover same from Chas. Crouk, 921 Chestnut st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FURNITURE—Parties having second-hand furniture to sell address C. L., 1808 Chouteau av.

HIGHEST cash price paid for household goods and feathers. M. Durnin, 107 N. 12th st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

MAN—I have a business opening for a young man with $300 cash that can give bond. Address D 324, this office.

MAN WANTED—Reliable gentleman with $500 in a profitable, reliable business; good pay and steady work. Address B 326, this office.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

For Sale.

HORSE—For sale, $150 will purchase a good horse, 2 buggies and set of harness; a big bargain. Call at Post-Dispatch office.

SLEIGHS, $19; new and second-hand open and top wagons, surreys, phaetons, storm buggies; monthly payments. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. B'way.

WE will hire you a horse and vehicle for business by the day or week, cheap as owning. Tel. 7545. 507 N. Channing av.

WAGONS McCabe, Young & Co., 1223 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump-seat buggies of all kinds.

RENT LISTS.

One line (double column) 14 words, 10 cents; 5 cents for each addition of 7 words.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

BARRY ST., 152—Two rooms and kitchen, $6. Inquire at Cotton Fty.
CLARK AV., 2222—Light housekeeping cheap; also unfurnished rooms; first class; near station.
LEFFINGWELL AV., 1034—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room cheap to good tenant.
MARKET, 814—Two furnished front rooms for housekeeping; also hall room; cheap.
OLIVE, 3008—Large, elegantly furnished second-story front room; every con.; $8 per month.
OLIVE ST., 3039—Elegant furnished room; private family; gentlemen only.
OLIVE ST., 1700—Elegantly furnished rooms.
OLIVE ST., 2724—Newly furnished 2d-story front room; price $5 per week.
OLIVE ST., 2646—Nicely furnished front room, with fire, $1.50; hall room, $1.25 per week.
OLIVE ST., 2033—Nicely furnished front room; also single room; fire, gas and bath.
OLIVE ST., 1019—Entrance on 11th—Finely furnished front rooms; gents or housekeeping; $2 to $3 weekly.
PINE ST., 2848—1st floor, with basement; dining-room and kitchen furnished for housekeeping; refs.
SHERIDAN AV., 2945—Two nicely furnished front rooms, complete for housekeeping; bath and all conveniences.
WASHINGTON AV., 1013—Nicely furnished front rooms, $2 and $2.50 per week, with gas and fire.
WEST BELLE, NEAR VANDEVENTER—Second floor connecting front rooms. Add. G 322, this office.
WASHINGTON AV., 2637—Nice, comfortable rooms and good board; $5 a week.
WALNUT ST., 2747—Have two furnished rooms for housekeeping, 1st floor, $10 per month, or 2 handsomely furnished 2d floor for $16 per month.
WASHINGTON AV., 1721—Large front room; also small room; board if desired.
8TH ST., 1328 N.—Two rooms, $6. 204 Biddle st., 2 large rooms, $6.
8TH ST., 1509 S.—3 large rooms and porch room; 2d floor; $10.
15TH ST., 205 S.—Furnished rooms; clean and well lighted; privilege of light housekeeping.
18TH ST., 914 N.—Comfortably furnished rooms; all conveniences for housekeeping; best order.
20TH AND BIDDLE STS.—4 rooms over drug store; rent reasonable.

Miscellaneous.

ROOM—A widow lady would like to rent nice front room to transients. Address Y 325, this office.
THE ERICSSON, 2608 Locust. Apartments for gentlemen, furnished or unfurnished, with or without bath attached. W. C. McCreery, Security Building.

BOARDING.

FINNEY AV., 3646—Large, comfortably furnished front and back rooms, with good board; every convenience; terms to gents, $18 per month.
LOCUST ST., 2610—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; board and room, $4 week.
OLIVE ST., 4063—Pleasant room in private family for two persons, with board.
18TH ST., 1117 N.—Furnished room for two gentlemen, with board.

Miscellaneous.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—Wanted, by a young gentleman in small family, or with widow. Ad. C 324, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

BOARD—Wanted, room and board for quiet lady, with privilege. Address K 325, this office.
ROOM—Gentleman desires furnished room; breakfast and late dinner, in refined private Catholic family. Address X 825, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

FLAT or dwelling of five or six rooms, situated in district lying between Taylor, Easton, Vandeventer and Laclede avs. Address, with full particulars, S 323, this office.
RESTAURANT—Wanted, to rent the restaurant in first-class European hotel to first-class restaurant man; small capital required; with reference. Address F. M. Owens, Helena, Ark.
OWNERS of houses, flats, stores, etc., to list same with us. We have every facility for finding A1 tenants; no charge for advertising; try us. Rice-Dwyer Real Estate Co., 322 Chestnut st.
PART OF HOUSE—Wanted, lower half of a house between Olive and Morgan sts., 20th and Grand av.; on car line. Address Y 323, this office.
ROOMS—Wanted, 2 or 3 rooms, unfurnished; centrally located; state price. Add. N 325, this office.
ROOM—A lady dressmaker wishes to engage furnished room with nice lady; do her own housework. Address M 325, this office.
ROOMS—Wanted, 2 rooms, furnished for light housekeeping, bet. 22d and Ewing, Washington and Clerk; must be cheap. Address P 325, this office.
ROOMS—Wanted, somewhere between 30th and 35th sts., 2 furnished rooms, with bath, hot and cold water; heated and furnished. Address F 325, this office.
OWNERS of houses, flats, stores, etc., to list same with us; we have every facility for finding A1 tenants; no charge for advertising; try us. Rice-Dwyer Real Estate Co., 322 Chestnut.

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED.

FLAT—Wanted, nicely furnished house or flat of about 6 rooms with steam heat and bath; within 10 blocks of Exposition Building; references exchanged. Address I. L. Sherman, 1210 Olive st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

BIDDLE ST., 1728—Three rooms, price $9 and $8; water in kitchen.
FLATS—Nice 3-room flats, centrally located. Address E 317, this office.
GARRISON, 2610, N.—5 rooms, $15. Rice-Dwyer Real Estate Co., 322 Chestnut st.
LAFLIN ST., 1907—5 rooms (snap), $15. Rice-Dwyer Real Estate Co., 322 Chestnut st.
OWNERS of houses, flats, stores, etc., to list same with us; we have every facility for finding A1 tenants; no charge for advertising; try us. Rice-Dwyer Real Estate Co., 322 Chestnut st.
OLIVE ST., 3008—3-room flat; 1st or 2d floor; $15 per month.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

M'PHERSON AV., 4231—8-room modern residence; all conveniences; completely furnished; lease to good tenant at low figure. Nicholls-Ritter, 713 Chestnut st.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

COMPTON AV., 1803 S.—That beautiful 9-room Queen Anne house, having all the modern conveniences; in perfect order; lot 50 feet front; rent $50 per month. Apply to James T. Sands, Roe Building.
EWING AV., 119 N.—Near Pine—Modern 6-room brick house; rent $25. Gay & McCann, 13 N. 7th st.
FINNEY AV., 4115—6 rooms, $35. Rice-Dwyer Real Estate Co., 322 Chestnut.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

MARCUS AV., 2824 (near St. Louis av.)—Hall above store; fast-growing neighborhood and on good thoroughfare; rare chance; rent low. Apply to R. C. Greer Real Estate Co., 902 Chestnut st. Telephone 886.
PINE ST., 1308—Store and 9 rooms, bath; rent or lease cheap; separate if desired. Dr. Adam Flickinger, 1113 Pine st.
PINE ST., 122—4 stories, just remodeled, suitable for light manufacturing business; two good light offices; rent cheap; outside entrance. R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut. Tel., 886.

112 AND 114 N. SECOND ST.

A large, new 4-story brick store, just finished; all modern improvements; built extra strong; electric freight elevator; grouted cellars; well lighted; store suitable for wholesale whisky, grocery, wool or paper house. Apply to R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut st. Telephone 886.

FINANCIAL.

LOCAL STOCKS OR BONDS

Wanted in exchange for well-located business and residence property; will allow good value. Apply to LOOMIS, 108 N. 9th st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ALWAYS have money to loan on St. Louis real estate at current rates in sums of $250 to $10,000; satisfactory terms; no delay.
RICE-DWYER REAL ESTATE CO.,
322 Chestnut.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $200, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class city real estate security.
JOHN H. TERRY & SONS,
621 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN

In sums to suit at lowest rate of interest.

WM. A. RUTLEDGE,

—Successor to—
Ruttledge & Horton, 1005 Chestnut st.

MUSICAL.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MISS PERCY FIELD, teacher of piano; satisfaction guaranteed; terms reasonable. 2637 Washington av.

PIANOS—Elegant 2d-hand square and upright pianos at rare bargains. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

SPECIAL SALE—Big reduction on all new pianos, and great bargains in pianos slightly used. Uprights, $125, $145, $155, $165, $185, $210, $230. Squares, $15, $25, $35, $45, $55 to $110. Buy now and save money. Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st. and 2512 N. 14th st.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR RENT
—BY—
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,

House and Real Estate Agents,
619 CHESTNUT STREET.

3305 Morgan st., 9-room stone-front house, hall, gas, bath, etc., $40 per month.
1524 Cora place, 7-room 2-story brick house; bath, hall, gas and furnace, $25 per month.
2624 Gamble st., stone-front house, hall, bath and gas, $30 per month.

MONEY WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have for sale choice first deeds of trust on St. Louis real estate in amounts of $250, $1,000, $1,200, $1,400, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000 and $4,500; other amounts daily. For particulars see
RICE-DWYER REAL ESTATE CO.,
322 Chestnut.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

DOG—For sale, pug dog, very reasonable. 820 N. Jefferson av.

SEWING MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

HOTEL—For sale, the Paragon Hotel, 2012-14 Chestnut st.; good transient trade and regular roomers; must sell; investigate and make offer; will give a snap for quick sale; cash or easy terms; good reason for selling.

Medical.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

BROU'S
INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE

Of the most obstinate cases guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferre & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggists.

PARTNERS WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PARTNER WANTED—Partner with $8,000 or $10,000 in a legitimate manufacturing business; plant already established. Call at Laclede Mfg. Co., 514 N. 3d st.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co
1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office, 1003 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

ALL SORTS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of March, 1895, at the opening of court, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in Room 5, for a discharge from my trust as assignee of the Yorkshire Bread Co.
JOHN S. BIAKE, Assignee.
FRANK H. HASKINS, Atty for Assignee. 2895

ESTATE of Matilda Harmon, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Matilda Harmon, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 3d day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of February, 1895.
CHARLES H. HARMON,
Executor of Matilda Harmon, Deceased.
J. P. VASTINE, Atty., 421 Chestnut st. 2891

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Henriette Riecke, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.
FRANK H. RIECKE,
Administrator of Estate of Henriette Riecke, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2594
RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Andrew White, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.
ANDREW J. WHITE,
Executor of Andrew White, Deceased.
M. M. M'KEAG, Attorney. 2603
St. Louis, Jan. 18, 1895.

ESTATE of Fred Seiter, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Fred Seiter, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 30th day of January, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 30th day of January, 1895.
HUGO SEITER,
2802 Administrator of Fred Seiter, Deceased.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 20,978 of Estate. In re estate of John C. Woltjen, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of John C. Woltjen, deceased, and that I did so on the 3d day of January, 1895, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2793

CRIMES.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 15.—Frank Adkinson was indicted for the murder of Lena Lipperl, with whom he was infatuated.

NOGALEZ, Ariz., Feb. 15.—The remains of Philemon Burgonia, who had been missing since Sunday, were found in a deep canyon 100 miles northeast of here, with a gunshot wound in the back and the skull crushed in with a coupling-pin. Wood had been piled on the body and fired.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 15.—Private Patrick V. Fagan's mangled remains were found at the bottom of the Home coal mine. His comrades of Troop K, 6th Cavalry, declared he had been murdered and set out from Fort Leavenworth to lynch Fagan's sweetheart, Alma Vaughan, and Harry Smith at the Red Light saloon. Police and troops from the fort dispersed the intending lynchers. Fagan had been drunk.

CADDO, I. T., Feb. 15.—Taylor Triplett shot and killed Joe Lingo at Triplett's father's store. Triplett, Sr., and Lingo had quarreled about business.

FESTUS, Mo., Feb. 15.—Stewart Hampton was held for the murder of Price Dutch on Nov. 25. Bazile Sweet and John Cole were discharged.

PANA, Ill., Feb. 15.—Noah Foster, in the Christian County Jail for the murder of Arthur L. Binnion of Vernon, Ill., has made three unsuccessful attempts to burn the jail.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 15.—Thomas Harris, alias Walter Bryant, is in jail for the murder of James McDonald on July 7, 1887, at Rockport. Arthur Blake, his accomplice, is still at large. They were sentenced to be hanged and broke jail.

DANVILLE, Ill., Feb. 15.—F. A. Richardson was indicted for carrying a concealed pistol. He shot and killed J. P. Campbell at Georgetown in self-defense, it is alleged.

The Rent Lists of the Sunday Post-Dispatch contained more advertisements of "Houses and Rooms to let" than any other St. Louis paper.

LEGAL.

ESTATE of Catherine Stadelmann, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Catherine Stadelmann, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the twelfth day of February, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this twelfth day of February, 1895.
MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST CO.,
2889 Executor of Catherine Stadelmann, Deceased.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE of Real Estate—In pursuance of a renewed order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis made on the third day of December, 1894, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Charles Nohl, deceased, will on

SATURDAY, THE 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1895,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house of said city of St. Louis, sell at public auction all the right, title and interest which the deceased had in and to the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 3962 of the city of St. Louis, and in block 24 of McRee City, a subdivision in said city, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet in the northern line of St. Louis avenue (Old Manchester road) and a depth of two hundred (200) feet, more or less, to an alley; being the eastern half of lot No. 16 of said block 24 of said subdivision; and ten (10) shares of stock of the Standard Building and Loan Association.

Terms cash. FRANCIS NOHL,
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 19, 1895. Administrator.
OSCAR NOHL, Attorney. 2677

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February Term, 1895, Friday, February 15th, 1895.

Charles A. Kostuba, guardian of the person and estate of Martin Graf, a person of unsound mind, and incapable of managing his affairs, plaintiff, vs. (98,453) Margaret Miller, Moller or Moeller, defendant:

It appearing to the court from affidavit filed herein that the defendant, Margaret Miller, Moller or Moeller conceals herself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon her. On motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered by the Court that an order of publication be granted herein and that said defendant, Margaret Miller, Moller or Moeller, be notified thereby that a civil action of ejectment has been commenced against her by the plaintiff, Charles J. Kostuba, guardian of Martin Graf, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against her for the possession of lot No. 17 of Block No. 1 of Scott's addition, being in city block No. 1717 of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, having a front of 25 feet on north side of Scott avenue by a depth of 130 feet to an alley having thereon house No. 2325 Scott avenue, and damages for the detention thereof three thousand five hundred dollars. And he further states the monthly value of the rents and profits thereof is thirty dollars per month, and asks judgment therefor, and unless she appears at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed. And it is further ordered that a copy thereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy of the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 15th day of February, A. D. 1895.
THOS B. RODGERS,
2896 Clerk.

ESTATE of John Patrick Farrell, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of John Patrick Farrell, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 9th day of February, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1895.
DANIEL B. BRENNAN.
Administrator of John Patrick Farrell, Deceased.
2894

ESTATE of Anna L. Blood, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Anna L. Blood, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 11th day of February, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of February, 1895.
FRANCIS J. M'MASTER,
2803 Executor of Anna L. Blood, Deceased.

ESTATE of James H. Ferguson, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of James H. Ferguson, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 27th day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of December, 1894.
ADELIA M'PHERSON, Executrix.
THOS. A. RUSSELL, Attorney for Executrix,
Room 100, Laclede Building, St. Louis, Mo. 2892

NOTICE—All persons claiming to be creditors or stockholders of the Blackstone Building and Loan Association are required to appear before the undersigned, receiver of said association, at his office, Room No. 808, Wainwright Building, northwest corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, or within six days thereafter and present their claim or claims to said receiver for adjustment and allowance, with such lawful proof as they may have to support the same; and all claims of creditors or stockholders not so presented during the period aforesaid will be barred from all consideration in the winding up of the affairs of said association. THEODORE RASSIEUR,
Receiver of the Blackstone Building and Loan Association.
St. Louis, Mo., February 15th, 1895. 2890

ESTATE of Margaret Dennig, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Margaret Dennig, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the fifth day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this first day of February, 1895.
LOUIS E. DENNIG,
Executor of the last will of Margaret Dennig, deceased. 2812

ESTATE of John Marcagi, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Marcagi, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the fourteenth day of November, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of January, 1895.
2679 THERESA MARCAGI.

ESTATE of Margaret King, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Margaret King, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 17th day of January, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1895.
GEORGE BRANDON,
Executor of Margaret King, Deceased.
2680

The Post-Dispatch rent lists give a complete ad in one line for 10 cents.

THE OLD CLOCK.

What It Was to Nannie and Harry Dean.

Love in a cottage is very sweet at first. But when chinks come in the cottage wall, and the winter wind rises and blows through the chinks, then there must be bought plaster to fill in the chinks. For love, like many another sweet, when exposed too much to the air sours.

When Nannie Kent was a pretty, single girl people shook their heads and warned her against listening to the suit of Harry Dean. He was only a poor teamster with but his weekly wages. She lived at home with her mother, helping her do the plain sewing which the neighborhood required and occasionally hiring out to help the farmers' wives at harvest time. But the two young folks were equally poor and equally without expectations. But when did love ever hesitate at circumstances like these? All his old, subtle arguments are known. They were used in this case.

"The cottage that is large enough for two is large enough for three. The added advantage of the man's wages will more than offset the additional expense of his keep. The responsibility of a wife and home will make a man frugal and thrifty."

All these arguments were used to justify and further the suit of Harry Dean. It is so easy for love to convince love that love is enough for happiness. So the old arguments were successful as usual and the young people were married.

Who can tell of the bliss of those first few months, while love grew and ripened between the two hearts? Because the effort to make the wages stretch was a pleasure, and sacrifice was pleasant because dictated by love. Nannie had kept on with her sewing and it was such a real pleasure to [illegible] of doing overtime he made some extra money, which all went to swell the little hoard which they were laying by for a rainy day. And they were happy hours which the old kitchen clock ticked away as it stood on the white floor and beamed over the household.

Nannie communed much with the old timepiece about noon and supper time. She would look at its smiling face and then listen till she heard a step on the walk and the cheery voice of Harry at the door.

Even the first grief that fell on the household was made sweet to Nannie by the consciousness that there was a loved one sharing it with her.

It was just six weeks before her little one came that Nannie's mother died and left a void in the home that the advent of the little stranger only partly filled.

The baby was a boy and [illegible] the little one didn't have to [illegible] grandmother's doctors' bill and funeral expenses. But [illegible] to toddle about the house when the darkest days they ever knew came to the Dean household.

Love in [illegible] arguments had proved an arrant fallacist. He omitted so many contingencies which might arise when the object he urged was culminated. He had failed to tell Nannie how Harry might fall sick and lose work and leave her with three mouths to feed. It was at the most discouraging time, too—near the closing down of winter.

It seemed very hard that typhoid should take Harry just then, just when his strong arm and the result of his labor was so much needed, when the family treasury was so greatly depleted, when the stoves needed coal and the baby woolens. No wonder that Nannie's heart grew heavy when she saw the task that was set for her hands to do.

[illegible] Harry to nurse and the living to make, [illegible] a woman can [illegible] her husband's bed, while the baby played on the floor, and [illegible] of gaining overtime on her stitches, watching the invalid's feverish slumbers. Now and then a teardrop dropped on her [illegible].

The winter was turning into spring when Harry grew able to get out again. The long weeks of worry and anxiety had told upon the strength and energies of Nannie and her weakness [illegible] assume his old place in the household.

"I'll have to be doin' something pretty soon, Nannie," he said one day, "to take the burden off of your shoulders, or first thing we know you'll be down."

Nannie smiled, but she knew that her work was not over yet, for, in spite of her best efforts, during Harry's illness, they were in debt and now that he was up again work was hard to find.

One day as his wife was sitting despondently in the little kitchen he sprung across the threshold with a glad cry.

"Nannie, Nannie, I've got a chance to pay our debts and have a little sum left over [illegible]."

Her face brightened and she replied: "What is it I wouldn't consent to, to get rid of this debt, Harry? Tell me, what is the chance?"

[illegible]

"Yes."

"Well, she heard that we had an old-fashioned clock and she wants to buy it. She'll give us $25 for it. Think of it, $25!"

"Sell the old clock, Harry?" exclaimed his wife.

"Yes," he replied. "Why not? [illegible]"

"But I wouldn't do it, Harry; I wouldn't do it. It was mother's and her mother's before her, and it would be like parting with one of the family. Don't ask me to consent to that, Harry; surely there will be some other way opened for us."

"Good chances don't come in droves," said Harry, sullenly. "You see, I can't get work and I thought sure you would be willing to do that much to help along. You ought to be reasonable, Nannie."

She looked at him with pained eyes. After the long struggle of the past winter it wounded her to hear him speak so. She started to speak, but the tears came up and drowned her voice [illegible].

[illegible]

After the relief of tears Nannie's mind was clearer and she began to think. [illegible]

[illegible] lifted the baby from the floor and said between her sobs:

"Kiss the old clock, Harry; kiss it good-by; mamma's going to sell it, so the baby can have new dress and shoes."

The baby did not kiss the clock, but made a frantic grab at one of the high parts on the top. The glue must have been broken and loose, for with a crack it came off in his hand. Nannie would have cried out in dismay, but a great jingling accompanied the mishap and her exclamation was turned to one of joy as several bright coins rolled at her feet. She seized the post and examined it. It was hollow and filled with old coins [illegible].

When Harry came home, penitent and anxious [illegible]

DEAD IN A SNOW BANK.

AN ILLINOIS FARMER FOUND FROZEN NEAR PERU.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

LASALLE, Ill., Feb. 15.—James Connerton, a well-to-do farmer living five miles north of Peru, was found frozen in a snow bank at Spring Creek this morning, where he has laid for the past ten days. Connerton when last seen was in an intoxicated condition, and while walking home fell from the Spring Creek bridge and was unable to extricate himself.

RIFLES SOLD TO REBELS.

A German Firm in Samoa Violates the Berlin Treaty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Advices received to-day from Samoa say that a German firm, Frings and Spatz, have been importing and selling the rebels rifles and ammunition. The rebels are enabled to maintain an armed opposition to the Government. The rifles imported from Germany were labled toys. The German Consul fined each partner only $37.50, although the offense was a direct controversion of the Berlin treaty.

BOARDING HOUSES ON FIRE.

BLAZE GOT A GOOD START BECAUSE THE WATER PLUGS WERE FROZEN.

About 9 a. m. fire was discovered in the two-story brick house, 1717 South Eighteenth street, which is occupied by Anna Ries, the owner, and Louisa Eckhardt. An alarm was sounded, but owing to the water-plugs having been frozen the engines could not get any water to throw on the flames. As a result they spread to the property adjoining at 1719 South Eighteenth street, occupied by Fred Krause, the owner, and Timothy Flynn. Water was finally gotten from the old Griesedieck Brewery and the flames were extinguished. The total damage to both buildings is $1,500, but the damage to the furniture of the occupants could not be learned. The buildings and furniture are both insured.

MISSOURI Y. M. C. A.

A SUCCESSFUL SESSION UNDER WAY COLUMBIA.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Feb. 15.—During the session this morning of the Young Men's Christian Association of Missouri a permanent working organization of the convention was effected, and reports and business were attended to, after which the convention was addressed by Augustus Nash of Lincoln, Neb., on Bible study. The evening will be devoted to college work in its various phases and will end in addresses and a reception in the University chapel and buildings. The singing is led by Mr. F. L. Willis of Alabama. The Rev. Dr. Short of St. Peter's, St. Louis, is acting as University chaplain this week, and is lending his inspiring aid to the work.

CAN GET MEALS.

PEOPLE WHO WERE LEFT WITH TICKETS OF THE DEFUNCT BOSTON RESTAURANT.

The victims of misplaced confidence who purchased commutation tickets of the Boston Restaurant, 2620 Olive street, which shortly after "closed for repairs," will be glad to know it has reopened at the corner of Broadway and La Beaume street. A reporter called at the place Friday and met a belligerant young man who said his name was Frank Keller, present proprietor of the place, and brother of A. M. Keller, the former proprietor of the defunct beanery. When questioned concerning their past record he vigorously denied the charge of selling tickets the day before they closed. He said: "I had nothing to do with that place; it was me brother's. I only took in de cash, see. Me brother went broke on de deal and didn't have no money to pay no body. I'm running this one myself and what few have called with tickets I let 'em eat. Me brother is home and ain't doin' nothin'. Anybody says we's beats is a liar, see; only we ain't got no money."

It was suggested by the reporter that he had taken good care to get as far from the scene of the first venture as possible, but the allusion was loftily ignored. The same people are employed at the new place, even to the cook.

MRS. GOULDING.

GOV STONE WANTS TO KNOW MORE ABOUT HER.

Gov. Stone has not dropped the Goulding extradition matter, in which Gov. Altgeld of Illinois refused to honor a requisition for Mrs. Alice K. Goulding, who was arrested in Peoria and is wanted in St. Louis on a charge of obtaining goods at Barr's by means of false pretenses. Gov. Stone has had taken the depositions of the employes at Barr's, who gave testimony against Mrs. Goulding at her preliminary examination in the Court of Criminal Correction; also the deposition of J. B. Kendall of 1752 Mississippi avenue, whose wife Mrs. Goulding is charged with representing herself to be when she obtained the goods. What use Gov. Stone proposes making of the depositions is not known, but it is pretty safe to assume that Gov. Altgeld will hear from Gov. Stone again in the matter.

ON AN ALLEGED CONTRACT.

WILLIAM T. BLAINE BRINGS SUIT FOR SERVICES AS SOLICITOR.

William T. Blaine began suit against the publishers, George Knapp & Co., for $3,234, on a contract of Dec. 2, 1889. Blaine was city advertising solicitor for the paper published by the defendant. The alleged contract under which he was engaged provides for the payment of $1,000 a year in excess of his stipulated salary in case he proved successful. Blaine quit the defendants' employment March 22, 1893, with its consent, he alleges. He had obligated himself, so he claims, to work for ten years.

FEARS HIS BROTHER WAS HURT.

ROBERT SISINGER INVESTIGATING A DEATH AT THE INSANE ASYLUM.

Robert Sisinger of 112 South Eleventh street called at the office of the Health Department, asking how he could get the body of his brother, Jacob Sisinger, who died at the St. Louis Insane Asylum Feb. 13 of exhaustion from acute delerium. Siringer stated that his brother was sent to the asylum about a week ago and was, at that time, a robust man with no apparent disease, except that his mind was unbalanced. His physician prior to bring sent to the hospital was Dr. W. F. Kier. Robert thinks that his brother must have been harshly treated to cause his death in so short a time, and stated that he should have the Coroner hold a post mortum and inquest into the cause of Jacob's death.

The dead man was 23 years of age and has acted strangely for some months. His brother said he fractured his skull some six years ago and his mental condition was supposed to be due to this cause.

Burial Permits.

Mary Smith, 63, 914 Market street; lung and heart trouble.

Dollie Moore, 27 City Hospital; suicide.

Elizabeth Appel, 69, 1719 South Eighth street; nephritis.

Patrick Canton, 73, Alexian Brothers' Hospital; chronic bronchitis.

James O'Toole 25, 1446 North Eleventh street ;pneumonia.

Henry Humpert, 62, 5821 Birch street; heart disease.

Jacob Seringer, 23, Insane Asylum; exhaustion of acute delirium.

Augusta Appel, 37, 6335 Scanlan avenue; consumption.

Minna Bosso, 58, 700 Lucas avenue; pneumonia.

Mathias Gauggel, 65, 3719 North Ninth street; suicide.

Mary Clear, 40, 1408 North Fifteenth street; pneumonia.

Henry Langenheim, 70, Poor-house; parapleigia.

Katherine Leippker, 78, 1106 North Eleventh street; lupus.

Mary C. Geardino, 24, 5212 Pattison avenue; puerperal fever.

William Broderick, 46, DeSoto, Mo.; grip.

Regina Sleinan, 63, Avendale, O.; diabeth.

ST. LOUIS BRIDGE BILL.

IT IS RECOMMITTED TO THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—The East St. Louis Bridge bill has been recommitted to the Senate Committee on Commerce. This course was taken in compliance with the request of Senator Jones of Arkansas, who is taking an active interest in the measure and desired that a further hearing should be had on the proposition. Senator Vest at first refused to yield to Mr. Jones, but upon the advice of Representative Forman concluded to send the bill back to the committee for a further hearing if there was any desire for such a hearing. There will be a meeting of this committee not later than next Thursday. Senator Jones will be notified and will then have an opportunity to state the ground of his opposition. Representative Bartholdt told the Post-Dispatch correspondent to-day that he would insist on the schedule of tolls being reinserted in the bill when it comes back to the House from the Senate.

CONWAY'S TRIAL.

THE JURY DISCHARGED AND THE CASE CONTINUED.

The continued illness of Attorney Nat C. Dryden, who was counsel for James Conway, whose trial on the charge of killing Thomas C. Leonard on July 28 last began on Monday, has resulted in the mistrial of the case. When the Criminal Court convened at 10 a. m. a message was received to the effect that Attorney Dryden was much worse than he had been since he took sick on Wednesday evening. Judge Edmunds immediately had Conway brought into the court and the jury also filed in, after being locked up all night, and the latter were discharged. Conway was then remanded to jail. It is probable now that the case will not come up again until next term of the Criminal Court.

ANOTHER VICTORY.

MISSOURI RIFLE AND PISTOL CLUB DEFEATS THE ROCHESTER TEAM.

The Missouri Rifle and Pistol Club of this city and the Columbia Rifle and Pistol Club of Rochester, N. Y., had their second telegraphic rifle match yesterday and the St. Louis Club added another victory to the long score.

The St. Louis end of the match was shot at the headquarters, 111 North Sixth street, under the direction of Capt. W. P. Schaaf. The Missouris scored 4,734 points and the Rochesters 4,631, leaving a margin of 103 points. The match was with 22-caliber rifles at a distance of 75 feet, the home team using the Stevens rifle.

The work of the home team shows excellent shooting, as the bull's eye was hit 168 times out of a possible 200, 58 of which were pivot shots and 38 were outside the black.

This ends the St. Louis-Rochester shoot, as the Missouris won the first two out of three matches to be shot.

The individual scores were: Capt. Schaaf, 480; Staley, 485; Gfeller, 481; Kephart, 475; Dunn, 480; Buchanan, 470; Rapp, 466; Sicher, 458; Herold, 471; Zukoski, 468. These figures were of a possible 500.

The next match will be with the Pittsburgs, and Capt. Schaaf will begin an once getting his best men together, as the Pittsburgs are excellent marksmen.

IN PRISON AGAIN.

A HARD CASE FROM HANNIBAL GOES ONCE MORE TO JAIL.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Feb. 15.—A dispatch from Topeka, Kas., says that Pluck Maloney has been convicted of a felony in that city and sentenced to the penitentiary for fifteen years. Pluck is an old Hannibal boy and has served one term in the pen in Jefferson City. He was convicted a second term for felony and sentenced for life, and was taken to Jefferson City the second time, but on an appeal the Supreme Court reversed and remanded the case and the defendant escaped purely on a technicality. He is not yet 21 years old, but is a hardened criminal.

CIVIL COURTS.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Charles Block began suit against Samuel C. Dovis & Co. for $5,250 damages on account of alleged wrongful and forcible seizure, on Nov. 2 last, of 450 yards of silk mull valued at $125, and other goods of equal value, by employes of the defendant.

The plaintiff's place of business is in room 9, Oak Hall Building, Fourth and Washington avenue. He charges that the seizure was without color of right and was made to injure him in business. According to his story, the defendants' employes left other goods scattered around the room and in the hall.

LOUISA DUGDELL'S WILL.

The will of Louisa Dugdell was filed. Her husband, Wm. T. Dugdell is appointed trustee to invest any money belonging to her at her decease and to apply as much thereof as he may deem fit to the support of himself and his minor children, George J. and Wm. E. Dugdell. On the death of the trustee, $500 will be paid to Arthur R. Burt, a grandchild, and Jennie Dugdell $200. The remainder shall be divided equally between Wm. E. and George J. Dugdell.

COURT NOTES.

W. C. Jones got judgment against John S. Richards and others for $199 in Judge Withrow's court and for $251 in Judge Klein's court.

In the case of the State on the relation of David J. Collins against Theodore D. Kalbfell, a quo warranto proceeding to oust Kalbfell from the office of City Supervisor of Plumbing, a motion for a new trial was filed.

The special jury case of Mary Shesley against the Lindell and Suburban Railway companies for $10,000 damages on account of injuries received at the collision at Grand avenue and Morgan street in February, 1894, was reset for March 18, 1895. A special jury had bene sworn. It was discharged.

The St. Louis Brewing Association got judgment against Charles H. Kraas for $800.65.

In the damage suit of William O'Keefe against the Fagin Building Co. a change of venue was granted to St. Louis County.

Fond of Music.

Officer J. T. Sullivan of the Central District arrested William Wilson, colored, at 8:30 a. m. at Fourth and Chestnut streets on a charge of burglarizing the music store of J. B. Frees at 1407 Olive street on Jan. 30 and stealing a banjo valued at $40 and two guitars, valued at $30. A pane of glass, valued at $50, was broken, in order to get at the instruments. A guitar, which was identified as one of the two stolen was found on Wilson when he was arrested. A warrant was issued against him.

Sir Charles Gibson Is Better.

A telegram has been received from Victor Gibson in Washington stating that the condition of his father, Sir Charles Gibson, is not as dangerous as had been reported. Mr. Gibson went to Washington last Monday in response to a message from his father stating that he was ill. He found him suffering from a severe cold, but in no danger. Sir Charles went to Washington about a month ago on business connected with the Yellowstone Park, of which he is a commissioner, and being unable to get about wished his son's aid in closing up the matter.

Skinny Carr Held.

Edward, alias Skinny Carr, alias Wm. A. Rowe, who was arrested on Monday morning charged with smashing a show-window of the Meacham Arms Co. and stealing three shotguns valued at $300, had his preliminary hearing before Judge Murphy at 11 a. m. and was held in the sum of $800 bond to the Grand-jury on the charge of burglary in the second degree and larceny.

Got Six Months.

Ellen Maher, who cut Henry West, colored, on Feb. 8 in a Chouteau avenue cable car at Tenth street, was tried before Judge Murphy at 10:30 a. m. on the charge of assault and battery and given six months in the Work-house. The defendant is a white woman.

TWELFTH STREET BRIDGE.

THE B. P. I. APPROVES AN ORDINANCE FOR A NEW ONE.

At a meeting of the Board of Public Improvements at 10 a. m. the first step was taken toward tearing down the old Twelfth Street Bridge and building a new one. At the same time a committee of citizens appeared before the board and asked that it recommend an ordinance providing for the construction of a bridge on Clark avenue across the track entering the new Union Station.

For some time the Twelfth Street Bridge has been considered too light for the traffic continually passing over it, and the Committee on Streets and Railroads of the B. P. I. recommend that something be done. Accordingly at the meeting the board recommended to the Municipal Assembly for passage an ordinance providing for the tearing down of the present structure and the building of a new one; also providing for the immediate appropriation of $500 for the use of the City Counselor in bringing condemnation proceedings. In discussing the matter Street Commissioner Murphy said:

"The ordinance contemplates the construction of a $150,000 bridge. It will be something after the model of the Grand Avenue Bridge. It will extend, with its approaches, from Spruce to Papin streets. Of this amount the Terminal Railway Association is liable for $15,000, the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad for $15,000, and the Missouri Pacific Railroad for $15,000. Of course we haven't the money yet to build the bridge, but when a thing is shown to be an absolute necessity the city usually finds the money. The street railway companies are not liable for a cent in the construction. No more are they liable for a cent damages in case they should break the bridge down by running those fourteen-ton cars over it. The same is true of all the city's bridges."

The application of the committee of citizens for the construction of a bridge on Clark avenue from Eighteenth to Twentieth streets over the Terminal Railway Association tracks was referred to the Committee on Streets and Railroads.

STREET SPRINKLING.

CONTRACTS LET BY THE BOARD OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

The contracts for sprinklin the streets of the city from March 15 to Dec. 1 were to-day let to the lowest bidders by the Board of Public Improvements. The list of lowest bidders was published in the Post-Dispatch on the day the bids were opened. As let, the contracts provide for sprinkling the streets at an average cost of $241 per mile. The estimated cost prepared by the street sprinkling department was $245. In awarding the contracts the board in its written report says:

"The board does not believe in the encouragement of bids below a fair rate for the work to be performed," and clearly intimates that it thinks the bids in this case are too low. It says that it feels constrained, however, under the ordinances, to let the contracts to the lowest bidders.

In addition to letting the sprinkling contracts, the board recommended ordinances for the opening of ten alleys and granted permission to James Pitzman to improve Cleveland avenue, from Tower Grove to Grand avenue.

THE RIVER.

AS THE MISSISSIPPI REMAINS FROZEN NO FORECAST CAN BE MADE.

Stations.	Gge.	Chge.	Stations.	Gge.	Chge.
Nashville	6.2	0.0	Cairo	6.6	-0.6
Chattanooga	4.3	...	Memphis	3.8	-0.6
Florence	3.5	...	Fort Smith	0.9	0.0
Johnsonville	6.1	...	Vicksburg	11.2	-1.6
Peoria	3.6	-0.1	Shreveport	-1.4	-0.3
Grafton	2.5	0.0	New Orleans	3.7	-0.3
Chester	2.1	...			

The river is frozen at the following stations: Pittsburg, Parkersburg, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Paul, La Crosse, Dubuque, Davenport, Keokuk, Hannibal, Louisiana, Kansas City, Boonville, Hermann, St. Louis and Little Rock.

The river remaining frozen, no forecast can be made.

MORE SNOW IN GEORGIA.

SEVERAL INCHES, FOLLOWED BY A SECOND STORM WITHIN THE WEEK.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 15.—The second snowstorm of the week began here this morning. The first fall, which had been covered with sleet, is still on the ground to the depth of two or three inches, and this morning it is snowing lightly again.

New Missouri Corporations.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—Secretary of State Leiseuer to-day issued certificates to the following companies: Park Lumber Co., St. Louis, capital, $2,500; Wyandotte Realty Co., Kansas City, capital $100,000.

Mortality of St. Louis.

The Health Department has just issued the monthly mortality report for January. It shows total deaths from all causes to the number of 703, as against 712 for the same month of 1894.

How Had He Escaped.

From the Boston Budget.

Not every one in the world has a great-grandfather, but little Gracie had one, and she was very fond of him, too. She liked to study the network of wrinkles in his kind, withered old face; and, above all things, she delighted to sit in his lap and hear him discourse on the Good Book, from Adam to John.

One evening he was telling her about the flood and Noah and his steam yacht, "so very, very long ago." To little Gracie a definite period of time earlier than her great-grandfather's birth was inconceivable, so she asked:

"Were you with Noah in the ark, grandpa?"

"No, dear, I wasn't."

Gracie looked puzzled.

"Well, then," she asked, "why weren't you drowned?"

THE MARKETS.

Northwestern Miller says: Reports from 88 merchant mills in the Northwest, representing 102,500 bbls daily capacity, show that in October and November they ground 3,683,000 bbls flour, as against 1,601,000 bbls made in December and January, a decrease of 2,081,000 bbls. This curtailment is equal to 9,000,000 bu wheat. Some mills are running at nearly half capacity.

The increase in spring wheat receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, it is now said, are due to purchases by millers made lately, the wheat now being shipped to them from Northwestern country elevator stocks. The bill to change the date of making tax returns, it appears, has only passed the Lower House in North Dakota, but not yet become a law.

During January exports of flour and wheat decreased materially, combined being equivalent to 12,154,000 bu. Since July 1, 1894, the total exports flour and wheat were equivalent to 89,700,000 bu, against 108,800,000 bu for the same period last season.

The most important wheat-raising State in India is the Punjab and the area under wheat is reported at 7,935,000 acres, against 8,218,000 the previous year, but the crop promises favorably.

A Lisbon cable says a special decree has been issued authorizing the importation of 3,600,000 bu foreign wheat into Spain before Aug. 1.

Wheat receipts at Liverpool past three days were 208,000 bu, 180,000 bu of which from America, and corn receipts 88,000 bu.

The latest from Russia is that wheat shippers are asking an advance in price, making fresh shipments difficult.

Stocks of wheat in second hands in Manitoba are said to be 3,500,000 bu.

E. W. Leonhardt of the Saxony Mill Co. says the past two weeks have been the lowest he has experienced in several years in the flour business.

Another explanation of the enlarged wheat receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis is that Northwestern elevators can obtain 1@1¼c premium for their cash over May, and they are selling freely.

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Friday.	Thursday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	51⅝@52¼	51⅝@52⅛	52
No. 3 red	50½n	50½n	50½
No. 4 winter	49⅝n	49⅝n	49
CORN.			
No. 2	40¾@41¼	40¾@41¼	32¾
No. 2 white	41⅛	41⅛	33¼
No. 3	40¼@40½	40 @40½	32
OATS.			
No. 2	30¼	30	29
No. 2 white	32	31⅛	....
No. 3	29 n	29	27½

Future Prices.

	Closing Thursday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Friday.
WHEAT.				
May	52⅝a	53⅛	52¼	52⅝a
July	52 b	....	....	51⅞a
CORN.				
Feb.	40⅜b	....	....	40⅜a
May	42 b	42 @42¼	41⅞	41⅞@41⅞b
July	42⅝a	42⅞	42⅝	42⅝a
OATS.				
May	30 a	....	....	29⅞a

CHICAGO—Reported by Galord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

	Closing Thursday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Friday.
WHEAT.				
May	53⅛a	53⅝@53⅞	53¼	53¼@53⅜
CORN.				
May	45⅛@45¼	45⅜	44⅞@44⅞	44⅞@45
OATS.				
May	29⅛b	29⅜	29	29
PORK.				
May	$10.15	$10.22	$10.07	$10.22
LARD.				
May	6.62	6.60	6.57	6.60
RIBS.				
May	5.27	5.30	5.22	5.30

CHICAGO—Wheat—Feb., 50½@⅝c; May, 53⅛@⅜c; July, 54⅛@¼c. Corn—Feb., 42⅜c; May, 44⅞@45c. Oats—Feb., 27⅜c; May, 29c.

Provisions—Pork—Feb., $10 n; May, $10.22. Clear ribs—Feb., 5.10c n; May, 5.30c. Lard—Feb., 6.45c n; May, 6.60c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 58⅛c b. Corn—May, 48⅞c a. Oats—May, 33⅛c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Feb., 53⅛c; May, 54⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—May, 56c; July, 56⅝@⅞c.

ON 'CHANGE.

WHEAT—Just dull describes the market of the greater part of the day—at most an utter absence of outside orders and not a new feature to the market—restricting trading to infinitesimal proportions. During this stagnant period the market fluctuated within narrow bounds, at times showing spells of firmness, but late in the day turned weak and declined ½c below the top, closing with sellers ¼c lower than yesterday.

There was enough firmness in the foreign cables this morning to impart a somewhat stronger tone to domestic markets, or, at any rate, to counteract the effect of liberal receipts in the Northwest—377 cars in at Duluth and Minneapolis, against 218 one year ago. Outside their firmness, however, there was nothing favorable in cables, as they also reported dullness abroad. There was some anxiety expressed over crop conditions of winter wheat, though no complaints of damage heard, but quite a number in the trade fear the effect of the ice that has so long covered the plant. No speculation has as yet been started on crop damage, however. Winter wheat receipts were as small as for some time past, 21,800 bu arriving at Western markets, against 86,000 bu one year ago.

But the day's clearances were disgustingly small, from four ports in flour and wheat only equivalent to 168,000 bushels and of this less than 14,000 bu. in the shape of wheat. Advices of gold shipments from London to this country did not help the market any. The late cables showed no change to speak of in price and Liverpool quiet, except London, which reported cargoes in demand at 1½@3d advance. This brought about a hard spot, but it did not last long. The continued dullness in cash here bore heavily upon the market.

When late in the day there was an easing off in price and a weak close.

Futures—May opened at 52½@52⅝c and sold to 52⅝c to 52¼c, closing at 52⅝c asked. July not traded in and 51⅞c asked at close.

Spot grades—No business before or on call. For No. 2 red 51⅝c bid in United, 52c in Terminal, 52¼c E. side by elevator buyers.

City millers bought 10,000 bu No. 2 red after call, basis ¼c below May, loaded this side, and 5,000 bu E. side taken for outside mill. Quite a number of outside orders here, but limited below the market.

Samples—Received, 500 sks, 4 cars local. The market was easier, choice selling ¼c lower at 52⅝c E. track, and for this side millers would not pay over 52½c, at which sales made late.

CORN—How dead was speculation this morning was shown by the fact that not a trade was made until a whole hour had passed. There were no outside orders here and nothing new for local traders to work on. Arrivals at the Western markets were posted as only 114,000 bu, where the receipts were 428,000 bu one year ago, and nothing was heard of increased country deliveries. Foreign markets were steady or firm, but quiet, and domestic markets showed little change.

Spot grades—Except the usual bidding by elevator representatives, there was little evidence of any demand on call. Stock in this side elevator was held for higher prices, and 41½c (⅛c advance) paid for No. 2 in a small way, while E. side offerings were very small and about yesterday's rates obtainable. No. 2 offered regular at 41⅞c, bid 40¾c for United. No. 3 offered E. side at 40¾c and this side at 41⅛c, bid 40⅜c for latter. No. 2 white offered at 43c, bid 41⅛c regular, 42c for Terminal, 40c bid for No. 3 white and United, 41c this side.

Futures—May sold at 42c to 42@¼c to 47⅞c and at close 47⅞@⅞c bid. July sold at 42⅝c and that asked.

After call No. 2 sold E. side at 40⅜c and No. 2 white at 41½c to accumulative buyers; No. 3 E. side brought 40¼c and a distiller paid 41½c this side for No. 2.

Samples—Received, 8 cars local. Hardly enough offered to make am arket. No. 2 sold, East track, at 41c, and No. 2 color at 42c, and latter bid for strictly white on the car, this side. Choice shelled white salable to millers at 43½c and for seed at 44½c. Sacked lots on orders, 46@47c.

OATS.

Samples—Received, 9 cars local, 5 through. Dull and dragging, with a tendency towards ease as evidenced by a few sales at a slight decline from yesterday's top rates. The demand remains very small and it is difficult to work the few buyers up to the views of the holders. In special bin No. 2 sold at 30¼@30½c and No. 2 white at 32c. Track, this side—Northern mixed at 31c, No. 3 white at 31½c, No. 2 color at 32c, No. 2 white at 32½c. East track—No. 2 at 30¼c, No. 2 white at 32c. Sacked lots on orders, 36@37c.

Spot grades—No. 2 offered on call at 30½c this side, bid 29½c E. side, 30c for Terminal.

RYE—The little here held above what buyers would pay. Grade No. 2 offered on call at 57c E. side, no bid.

HAY.

Received, 290 tons; shipped, 22 tons. The market appears to be shaping itself to do better, though so far no advance has been obtained for timothy, except that to-day $12.75 was paid for a few cars extra fancy large-baled. The demand, however, continues small and it is only the fact that receipts continue light and the stock is running down—fancy grades are scarce—that imparts firmness to the market. Prairie is so scarce that it shows real strength and fancy would readily command $11.

Sales: Track and Warehouse—This side—Prairie—1 car choice at $9, 2 strictly do at $9.50. Clover—1 car mixed at $9, 1 at $10, 1 at $11. Mixed—1 car at $10.50. Timothy—2 cars prime '93 and 1 common at $8, 1 strictly prime at $10, 1 choice at $10.50, 1 car, ½ choice, at $10.50 and ½ shredded fodder at $6, 2 strictly choice at $11, 2 do at $11.25, 1 fancy at $11.50, 1 strictly do at $12, 1 do (large-baled) at $12.75.

East Side—Clover—½ car mixed at $9.50, 1 at $11. Timothy—1 car prime at $9, 2 strictly do at $9.50, 1 choice at $10, 1 strictly do at $10.50, 2 fancy at $11, 1 do at $11.25, 2 strictly do at $11.50, 1 do (large-baled) at $12, 1 do (do) at $12.25.

Straw—Sales: East Side—1 car wheat at $4.50, 1 oats at $5, 1 rye at $6.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Dull and weak. There were open sellers at $2.92½ and it was understood that offers to sell were made at $2.90 without enticing a buyer.

SPELTER—Held firmly at $2.95 for spot, $2.97½ for forward deliveries.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—An extremely dull market. Domestic orders for small amounts and only "special brand" orders from abroad.

Patents	$2 50@2 60
Extra fancy	2 25@2 35
Fancy	2 10@2 20
Choice	1 80@1 90
Rye flour	2 90@3 00
Cornmeal	1 90@1 95

Mill feed—Dead scarce; little to be had from city mills and none offering by the country. A Southern shipper paid the sharply higher price of 68c for sacked bran, East track, for immediate shipment, but Eastern buyers went above 66c. At country points bulk worth 61c and sacked 65c. At the mill bran retails at 66@67c and ships at 80c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, $10.17½; on orders, 50c higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 6⅜c; choice, 6½c.

BACON—Boxed lots; Shoulders, 5⅝c; longs, 5⅝c; clear ribs, 5⅞c; short clear, 6c. On orders, longs, 5⅞c; clear ribs, 6c; short clear, 6⅛c.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed lots sold: Shoulders, 4⅜c; longs, 5⅛c; clear ribs, 5¼c; short clear, 5⅜c. On orders, boxed, longs, 5¼c; clear ribs, 5⅜c; short clear, 5⅝c.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—On orders, 10@11c per lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 9@11c per lb.

COUNTRY BACON—Receipts light; shoulders, 4½@5c; clear sides, 5¾@6c; hams, 7@8c.

COUNTRY LARD—Selling at 5@6c, according to quality.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Unchanged and quiet. Clover, poor to fair, $7@7.50; choice, $7.75@8; timothy, $5.25@5.60; red top, $3@3.50; Hungarian and millet, $1.50@1.75.

FLAXSEED—Quiet at $1.37.

HEMPSEED—Steady at $2.80 per 100 lbs., pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime, $1.25; small lots and inferior less.

ON THE STREET.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—Offerings light and firmly held. Fancy California, $1.75@2 per box; Ben Davis and winesap range from $3.75 to $4.25 per bbl. Geniting, $3.50@3.50, Eastern, at $3.50@3.75 for Baldwin and Greening; seconds, $2.50@2.75.

CALIFORNIA FRUITS—Pears selling at $1.50@2 per box.

ORANGES—California, $2.50@3.25; per box; Mexican, $2.75@3; Florida, $3@3.50; Valencia, $5 per case.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo, $2.50@3 per box.

BANANAS—On orders, $1@1.50 per bunch, according to size.

COCOANUTS—Selling in round lots from first hands at $25@27 per 1,000—in a small way at $2.75@3 per 100.

CRANBERRIES—Jersey at $12 per bbl and $4 per box.

DRIED FRUIT—Firm and demand fair. Apples—Sun-dried quarters, 6@6½c; evaporated rings, 6¼@7c; chopped, 1½c; cores and peelings, ¾@1c.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Firm, as supplies have run low; Colorado, 70@80c per bu; Burbank, 70@75c; home-grown, 50@60c; on orders, 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

ONIONS—Scarce; firm. Fancy red globe 90c@$1 per bu; choice yellow, 80@85c; small and damaged, 35@50c. On orders 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

SPANISH ONIONS—Quiet at 85@90c per case.

CABBAGE—Scarce. Choice $20@25 per ton, fancy Holland and California, $30@35. On orders—Choice, $2.50 per crate; fancy, $3.

CELERY—California, $1@1.25 per bunch; home-grown, $1@1.50. Celery roots, 40@45c per doz.

SWEET POTATOES—Nansemond, $2.75@3 per bbl on orders.

RUTABAGAS—Quiet at 28@30c per bu; on orders, $1 per bbl.

PARSNIPS—Choice on orders, $1.75 per bbl.

HORSERADISH—Choice on orders, $3 per bbl.

CARROTS—Northern quiet at $12 per ton in bulk; choice on orders, $1.50 per bbl.

CUCUMBERS—Fancy, $3 per doz.

TOMATOES—Choice Bermuda, $6@7 per 6-basket crate.

SAUER KRAUT—Half-bbls, $2.50; bbls, $4.50. On orders, 25@50c higher.

BEETS—Choice on orders, $1.50 per bbl. New Southern, 65@75c per doz bunches.

TURNIPS—Home-grown on orders at $1.50 per bbl.

CAULIFLOWER—$1.50@2.50 per doz.

LETTUCE—Southern, $7@8 per bbl.

SPINACH—Home-grown, $4.50 per bbl.

EGGS.

Received 1,005 cases; shipped 118 cases. Lower and quiet. Sales were at 22c per doz for fresh; off-stock less.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER — Firmer feeling. Creamery: Separator, 19@21c; gathered cream, 15@18c; fancy Elgin, 25@25½c. Dairy: Good to choice, 13@17c; common to fair, 7@11c. Country packed and roll, 7@9c; strong, air-struck and inferior, 4@6c. Grease, butter, 3c.

CHEESE—Full cream, twins, 11c; singles, 11½c; Young America, 11½c. Southern Wisconsin, twins, 7@8c; singles, 7⅜@8¼c; Young America, 8c; Brick, 10½@11c; Limburger, 9½@10c; Swiss, choice, 14@15c.

POULTRY, GAME AND VEALS.

LIVE POULTRY—In small supply and meeting with ready sale.

Chickens	7 @7½
Old roosters	3½
Turkeys	6½@7½
Ducks	8 @8½
Geese	5 @5½
Pigeons, per doz	65

DRESSED POULTRY—Receipts were larger, yet short of requirements; small turkeys and chickens firm and in demand, but large and rough stock dull. Turkeys sold at 9@9½c per lb, chickens at 7½@9c, ducks 9@10c, geese at 7@8c. Undrawn, with heads and legs on 1c less.

GAME—Unchanged. Rabbits plentiful, but all other kinds in light supply.

Rabbits	60@65
Jack rabbits	1 00
Squirrels	50
Snipe	1 50
Mallard ducks	2 25
Teal ducks	2 50
Wood and mixed	1 50
Wild turkeys	6@7
Opossum	5@15

LIVE VEALS—Larger supplies; weaker; Choice at 4c per lb; fair stock, 3@3½c; heretics, rough and thin 2@2½c per lb.

HIDES, FEATHERS, PELTS, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—Dull and unchanged.

Green salted Western	4¾
Green salted, Southern	4¼
Texas, choice	8½
Texas, average run	8½
Southern and inferior	8¾ @8¼
Dry salted	6¾
Glue stock green and dry	2½@4½
On selection—	
Green salted, No. 1	5
Green salted, No 2	4
Uncured 1c and part cured ½c less.	
Dry flint, No. 1	9
Dry flint, No. 2	7½
Dry salted, No. 1	6½
Dry salted, No. 2	5½

HORSE HIDES—Green salted, large sizes, $1.75@2; dry, half price; colts and ponies, 50c@$1.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted, large, 40@50c; smaller size and dry, 25@40c; lambs, 15@30c; shearlings, 10@20c; dry fallen sheep pelts, 4@4½c per lb.

DEER SKINS, ETC.—Deer skins quiet; 25c per pound for prime dry—damaged half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

FEATHERS—Firm. Prime white live geese, large sks, 36c; small sks, 38c; quilly and prime gray, 28c; old white, 32c; X, 23@30c; XX, 15@17c; XXX, 10@12c; XXXX, 5@7c. Chicken—Prime, 3¼c. Duck—Dark, 20c; white, 28c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent. Turkey—Prime tail, clean and straight, 10c; prime wing, 8c; pointers, 2½c; mixed wing and tail, 8c; mixed wing, tail and pointers, 5c; prime body, 1c; damp, quilly and mixed, discounted as to value.

TALLOW—Weak; prime stock in bbls, 4⅜c per lb; No 2 and stock in irregular pkgs, 3⅞c; cake, 4⅜c.

GREASE—White, 3¾c per lb; yellow, 3⅛c; brown, 3c.

BEESWAX—Prime salable at 23½c per lb.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.25@2.65; seneca, 22@24c; snake, 20@24c; golden seal, 12@14c; May apple, 1½@2c; pink, 15c; lady slipper, 4c; black, 3½@4½c; angelica, 3½@4c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3½@4c; root, 7c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 4c; golden thread, 8c; butterfly, 8c; bitter sweet bark, 5c.

WOOL.

No change to note in the local market. Sales are being made at quotations.

	Medium.	Braid and Low.	Light Fine.	Heavy Fine.
Mo., Ill., etc	14 @15	12 @14	10 @11	8 @9
Ka., Nb., etc	10 @12	8 @10	8 @9	6 @7
Tx., Ark., etc	10 @13	8 @10	7 @9	5 @7
Dk., Wy., etc	10 @12	8 @10	8 @9	6 @7

Slightly burry	10@11	Tub-washed—	
Hard burry	8	Fair to choice	20@21
South'n hard burry	7	Inferior	10@18

FURS.

Firm and demand good for fine stock.

	No. 1 Large.	No. 1 Med.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	$ 55	40	$ 25	$ 15	$ 5
Mink	75	50	30	20	10
Fox, gray	60	50	35	20	10
Fox, red	90	60	45	20	10
Wolf, prairie	60	50	40	20	10
Wolf, timber	1 00	80	50	25	10
Beaver	6 00	4 00	2 50	1 50	50
Otter	7 00	5 00	3 50	1 50	50
Bear	12 00	10 00	6 00	2 00	25

Skunk, blk, large	$ 90	Opossum	5@10
Skunk, short stripe	70	Muskrat	5@ 8
Skunk, n'r'w stripe	40	Wildcat	10@25
Skunk, broad stripe	15	Civet cat	10@15
Skunk, Texas	20@35	House cat	10
Skunk, Ind. Terr	25@50	Badger	5@50

Northern stock worth 10 to 45 per cent more and Southern 10 to 15 per cent less than above quotations.

LEAF TOBACCO.

1894 CROP.	Burley Red.	Burley Colory.	Old Stock Hvy&Dk.
Common lugs	3 @ 3¾	4 @ 5¼	1½@ 2
Medium lugs	3¾@ 4½	5¼@ 6	2 @ 3
Good lugs	4½@ 5	6 @ 7	3 @ 4
Common leaf	5 @ 6½	7 @ 8	4 @ 5
Medium leaf	6½@ 8	8 @12	5 @ 7
Good leaf	8 @10	12 @16	7 @10

Unsound or defective in condition, length or color, or mixed packages from 1c to 3c less.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SORGHUM—Dull at 15@18c per gal.

HONEY—Choice in bbls and half-bbls, 4½@5c; in cans, 6½@8c; choice white comb, 15@16c; dark and broken, 6@8c.

GREEN PEAS—Green jobbing at $1.65@1.10 per bu; Scotch, $1.15; split, $1.45@1.60.

WHITE BEANS—Country quotable at $1@1.25 per bu; weevily sells for less. Eastern hand-picked medium jobbing at $1.85@1.90; pea beans at $1.90@1.95; Lima, 5@5½c per lb.

BROOM CORN—Firm. Ordinary is quotable at 3@4c; choice, 4@5c; fancy worth more.

HOPS—Quiet. New York, choice, 11@13c per lb; Pacific Coast, 10@11c; foreign, 35@50c.

SALT—Domestic, East Side, 85@90c per bbl; this side, 90@95c.

OILS—Linseed oil, raw, 55c per gal; boiled, 58c. Castor oil, best, 10c per lb; No 3, 8½c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 32c; white 33c; winter yellow, 37c; white, 38c.

MOSS—Gray, 1½c; gray and brown mixed, 2@2½c; black and brown mixed, 3½@4c; black, 3½@4c. Country machine picked—XX, 2@2½c; XXX, 3½@4c; XXXX, 4½@5c.

BONES—Choice bleached, $15 per ton; skinny, $8; junk, $10; slaughter-house stock, $7@8.50.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 60@65c per 100 lbs. Old rope, No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, 50c. Old rubber, $4.

SCRAP IRON AND METAL—Iron, wrought, 25c per 100 lbs; heavy cast, 25c; stove plate, 20c; malleable and burnt, 15c. Brass, light, $3; heavy, $5. Copper, $8. Lead, $2.25. Zinc, $2. Pewter, $9.

HEMP—Missouri, undressed, $70@80 per ton.

BAGGING—Order prices, 1¾-lb. 4⅝c; 2-lb. 5c; 2¼-lb. 5⅝c. Iron ties, 85c. Hemp twine, 9c per lb.

SACKS—Burlaps, 2-bu 3¾c; 2½-bu, 4c; 3-bu, 4½c; 4-bu 5c; 5-bu, 5½c; 6-bu, 5¾c; Cotton, seamless, 10@17c. Flour, 25-lb, 2¾c; 49-lb, 3¾c; 98-lb, 5⅛c; 100-lb, export, 6⅛c.

EMPTY BARRELS—Coal oil, 75c; vinegar, 30c; black oil, 25@30c; lard oil, 50@55c; linseed oil, 55@60c; sugar, 12½@15c; wine, 60@65c; whisky, 40@50c; ½-bbls, 35c; molasses, 20c; sauer kraut, 20@25c; bbls with broken staves, 25c less.

COOPERSTUFFS—Shaved hoops, cooper flour bbl, $3.25@3.75; country, $2.25@2.75; ½-bbl, $1.50; coiled elm, $6; pork bbls, $5@6; lard tcs, $8.50@9. Staves, flour bbl, $5.75@6; culls, $3@3.50; ½-bbl, $4.50; pork bbl, $16; lard tcs, $22; beer keg, $16@18. Heading flour bbls, 4c per set.

COOPERAGE—Flour bbls, round hoop, 30c; flat hoop, 28c, ½-bbls, 21c; meal bbls, 23c; produce bbls, 20@22c; fruit bbls, 21c; lard tcs, $1.15; ½-tcs, 90c; pork bbls, $1; ½-bbls, 50c.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin—D, E and F, $2; G, $2.25; H, $2.50; I, $3; K, $3.30; M, $3.65, N, $3.95; W. G., $4.20; W. W., $4.35. Turpentine, 32c per gallon in round lots to 35c in smaller quantities. Pine tar, $2.75 per bbl. Navy pitch, $2.50.

LIVE STOCK.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

CATTLE—Receipts, 1,381 head. It was a quiet market in both the native and Texas departments. Native steers old at about steady prices. The cow market was a shade stronger for the better grades and others steady. Texas cattle opened steady, but after the first hour the market became very quiet, with prices a shade easier.

CATTLE SALES.

No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.
17	Native steers	1218	$4 45
15	Native steers	1071	4 30
27	Native stockers	660	2 75
22	Native steers and oxen	1053	3 60
14	Native steers	1084	4 10
17	Native oxen	1245	2 50
115	Texas steers	1189	4 20
175	Fed Texas steers	951	3 80
80	Texas steers	1007	3 85
30	Miss. steers	866	3 25
25	Miss. steers	1080	3 10
17	Native cows	880	3 35

HOGS—Receipts, 5,137 head. As usual on Friday the demand was not very urgent. The supply being liberal and advices from other markets unfavorable, the feeling here was weak. Sales ranged 10c to 15c lower than Thursday's close.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
61	..200	$4 15	75	..226	$4 10	60	..280	$4 10
77	..283	4 10	58	..204	4 10	76	..213	4 05
21	..308	4 05	50	..285	4 05	79	..221	4 05
70	..227	4 00	55	..232	4 00	68	..232	4 00
80	..207	4 00	69	..214	4 00	89	..186	3 95
63	..258	4 00	89	..176	3 95	94	..195	3 95
58	..218	3 95	78	..182	3 90	08	..193	3 90
66	..206	3 90	78	..194	3 90	64	..227	3 90
89	..187	3 90	90	..183	3 90	95	..153	3 80
23	..152	3 75	72	..154	3 75	66	..174	3 80
18	..154	3 70	51	..145	3 75	17	..87	3 25

SHEEP—Receipts, 890 head. Though the supply was light it contained nothing very good. With the exception of a few lots, the offerings were common. A few of the better kinds sold at steady prices, but medium and common could not be disposed of except at 15c to 25c lower prices.

SHEEP SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
81	Nat. mix.	110	$4 15	10	Lambs	104	$4 85
31	Nat. mix.	116	4 25	76	Nat. mix.	107	3 80
61	Nat. mix.	70	3 25	255	Nat. mix.	85	3 35
86	Nat. mix.	89	3 50	25	Nat. mix.	88	3 15
12	Culls	114	2 50				

LIVE STOCK BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Hogs—Estimated receipts today, 27,000; official yesterday, 34,119; shipments, 11,787; left over, 11,000. Market slow, prices 5@10c lower than yesterday. Light, $3.70@4.05; mixed, $3.80@4.15; heavy, $3.75@4.30; rough, $3.75@3.90. Cattle—Estimated receipts to-day, 6,000; official yesterday, 7,863; shipments, 3,577. Market steady. Sheep—Estimated receipts to-day, 10,000; official yesterday, 14,043; shipments, 2,700. Market slow to weak. Estimated hog receipts to-morrow, 21,000.

MONEY.

Clearings	$3,496,330
Balances	480,223
Exchange Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons.	
New York	60c prem. bid
Chicago	35c prem. bid
Cincinnati	Par bid
Louisville	12½c discount bid
New Orleans	50c prem. bid

New York Stocks.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Tob., com	89½	91¼	89½	90⅞
Atchison	4⅛	....	....	4⅛
Canada Southern	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
Ches. & Ohio, com	16⅝	....	....	16¼
Central New Jersey	86⅛	86⅛	83⅞	84⅞
Chicago Gas Trust	73⅝	73⅝	71⅝	72⅝
C., C., C. & St. L	36⅛	36⅛	35⅞	36
C., R. I. & P	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛
Burlington	70	70⅛	69⅞	70⅛
C., M. & St. P., com	54⅝	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝
C., M. & St. P., pf	117	117	116¾	116¾
C. & N. W., com	90⅛	90⅛	89⅞	89⅞
Del., Lack. & W	158⅝	159⅛	158⅛	158⅝
Delaware & Hudson	128	128	127¼	127¼
Erie, com	10⅛	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞
Erie, pf	21	21	20⅞	20¾
Edison General	28⅞	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛
Hocking Valley	19	....	....	19
Laclede Gas, pf	82¼	....	....	82¼
Laclede Gas, bonds	91	....	....	91
Louisville & Nashville	52⅛	52⅛	52	52⅛
Lake Shore	137	137	136¼	137
Lake Erie & W., com	15	....	....	15
Lake Erie & W., pf	70	70	69⅛	69⅛
Lead, com	29	29	28	28⅛
Lead, pf	81⅝	....	....	81⅝
Missouri Pacific	21⅞	21⅛	20⅞	21
M., K. & T., pf	22	....	....	22
Manhattan Elevated	107	107⅛	106⅞	107
National Cordage, com	4¼	4½	4⅛	4¼
National Cordage, pf	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6⅝
New York & New Eng	29⅞	30⅛	29⅞	29⅞
North American	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3
Northern Pacific, com	3	....	....	3
Northern Pacific, pf	15⅝	....	....	15⅝
New York Central	99	99	98⅞	98⅞
Nickle, com	13	13⅛	13	13
Ont. & Western	16	16	15⅞	16
Omaha, com	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
Pacific Mail	22⅛	....	....	22⅛
Phil & Reading	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
Sugar, com	89⅞	92⅛	89⅞	91⅞
Tenn. Coal & Iron	14	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞
Texas & Pacific	8⅛	....	....	8⅛
U. S. Rubber, com	41⅞	42	41⅞	42
Western U. T. Co	87⅛	87⅛	87	87⅛
Wabash, pref	12⅛	....	....	12⅛
Whisky Trust	8⅝	9	8⅝	8⅝

WALL STREET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15, 10:15—The stock market opened weak and fairly active. The defeat of the gold bill in the House yesterday has had a depressing influence on share values and St. Paul declined ⅜ per cent; Northwest, Rock Island, L. & N. and Tennessee Coal, ½; Burlington, New Jersey Central, New York Central and New England, ⅜. The market is somewhat steadier at this time, and Northwest has rallied ⅜ and Manhattan ⅛.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—11 a. m.—The market became firmer after 10:15 and advances of ⅛@⅝ were recorded, the latter in Sugar. There was, however, a renewal of the selling movement, which was most pronounced in Northwest, that stock giving way ⅜ per cent to 89⅞. General Electric declined ⅜ and the rest of the list a smaller fraction. The market now is steady with decline trading.

NEW YORK—Noon—Money on call easy at 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@5; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 488½@4 for demand and 487@488 for sixty days; posted rates, 487½@489 and 489@489½; commercial bills, 486; silver certificates, 59⅞; no sales; bar silver, 59¼; Mexican dollars, 48; government bonds strong and ⅛ per cent higher for 4s coupon and ⅛@¼ higher for 5s.

U. S. 5s reg., 115; do coup., 115¼; 4s reg., 110¼; 4s coup., 110¼; 2s reg., 95; Pacific 6s of '95, 100.

The market has been rather irregular during the past hour. After 11 o'clock an advance of ⅛@1 per cent took place, the latter in Tobacco, ⅜ in Sugar and Northwest, and ⅜ in New England. There were some exceptions, Lead declining 1 per cent, Norfolk & Western preferred ⅜ and St. Paul preferred ⅛. About 11:30 a raid was made on New Jersey Central, which broke 1⅞, and the general market also fell off, notably Lake Shore 1¼, Alton & Terre Haute 2¼, Lackawanna ⅜ and Northwest ¼. Toward noon Northwest rose ⅜ and other shares smaller fractions and the market now is in better tone. Sales to noon, 86,000 shares, including 79,700 listed and 15,000 unlisted.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Consols for money, 104⅝; for the account, 104 1-16.

Markets by Telegraph.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 15.—Corn steady; No. 2, 40½c; No. 3, 40¼c. Oats firm, active; No. 2 white, 30@30½c; No. 3 do, 30@30½c. Rye dull; No. 2, [illegible]. Whisky firm; highwines, $1.22. Receipts—Wheat, 2,400; corn, [illegible],000; oats, 40,800; rye, none; barley, 8,400. Shipments—Wheat, none; corn, 650; oats, 24,900; rye, 600; barley, 4,200.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—The Board of Trade markets all started slow to-day. Wheat opened rather easy. Northwestern receipts were larger than last year and Minneapolis advices indicated continued larger receipts there. Cables were firm, however, and they strengthened the market, which became steady slightly above last night's close. May opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 53⅝@53¼c and advanced to 53⅝c. Corn was dull, but steady; demand was moderate, but offerings light, and market was helped by the steadiness in wheat. May opened unchanged at 45⅛c, touched 45¼c and reacted to the opening price. Oats were steady, a trifle higher on fair buying. May opened unchanged at 29⅛c and advanced to 29¼c. Provisions were easy under liberal hog receipts and a weak market at the yards. May pork opened 10c lower at $10.05 and ribs at 5.22½c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Flax—Cash—Northwest, $1.41. Timothy—Cash, $5.70.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Butter steady; creameries, 12@23½c; dairies, 9@20c. Eggs firm, 21@22c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Butter—Receipts, 3,304 pkgs; steady; Western dairy, 10@20c; do creamery, 11@24c; Elgins, 25c. Eggs—Receipts, 4,731 pkgs; easy; Western, 25½c; Southern, 24@25c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 2 11-16c; centrifugal, 96-test, 3c; refined quiet; crushed, 4⅝@5 1-16c; powdered, 4@5-16c; granulated, 3⅞@15-16c. Coffee dull.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—Wheat steady; No. 2 hard, 52½c; No. 2 red, 52@52½c; rejected, 47@48c; sample sales f o b Mississippi River, No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, 58c. Corn slow and ½c lower; No. 2 mixed, 40½@42½c; No. 2 white, 40½@41c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed, 29½@30c; No. 2 white, 31c.

LNDON, Feb. 15, 4:15 p. m.—Wheat—Spot firm; demand moderate; No. 2 red, 4s 6½d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 3½d; Manitoba, 5s 2d; No. 1 California, 5s 2d. Futures opened firm at unchanged prices; closed quiet, but steady; unchanged from yesterday's closing prices; business heaviest on spring positions; Feb., 4s 6¼d; March, 4s 6¼d; April, 4s 7d; May, 4s 7¼d; June, 4s 7½d; July, 4s 8d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s ¾d. Futures opened firm with near and distant positions 1 farthing higher; business heaviest on early positions; Feb., 4s ¼d; March, 4s ½d; April, 4s ½d; May, 4s ¾d; June, 4s 1d; July, 4s 1d. Flour steady; demand moderate; St. Louis fancy winter, 5s 6d.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Wheat—Feb., 50½@⅝c; May, 53⅝@53⅞c; July, 54⅛@54¼c. Corn—Feb., 42⅜c; May, 44⅞@45c; July, 44½@44⅝c. Sept., 44⅝c. Oats—Feb., 27⅜c; May, 29c; June, 29c; July, 27⅞@27⅜c. Pork—Feb., $10; May, $10.22½. Lard—Feb., $6.45; May, $6.60. Ribs—Feb., $5.10; May, $5.30; July, $5.42½. Cash wheat, 50⅝@50⅞c; corn, 42⅜c; oats, 27⅜c; pork, $10; lard, $6.45; ribs, $5.30.

COTTON.

Local market steady; sales, 1,275 bales; receipts to-day, 1,336 bales; since Sept. 1, 1894, 744,637 bales; shipments to-day, 1,605 bales; since Sept. 1, 1894, 696,529 bales. Stocks 66,002 bales. Quotations: Ordinary, 4¼c; good ordinary, 4⅝c; low middling, 4⅞c; middling, 5¼c; good middling, 5 5-16c; middling fair, 6 1-16c.

LIVERPOOL—Demand moderate. Uplands, 3d. Futures closed barely steady; Feb. and March, 2 61-64d; March and April, 2 61½-64d; April and May, 2 63-64d; May and June, 3d; June and July, 3 1-64d; July and Aug., 3 2-64d; Aug. and Sept., 3 4-64d; Sept. and Oct., 3 5-64d.

NEW YORK—Spot dull; middling, 5⅝c. Futures closed dull, but steady. Sales, 87,000.

Reported by the Lesser Cotton Co.

	Closed Thursday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed Friday.
Feb.	5.44	5.44	5.43	5.43
March	5.48	5.50	5.45	5.45
April	5.51	5.52	5.49	5.49
May	5.55	5.58	5.54	5.54
June	5.60	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July	5.64	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aug.	5.67	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sept.	5.72	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Financial.

Securities for Sale.

$1,000 Dallas (Tex.) water 5 per cent bonds, due 1917.

$11,800 City of Atchison, Kas., refunding 4s, due 1918.

$1,000 Commercial Building Co. first mortgage 6 per cent bond, due 1907.

$17,000 Paducah (Tenn.) and Ala. R. R. Co. 1st mortgage 5s.

$15,000 City of Quanah (Tex.) 30-year 6 per cent gold school bonds.

$2,000 Independence (Mo.) Water Co. 1st mortgage 5s.

$500 Sedalia (Mo.) 5s.

$500 Kaufman (Tex.) school 6s.

$6,000 Paris (Tex.) Electric Light 6s.

$15,000 City of Biloxi (Miss.) 7 per cent bonds, due 1910.

$10,000 Citizens' Street Railway (Memphis) 1st mortgage 6s.

American Central Insurance Co. stock.

United Elevator Co. stock.

Cotton Compress Co. stock.

St. Joe Lead Co. stock.

Boatman's Bank stock.

Fourth National Bank stock.

State Bank stock.

For prices and full particulars apply to

H. M. NOEL & CO., N. W. Corner Third and Pine sts.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Is prepared to make loans on first-class improved property at the lowest current rate of interest, and without commissions.

For particulars apply to

JOHN S. LOWRY, Special Loan Agent, 804 Union Trust B'ld'g, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

OFFICE of the West-Jump Shoe Company, St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14th, 1895.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the West-Jump Shoe Company will be held at the office of the company, northwest corner of 7th and Lucas avenue, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 28th day of February, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition then and there to be submitted to change the name of said corporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

L. E. IMBODEN, President.
F. W. DEIDESHEIMER, Secretary.
J. W. JUMP, Directors.

2388

Central Realty.

We are authorized to offer for sale the very desirable realty situated on the north side of Market street, between Broadway and Sixth street, directly opposite Grand Opera-house. The lot fronts 52.5 feet on Market street by a depth of 115 feet, and is of sufficient size for most any character of improvement.

The superior location must be recognized by anyone who gives the matter a moment's thought.

Situated on the great central street of the city, leading direct from the Union Station to Broadway. Surrounded by the leading hotels and theaters, of ready access to almost every street car in the city and in a portion of the business district where values are growing higher each year. This location is adaptable for wholesale or retail business house, hotel or theater.

We can either sell outright at very reasonable figure, or lease for long term of years. Will be pleased to negotiate with interested parties.

Anderson-Wade Realty Co.
Eighth and Locust Sts.

SEE SIMON STEINER. REDUCED RAILROAD TICKETS
. . TO ALL POINTS. . .
210 N. 4th St. Branch, 1807 Market St.

CITY NEWS.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Sixth and Locust. Set of teeth, $8.

HE WANTED DOUBLE PAY.

"Calamity" Weller Was After Everything in Sight.

NEW HAMPTON, Io., Feb. 15.—A very peculiar law suit, involving a point which seems to have never been decided by any court in Iowa, has been on trial here for the past seven days. L. H. Weller, ex-Congressman, also well-known as "Calamity" Weller, owns a farm a mile or two south of town. Being a patron of home institutions and a granger at heart, he had a certain amount of hay insured in the Chickasaw Farmers' Insurance Co. last season. The Chicago Great Western Railroad crosses a corner of his farm, and during the dry weather last summer a fire was started that consumed an amount of hay estimated at a value of $200. He filed a claim for damages caused by the railroad company starting the fire, and after a time was allowed nearly $300, which amount covered the loss upon the hay insured in the County Mutual. At the same time he was negotiating with the insurance company for the payment of the loss, and within a day or two after the date of settlement with the railroad he was paid $100 by the insurance company, thereby receiving double pay for the hay consumed. When the insurance company learned of his having also received pay for his hay from the railroad they began an action to recover the $100 paid by them. His defense was that he was entitled to pay for damages caused by the railroad company's neglect, also for the amount of insurance because he had paid a premium for such insurance. He took the ground that there was no distinction between his position and that followed in case of injury to a person who was insured against accident. The case was stubbornly fought, but Judge Fellows decided absolutely against Weller, giving a judgment for the amount of insurance paid. The case has been appealed to the Supreme Court.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

JOHN RYAN STRUCK BY A WABASH LOCOMOTIVE—NOTES.

A Wabash locomotive struck John Ryan, a section hand who was at work on the track, in the yards at the bridge junction about 9:30 a. m. Ryan was badly hurt about the head, his nose being broken and his face gashed in several places. His wounds were dressed at the Y. M. C. A. temporary hospital at the Relay depot, after which he was removed to his home, 516 West Missouri avenue.

Gustave Godat of East St. Louis, indicted for embezzlement, has entered a plea of not guilty, and will be tried in the Circuit Court during the current term. Godat was employed as a collector for the Prudential Life Insurance Company in East St. Louis and Brooklyn. He became short in his accounts about three months ago and was arrested, but protested innocence at the time. The amount of his shortage was about $140, and he claimed that he had been held up near Brooklyn and robbed of nearly $100. The balance of the shortage he accounted for on the ground that he had been charged with premiums which he claimed to have been unable to collect.

The interior of the Relay depot was given a thorough cleaning to-day, the first since July, 1894. Thomas Farrell, the depot officer, superintended the cleaning, which was done by half a dozen men with hose and shovels. The dirty old place was in such a condition that shovels were necessary to remove the accumulated filth of months, which adhered so closely to the floor that it would not be displaced by mops or brushes.

St. Clair and East St. Louis lodges, A. O. U. W., will banquet Supreme Master Workman L. L. Troy, who is expected to visit them next Friday. A joint committee of the two lodges is making the arrangements.

A stranger giving the name of Gustav Mueller, who was arrested for being drunk on the street, claimed to have been robbed of $150 and a gold watch. He was unable to give any details of the alleged robbery and the police locked him up.

John Morris was arrested by the police on the charge of stealing a quantity of clothing from the boarding house of John Griffin, Broadway and Second street. He was held for the Grand Jury by Justice Wilson.

The remains of Miss Sarah Murphy of East St. Louis, who died at New Orleans, were brought here for burial. Miss Murphy was a daughter of Mrs. James Murphy of 206 St. Louis avenue.

Misses Theresa and Minnie Niemes of North Seventh street entertained a large company of friends at a card party.

The "Galley Slave" will be produced by local talent at the McCasland Opera House to-night for the benefit of the poor.

J. M. Beach will probably become a candidate for Alderman of the Second Ward.

DR. CHARLES FAIRMAN.

DEATH OF THE WELL-KNOWN EDUCATOR AT ALTON.

ALTON, Ill., Feb. 15.—Dr. Charles Fairman, L.L D., died at his home in Upper Alton yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, after an illness of several months' duration. Deceased was 72 years of age and has been a member of the faculty of Shurtleff College since 1868. He was professor of classics and with one exception he ranked as the best mathematician in the United States. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his death. Dr. Charles Fairman of New York, Attorney W. L. Fairman of Alton and Misses Agnes and Alice Fairman of Upper Alton. The time for the funeral has not been decided upon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Hayward entertained a number of their friends last night at their home on Alby street with a delightful parlor musicale. Prof. George Vieh, pianist, of St. Louis, assisted by Miss Urilla MacDearmon of Upper Alton took part in the programme, after which a dainty luncheon was served.

James Fitzgibbons of North Alton was arraigned before Justice Quarton yesterday afternoon on a charge of drunkenness and was fined $5 and costs, in default of which he was locked up in the City Jail.

Mrs. Louis Miller, aged 23 years, died on Wednesday morning at 2 o'clock, after an illness of two weeks, caused by childbirth. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon from the family home on Langdon street.

Judge Hope of the Alton City Court, has appointed Messrs. J. J. Brenholt, J. F. McGinnis and J. E. Dunnegan as a committee to draft resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Seth T. Sawyer.

The cadets of Western Military Academy entertained a number of their lady friends from Alton and Upper Alton last night with a Valentine party.

The Piasa Building and Loan Association held their regular monthly meeting and loaned the funds on hand.

The remains of the late Ethan Allen were laid to rest in the City Cemetery yestrday afternoon. Services were held at the home on Union street, Rev. L. A. Abbott officiating. The members of the Alton Post, G. A. R., attended in a body.

The Post-Dispatch rent lists give a complete ad in one line for 10 cents.

Salt, Tobacco and Postage Stamps.

From Youth's Companion.

Wherever one goes in Italy, whether through busy city thoroughfare, to quiet mountain hamlet, or along country highway, he is sure to see some shop which bears the notice, "Salt Tobacco and Postage Stamps." This queer combination is explained when one learns that these three articles are revenue specialties that can be sold publicly by the holders of Government licenses only.

Kimpel's carriage and wagon factory has removed to 2110 to 2116 Market street, one block west of Union Station. If you want first-class vehicles or painting and repairing see me before placing your orders. New styles and best workmanship guaranteed.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

OUR STAGNATION SALE!

The Most Pronouncedly Successful Sale We Ever Inaugurated!

DO YOU REALIZE IT?

Thousands Have Been Sold!

We Have Thousands More to Sell!

CHOICEST STYLES STILL IN STOCK!

Every Suit, Overcoat and Ulster Bears the Stamp of Fashion.

Free Choice of Any Man's Suit, Overcoat or Ulster IN OUR HOUSE,

Such as sold earlier in the season for $20, $22.50, $25 and $30.. FOR

$11.85

THESE Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters, marked down to $11.85, are going fast, but they are not going fast enough. Now, either you don't want a very fine Suit, Overcoat or Ulster at an absurdly low price, or you don't understand what a big $11.85's worth we are giving you. If you don't want it, you don't; that's all there's to it. If you do want it, here are $20, $22.50, $25 and $30 Suits, Ulsters and Overcoats for $11.85, and the man who comes first gets the best. Big Men's, Ordinary Men's, Young Men's, choice of the best for $11.85.

Positively Nothing Reserved.

THE - MAN - IS - DEAD

Who said he would go out and look around a bit and see if he couldn't find something a little better than we are offering. HE DIED FROM SHEER EXHAUSTION.

HOT STUFF

At $9.40 CHOICE from over 2000 MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS and ULSTERS, all desirable patterns, cut down from $15 and $18.

At $5.75 CHOICE from over 1500 MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS and ULSLERS, stylish and dressy, all kinds, cut down from $10 and $12.

At $3.95 CHOICE from about 700 SUITS, OVERCOATS and Ulsters, good, warm, strong and serviceable, cut down from $6.50 and $8.

AN EXTRAORDINARY PANTS SALE.

At 98c—DURABLE CASSIMERES and Fancy Worsteds, large variety of colorings, cut from $1.50 and $2.00.

At $1.65—GOOD DURABLE PANTS in Union Cassimeres, dark and medium shades, cut from $2.50 and $3.00.

At $3.45—ELEGANT DRESS PANTS, in Cheviots, Worsteds, All-Wool Cassimeres, very neat and dressy, cut from $5 and $6.

At $4.75—FREE AND ABSOLUTE CHOICE of the Very Finest Pants we have in our house, regular $7, $8 and $9 goods.

39c ABOUT 500 PAIRS ODDS AND ENDS OF MEN'S UNION CASSIMERE PANTS AND JEAN PANTS, all sizes. Worth $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 pair. 39c

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AT PRICES LOW ENOUGH TO BRING EVERY PARENT IN TOWN TO BUY.

Children's Overcoats, Ulsters, Reefers and Suits.

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS in Shetlands, Chinchillas, Kerseys;
SUITS in Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres and Tweeds;
REEFERS in Chinchillas, Kerseys and Beavers.

Ages 3 to 15 Years.

Those formerly sold at $1.50 and $2 cut to	89c
Those formerly sold at $2.50 and $3 cut to	$1 35
Those formerly sold at $3.50, $4, $4.50, cut to	$2 18
Those formerly sold at $5 and $6 cut to	$2 69
Those formerly sold at $6.50 and $7.50 cut to	$3 45

Boys' Knee Pants and Waists.

Former Price.	Cut To
40c and 50c	23c
65c and 75c	37c
$1.00	48c
$1.25 and $1.50	63c
$1.75	90c

Boys' and Youths' Ulsters, Overcoats, Reefers and Long-Pant Suits

Ages 13 to 19 Years.

Formerly sold at $4.50 and $5.00 cut to	$2 35
Formerly sold at $6.00 and $7.00 cut to	$3 45
Formerly sold at $9.00 and $10.00, cut to	$5 70
Formerly sold at $11.00 and $12.50 cut to	$7 50

Boys' Long Pants.

Former Price.	Cut To
$1.50	87c
$2.50 and $3.00	$1.48
$3.50 and $4.00	$2.37

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Extra Fine Pure Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, colored bordered, former price 50c, now	19c
Men's 50c Scarfs, Tecks, Four-in-Hands and Band Bows all offered now for	25c
Men's Fine Grade English Merino and Cashmere Half Hose, former prices 50c and 75c, at	35c
Men's Laundered Neglige Shirts, collars and cuffs attached, new patterns, bought to sell at 75c, at	49c
Men's Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, large sizes, former price 75c, now offered at	59c
All of our Men's Flannel Shirts that sold at $1.00 and $1.25 now	73c
Men's Heavy Wool-Lined Buck Mittens with double palms, former price $1.50, now	98c
Balance of our $1.50 and $1.75 Men's Undershirts and Drawers now	98c
All of our Men's Flannel Suits that sold at $1.50 and $1.75 now	$1 07

Hats and Caps.

Skull Jersey Caps, regular value 10c each, at	3c
Men's and Boys' Double Band Jockey and Telescope, reduced from 25c	12c
Boys' Chinchilla Double-Band Telescopes, reduced from 35c	18c
Boys' Beaver Cloth, silk lined regular 50c cap	25c
Boys' Blue Beaver Cloth, silk lined, regular price 75c	39c
Men's and Boys' Plush and Beaver Double-Band Brighton and Telescope, regular price 75c	47c
Men's Corduroy Jockey and Brighton Double-Band Caps, were 50c	29c
Men's Beaver Cloth Jockey and Brighton Band Caps, were 50c	34c
Our entire line of Men's Windsor, Brighton and Stanley Caps, in Beaver cloth, Kersey and Plush goods; sell regularly at $1.25 and $1.50; will close at	75c
We have about 25 dozen Men's Stiff Hats, odds and ends, we will sell at, each	39c

They are goods that never sold under $1.50 and up to $2.

Men's and Boys' Crush Hats in Wool, regular 50c hat, at	23c
Men's Fashionable Stiff and Soft Hats at	98c

There is not a hat in this line worth less than $2.

ORDERS BY MAIL
Filled at Above Prices, but All Orders Must Be Accompanied With Money.

Famous
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

OUR GREAT SALE
Of Ladies' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery, and House - Furnishing Goods Continued To-Morrow.
Be Sure You Attend It.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

FUND RAISED FOR THE POOR TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY COMMITTEES.

The ladies who gave a euchre party for the benefit of the poor at Liederkranz Hall Tuesday have appointed ward committees to distribute the proceeds, $110.30, and whatever funds may be realized from other sources. A meeting will be held to-morrow to effect permanent organization.

An indictment against Lucien Godin, a saloonkeeper of the county, for selling liquor without a license, was quashed in the Circuit Court. Godin had been licensed by the Board of Supervisors to sell liquor, and his indictment was a mistake of the Grand-jury.

Hon. J. N. Perrin left for Ewing, Ill., to lecture at Ewing College on the early history of Illinois. He was accompanied by E. A. Woelk, Jr., the elocutionist, who assisted him in entertaining the pupils of the college.

The Concordia Band has elected A. C. Hoffman, president, J. W. Marsh vice-president, M. J. Baumgartner secretary and treasurer, H. A. Schroeder manager, J. W. Marsh assistant.

Marriage licenses were issued to Charles Madlinger and Fredericka Gumbinger of East St. Louis, C. H. Collins and Emelia Brantner of O'Fallon, Joseph Corney of Pine Grove, Ky., and Mary Moore of Alma.

L. D. Turner, administrator of the estate of the late Sheriff A. L. Dawson, made final settlement in the Probate Court and turned over $3,561.90 to the heirs.

A judgment recently confessed by William Glaser in favor of the Dittman Shoe Co. of St. Louis was satisfied in the Circuit Court. The judgment was for $4,192.

Gustav Goellitz has sold his property at Jackson and Second streets to Maria C. Buehlman for $6,000.

Mrs. Mariana Oberbeck, who resided on Caseyville avenue, died at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, aged 65 years.

Adam Flach, an old citizen, died at his residence, 728 South Spring street. He was 76 years of age.

Alderman John Gebhard of the Fifth Ward is seriously ill.

A four months old daughter of Thomas Dickson died at the family residence, 816 South High street.

Anton Faber, aged 77, died at his home, 726 South High street. He had been a resident of Belleville for thirty years.

John Terrel and Mike Donovan, indicted for assault. were fined in the Circuit Court and sentenced to jail. Both pleaded guilty. Bernard Hartman conveyed a farm of 114 Goss for $7,100. acres to Jacob [illegible] of Turkey Hill, aged 52 years, Peter Thiebes [illegible]beth's Hospital. died at St. Eliz[illegible]ther of Alderman Jung, Philip Jung, [illegible]nty-eighth birthday. celebrated his se[illegible]d, was fined $3 by Justice Al Jerome, co[illegible]ping the peace. Medart for di[illegible] Tancred Commandery, The membe[illegible] Templar, will go to Paducah, Ky., No. 50, Knig[illegible]th inst., to attend a conclave.

Mrs. Dorot[illegible]gartner has received information of the death of her sister, Mrs. Maria Luhr, at Hanover, Germany.

ST. LOUIS POST-OFFICE REPAIRS.

MR. COBB CALLS, TO LITTLE PURPOSE, ON MR. CARLISLE.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—Representative Cobb yesterday afternoon called on Secretary Carlisle to urge him to recommend the appropriation of $37,500 for the repair of the postoffice and old custom house in St. Louis, as reported to the Treasury by Special Agent Remington. To the surprise of the St. Louis member the Secretary expressed no anxiety to comply with the recommendation, but stated that he would place no obstacle in the way of any attempt that might be made to incorporate the amount in the sundry civil bill in the Senate. His ground for desiring to take no steps in the premises was that there were too many similar cases pressing upon his attention. He could not recommend one without recommending all.

Mr. Cobb to-day called on Senators Vest and Cockrell and laid the matter before them. They expressed themselves willing to make the attempt to include the sum in the appropriation bill and pass it in the Senate. Mr. Cobb thinks the amendment will pass the Senate, but does not know what action the House will take. He will try to secure the appropriation for the repair of the postoffice, $37,500, and suffer the custom house to go awhile longer, hoping that the reduction in the sum asked for will facilitate the adoption of the amendment.

M'BRIDE NOT SATISFIED.

HE WANTS A MORE DEFINITE VERDICT AS TO MARK WILD'S CHARGES.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 15.—The chief matter of interest in the miners' convention today was the report of the committee of fifteen that it had not found sufficient evidence to justify the allegation of Mark Wild that he had been given money coruptly by John McBride to pull out as leader of the Debs men in the Hocking Valley strike.

This report was not satisfactory to McBride and his friends. They said it was equivalent to a Scotch verdict, "Guilty, but not proven," and insisted upon and carried their point to have the report recommitted, with instructions to the committee to make an effort to settle he matter definitely one way or the other. The committee will meet this evening. In the meantime the regular proceedings of the convention will continue. The committtee is composed of men chosen from the respective delegates, each man by his own delegation. So it is not in any sense what is called packed.

The Rent Lists of the Sunday Post-Dispatch contained more advertisements of "Houses and Rooms to let" than any other St. Louis paper.

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.

ST. LOUIS, FEB. 15, 1895.—WEATHER: Fair and warmer.

$10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10

$10

A STORY SOON TOLD.
$20, $18 and $15 SUITS, OVERCOATS and ULSTERS FOR

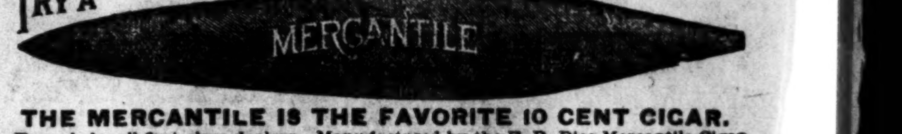
$10

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

$10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10 $10

This Week's Feature of the Annual February Sale
—AT—
Swope's
(311 N. Broadway.)
IS A
Grand Clear-Out of
FINE SLIPPERS
(A Mixed Lot)
REDUCED FROM $5.00, $4.00 and $3.00 TO
$1.00 and $1.50
Also, DEEP CUTS in the PRICES of MEN'S and BOYS' SHOES, ESPECIALLY CORK SOLES.

TRY A



THE MERCANTILE IS THE FAVORITE 10 CENT CIGAR.
For sale by all first-class dealers. Manufactured by the F. R. Rice Mercantile Cigar Co., factory No. 304, St. Louis, Mo.

Choose
Between being sick from wearing a shoe that lets in cold and damp and being well from wearing
Selz Royal Blue
$4.00 Shoe
(Manufactured by Selz, Schwab & Co., Chicago, largest Shoe Makers in the United States.)
It's warm and waterproof—cork soled if you want it so. Of course we have no grievance against the doctor, but if every one wore Selz Royal Blues he'd find his occupation nearly gone.
Selz Royal Blue Shoe sold by
Famous SHOE Department, Corner Aisle, Broadway and Morgan.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Samuel Stillwell, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

C. M. B. STILLWELL, Executrix.
St. Louis, January 17, 1895. 2602
DAWSON & GARVIN, 817 Wainwright building.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of George M. Theoboldt, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

FRANZISKA THEOBOLDT, Executrix.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. 2674

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Franz Lendi, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

JOHN LENDI,
Administrator of Estate of Franz Lendi, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2592
BASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Alfred Greve, deceased, that I the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

LENA GREVE,
Executrix of Last Will of Alfred Greve, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2591
BASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Julia L. Otto, deceased, that I the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

SOPHIA LUEKE,
Executrix of Last Will of Julia L. Otto, Deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1895. 2584
BASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Maria Bracht, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

OTTO BRACHT,
WM. BRACHT, Executors.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. [illegible]

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Edward Kuechler, deceased, that I the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

EMIL F. KUECHLER, Administrator.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895.
F. NOHL, Agent. [illegible]

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Christian F. Struebing, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

MATHILDE STRUEBING, [illegible]
St. Louis, January 17, 1895. [illegible]

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Joseph Kauffmann, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

JOHN F. SCHLUETER,
Executor of Joseph Kauffmann.
St. Louis, January 25, 1895. 2684

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters.—No. 21,013 of Estate. In re estate of August Reichert, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of August Reichert, deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of January, 1895 for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1895. 2792

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mary Frances Vail, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make an annual settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden in the Court-house of said city the first Monday of March next.

L. C. M'ELWEE,
Administrator of Mary Frances Vail, Deceased.
St. Louis, Missouri, January 25th, 1895. 2078

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Amelia Rich, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

MORRIS RICH.
Administrator of Amelia Rich, Deceased.
St. Louis, Jan. 17, 1895. [illegible]